The New-York Times.

VOL. XV.....NO. 4426. NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1865. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Restoration of Habeas Corpus in the Northern States.

Nearly All the Southern States Excepted.

The Forthcoming Report of the Secretary of War.

The Rapid Reduction of the Army to a Peace Footing.

CLOSING UP OF THE OLD CAPITOL PRISON.

Material Reduction of the Detective Force Under Gen. Baker.

The French Forces Compelled to Abandon Sinaloa.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Nov. 30.

The following proclamation has just been issued by the President of the United States of America:

Whereas, by the proclamation of the President of the United States, of the fifteenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, the privilege of the writ of *habeas corpus*, in certain cases therein set forth, was suspended throughout the United States; and, whereas, the reasons for that suspension may be regarded as having ceased in some of the States and Territories; now, therefore, be it known, that I, ANDREW JOHNSON, President of the United States, do hereby proclaim and declare that the suspension aforesaid, and all other proclamations and orders suspending the privilege of the writ of *habeas corpus* in the States and Territories of the United States, are revoked and annulled, excepting as to the States of Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas and Texas, the District of Columbia, the Territories of New-Mexico and Arizona.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, this first day of December, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of the Independence of the United States of America, the ninetieth.

[L. S.]

By the President,

ANDREW JOHNSON.

WILLIAM H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

THE REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF WAR.

The report of the Secretary of War is ready for delivery. It will satisfy the country that the same vigor characterizes that department in reducing the army to a peace footing which marked its action in the prosecution of the war. On the 1st of May last, we had in the field and in hospital one million five hundred and three men. This has already been reduced to one hundred and seventy-five thousand, and the process of reduction is still going on. By the 1st of July next, the army will consist of fifty thousand, which the Secretary deems sufficient for a state of peace, and he will ask for thirty-three millions only for the year.

A list of some three hundred general officers to be mustered out is ready; but as Congress has not allowed general officers any additional pay after the date of their being mustered out, an opportunity will probably be given to remedy this injustice.

THE OLD CAPITOL PRISON TO BE CLOSED.

The President has ordered that that time-honored prison, the Old Capitol, which has held within its walls more prominent politicians and great scoundrels than any other guard-house in the land, not excepting even Warren, Lafayette and Fortress Monroe, be vacated and closed to-morrow. All the prisoners who are not discharged or turned over to the civil courts preparatory to the restoration of the writ of *habeas corpus*, will be sent to Fort Whipple, Va. The President has also ordered a material reduction in the detective force under charge of Gen. BAKER. Thus, day by day, the evidences of military rule in this District are passing away.

THE FRENCH FORCED TO LEAVE SINALOA.

Additional official news has been received by the Mexican Minister, to the effect that not only the State of Chihuahua, but that of Sinaloa, was being evacuated by the French, who could no longer oppose the Republican insurrection. Abandoning Noria, Concordia and Mesilas, they were compelled to embark at Mazatlan, where only four hundred were left. This retreat had encouraged the patriots, who, under the command of Gen. RUBI, were getting ready to attack the city, thus putting an end to the French invasion of Sinaloa.

ARRIVAL OF MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.

Up to 4 o'clock to-day, but thirty-five members of Congress had reported themselves to the Clerk of the House. About twenty Senators and Representatives arrived here this evening. Among the arrivals to-day are Senator B. Gratz, Brown of Missouri, H. J. Raymond and W. Radford of New-York, Messrs. Dawson and Boyer of Pennsylvania, Casson and Allison of Iowa, Windom of Minnesota, Ferry of Michigan, Loan and Benjamin of Missouri, Shelby M. Cullom of Illinois, Messrs. Eggleston and Buckland of Ohio, Judge Orth of Indiana, and Mr. Hitchcock, the delegate from Nebraska.

THE ALABAMA SENATORS.

Gov. PARSONS has been elected United States Senator in Alabama for the long term, and GEORGE S. HOUSTON for the short term.

VISITORS FROM CANADA.

Two members of the Canadian Parliament, Messrs. A. T. GALT and R. W. SCOTT, arrived here to-day, intending to be present at the opening of Congress.

TREASURY NOTES.

The five per cent. Treasury notes becoming due Dec. 1, must be forwarded by the holders to the Treasurer at Washington for redemption. And it would be advisable, to avoid losses, that the signatures should be punched, care being taken not to destroy the numbers.

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

The statement of the public debt for the month of November is in the hands of the printer, and will be published to-morrow.

INTERNAL REVENUE RECEIPTS.

The total receipts from internal revenue for the five months ending this evening amount to $151,028,-104 68. The receipts for this month—November—are $26,849,695 99.

ACTION OF NATIONAL BANKS.

Letters have been received here from bank officers, inquiring into the character of a proposition which emanates from this city, by which the National Banks throughout the country are to subscribe one-eighth of one per cent. of the amount of their circulation, for the purpose of securing the passage of an amendment to the National Banking Law, by which the profit on lost circulation shall accrue to the banks instead of to the government, which is now the result of the operation of the law. This subscription, even if but two-thirds of the banks subscribe, will amount to a fund of $250,000, which, it is implied, must be used to effect the passage of an amendment through Congress, which is perfectly just and proper in its character, and when required by the operations of the law, will only need to be laid before the proper committee in Congress to secure its passage without the pecuniary influences thus invoked. The matter is not near so desperate as might be inferred from the elaborate manner in which the proposition is gotten up.

A HOAX.

Some financial wags, not sympathizing with the anxiety of a number of financiers now here to obtain an early copy of the report of the Secretary of the Treasury, procured some of the yellow paper covers with which the report is bound, and, stiching in them about fifty blank pages, created a tremendous excitement among the anxious, and immense bids were at once offered for a copy. There were a great many well-sold men, as well as reports.

PATENTS ISSUED THIS YEAR.

The number of patents issued since Jan. 1, 1865, is 6,220. The estimated number to be issued during the coming month is 450, making a total of 6,670 for the year 1865. The number issued in 1864 was 5,220.

BREVET APPOINTMENTS.

The following-named officers have been breveted Major-Generals U. S. A.: Paymaster-General B. W. BRICE, Inspector-General JAMES A. HARDIE, Provost-Marshal-General JAMES B. FRY, Assistant Quartermaster-General CHARLES THOMAS.

RETIREMENT OF GEN. THOMAS.

It is understood that Gen. THOMAS will shortly be retired from his position as Adjutant-General of the United States Army, and take up his residence in Mississippi, upon a plantation. Gen. TOWNSEND is named as the probable successor of Gen. THOMAS.

PROMOTIONS.

The President has conferred the brevet rank of Major-General in the regular army upon Brig.-Gen. B. W. BRICE, Paymaster-General United States Army, for distinguished services in the pay department, and the brevet rank of Major-General of volunteers upon Brig.-Gen. JAMES B. FRY, for like services in the recruiting and organization of troops.

PARDON OF JUDGE TERRILL, OF TEXAS.

Judge TERRILL, of Texas, received pardon to-day by order of the President.

OUR COMMERCE WITH FRANCE.

The United States Consul at La Rochelle, France, writes to the Department of State under date of Nov. 7, that the merchants who recently wished to charter vessels for the United States were unsuccessful, and were obliged to ship their goods by way of Havre and Bordeaux. It is the general belief at La Rochelle that the commerce of that district with the United States will assume greater proportions than before the war.

POPULATION OF INDIAN TRIBES.

It appears from the census reports that the population of the various Indian tribes in the United States and the Territories is 307,842. In the service of the government during the late war there were 5,400.

POLICE MATTERS IN WASHINGTON.

The Superintendent of the Metropolitan Police says the number of arrests made during the last quarter amount to the unprecedented number of 9,122, being nearly 3,000 more than have been arrested during any preceding quarter. He says the number of arrests is mainly owing to the great number of soldiers that have been mustered out of the military service in our midst, who, finding themselves without employment and without means in many instances, have become violators of the law and have fallen into the hands of the police. But the greater number of arrests have been of persons who had followed in the wake of the armies for the purposes of plunder and robbery, and now are forced to prey upon our citizens. There are also a large number of the convicts of Southern prisons now at large, who are found to be among the most desperate characters that visit our city. Most of these men are as yet unknown to our detectives, and consequently these officers labor under a disadvantage in their cases. Of the whole number arrested, 3,418 could neither write nor read.

THE PARIS EXHIBITION.

The Regulations in Regard to the Admission in French Ports of Foreign Products Destined for Exhibition.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Nov. 30.

It has erroneously been stated that the programme gives until the 6th of March, 1867, for the admission of foreign products in the ports of France, and Congress will, therefore, have ample time to decide whether it will provide transportation, etc.

As these remarks tend to mislead Congress and the public, it should be stated that the business requires the immediate action of Congress.

The Imperial Regulations, Articles 7 and 9, require from our Commissioner at Paris, a report on or before the 31st of January, 1866, containing the following: 1. Drawings in detail, on a given scale, showing the plan or space allotted to each exhibitor. 2. Each individual installation, that is, the disposition of fixtures, showcases, tables, etc., appropriated to each department or class of products. 3. A record of the names of exhibitors. 4. A catalogue of the products which they care to exhibit, duly grouped and classified.

This being done, the formation of the exposition (on paper) will be complete. No applications can be received afterward, nor any other objects introduced.

This formation of the exposition in embryo is the immediate work in hand, but it is nearly at a standstill.

The Government at Washington declines to authorize in advance of the requisite sanction of Congress the definitive arrangements on this side which the work involves. Congress has, therefore, no time to lose in accepting or declining the invitation of the French Government to coöperate in the exposition. If Congress accepts the invitation, its decision should be made in the month of December, without which it will not be permitted to complete the report called for on the 31st of January.

Applications for the exhibition of articles will be received at the agency in New-York until the 1st of January next.

Detailed descriptions of articles should accompany the applications. Blank forms for applications will be furnished by the agency. Only applications for articles of real worth are desired. Address J. C. DERBY, Esq., Agent, &c., No. 5 Spruce-street, New-York.

Gen. Kilpatrick in Boston—Lecture on the Future Party of this Country.

BOSTON, Thursday, Nov. 30.

Tremont Temple was crowded with an intelligent audience this evening, to listen to a lecture by Gen. KILPATRICK on the future party of the country. The General was introduced with appropriate remarks by Gov. ANDREW, and was received with enthusiastic and prolonged cheering.

He said: In considering the question what is to be and what shall be the future party of this country, that party must first of all be just. It must also be patriotic—not patriotism as a catch-word, but the patriotism which had met and subdued treason against the country, the patriotism of Lincoln, Seward, Stanton, Grant, Sherman, Dix, Butler, Banks, Sheridan and others; the patriotism of ANDREW JOHNSON, who holds the destinies of the country in his hands. He did not believe that JOHNSON had forgotten or would disregard the promise of freedom made on the steps of the Capitol of Tennessee, or his language since for the punishment of treason. That party also should be progressive, and, above all, truly republican in idea and democratic in all its operations. When this country shall have forgotten to act upon the principles of justice, humanity and truth, it will have parted with the secret of its greatness. With an adherence to these principles, the government will be pure, powerful and permanent.

The General concluded his lecture by an earnest exhortation for a love of country not so fully felt heretofore as it should be. The sentiments of the lecturer which were most radical were the most applauded, and the impression created by his appearance, manner and treatment of his subject were highly flattering to him. On the platform were the members of the Executive Council, the Governor's Staff, Collector HAMLIN, and many of the most distinguished citizens of Boston and vicinity.

CITY POLITICS.

TAMMANY RATIFICATION MEETING.

Cooper Institute Filled with the Friends of Hoffman and O'Gorman—Speeches by Messrs. James T. Brady, John T. Hoffman, John Van Buren and John Kelly.

Yesterday morning's newspapers announced a mass meeting to be held last evening at Cooper Institute Hall, to ratify the nomination of JOHN T. HOFFMAN for Mayor, and of RICHARD O'GORMAN for Corporation Counsel. The hour named was 7:30; but the doors were thrown open at precisely 7 o'clock, and in less than half an hour every seat had been filled, and the audience were beginning to throng the aisles. The stage, which had been tastefully ornamented with American bunting, over which were the legends: "Hoffman, O'Gorman and Victory," and "Honesty, Capacity and Energy," was filled almost to overflowing by personal and political friends of the candidates.

At 8 o'clock Mr. DOUGLAS TAYLOR called the meeting to order and introduced as the presiding officer

HON. JAMES T. BRADY,

who, in taking the chair, returned sincere thanks for the honor which had been conferred upon him. At this moment Hon. JOHN T. HOFFMAN entered, and was received with repeated cheers. Mr. BRADY said that it had not always been his fortune to agree with his fellow Democrats in every particular; but to-night he thought that there could be no difference of opinion, and that all of his friends would agree with him that JOHN T. HOFFMAN was the fittest man that had been nominated for Mayor of New-York. He regretted that it should seem necessary in a political canvass to attack private character in as dastardly a manner as the morning's *Tribune* had attacked the character of Hon. JOHN T. HOFFMAN. The facts in the case that the newspaper had alluded to were accessible to the public; but if Mr. HOFFMAN were his brother—as he was the friend of the speaker—he would not for a moment admit that the gentleman's character needed vindication. Mr. BRADY thought it essential to the welfare of the public that there should be antagonistic political organizations. He recognized in Mr. MARSHALL O. ROBERTS a gentleman of intelligence and integrity, who, if elected Mayor of New-York, would undoubtedly discharge the duties of the office with honesty and ability; but to the speaker it seemed essential that in the present canvass the Democratic party should win. Mr. BRADY next paid his respects to the McKeon Democracy, and said that Mr. MCKEON having said before an Investigating Committee recently, that if he had the power he would remove Mayor GUNTHER, the Democratic party would save the Honorable JOHN that trouble; as Mr. GUNTHER had refused to illuminate the city, the city would refuse to illuminate him. Mr. BRADY further addressed himself to Messrs. FERNANDO WOOD and JOHN HECKER, and said that the men who were associated under the name and style of the Citizens' Association, had a political constitution of none. The newspapers had made the remarkable suggestion that if a Democrat were chosen the Legislature would capture the city; but if a Republican or a man protessing to belong to no party were to be chosen Mayor, the Legislature would restore to the city a charter giving her Mayor the power that he once possessed. He and his audience had heard of rings in New-York, and he had also heard of rings in Albany; and if the Albany ring should despotically deprive the city of the authority to govern itself, the Democracy would fight them to the knife; and he wished the Albany ring to understand that the Democratic party would not die, but would live to fulfill the office for which the Almighty intended it, and would yet fashion the destinies of this free and happy country.

Mr. JOHN J. FREEDMAN read the names of Messrs. Henry Grinnell, Wm. B. Astor, Wm. F. Havemeyer, Hiram Ketchum, Ward McMurray, Geo. G. Barnard and one hundred and sixty-three others, as Vice-Presidents, and Messrs. Thos. Boese, Edward Hogan, Wm. A. J. McGrath and thirty-nine others, as Secretaries of the meeting.

The Hon. EDWARD H. ANDERSON presided, and the meeting unanimously adopted a series of resolutions indorsing and commending Messrs. HOFFMAN and O'GORMAN.

After which Mr. BRADY, amid tumultuous applause, introduced

RECORDER JOHN T. HOFFMAN,

who, after thanking the audience for their generous reception, said that it was an embarrassing position for a candidate to speak when he must necessarily make himself the theme. He had been tendered the nomination of Mayor without his own solicitation, and had made no promise nor had any exaction been made; and he had accepted the nomination in the belief that the use of his humble name might be of benefit to the city that had already honored him by electing him to a high office by a vote of 60,000 out of 64,000 ballots. If elected Mayor, he should make no promises or pledges, but should be Mayor of the City of New-York. If the people thought that any other man knew the charter and workings of the charter of New-York better, or was better acquainted with the City Government than he was, then let the people choose that gentleman; but he would like to ask his friend ROBERTS when he last read the charter of the City of New-York; and if he should put the question, he had no doubt that the reply would be: "I have a California steamship to get off, but will look into that matter presently;" and if he were to propound a like question to Mr. HECKER, the reply might be that he was too busy in getting out an injunction. Mr. HOFFMAN would say nothing to the prejudice of either of his esteemed friends, MARSHALL O. ROBERTS and JOHN HECKER; they were worthy gentlemen. The workings of the present canvass were very curious. On the one hand he had found the *Daily News* assailing him for his conduct during the riots of 1863, and on the other hand the *Tribune* arraigning him in his present private and official character. The people, who had reelected him by 60,000 out of 64,000 ballots, to the office which he held at the time of the riots, had answered the calumnies of the *News*; and as to the atrocious libels of the *Tribune*, if his history and character were not so well known as to render any refutation superfluous, then they might go to the winds without denial, and he would fall. On surveying the field he had discovered an immense expenditure of wealth against which he must contend single-handed; but he would assure everybody that he should not undertake to purchase the canvass; for he deprecated the use of pecuniary aid in electing candidates to office. He had heard men boast of from forty to fifty thousand dollars which they intended to disburse on this canvass; but it seemed to him that whenever and wherever it became necessary to resort to such means to win at the polls, there were unfailing signs of political decay and death. He had never enriched himself in public office and had no desire to become rich from the public purse; and if any man expected him to spend the few hard earnings that he had accumulated in many years of patient labor, he would say to that man that the money was not his own to thrust into a political pool, but belonged to his family. And he now wished it distinctly understood that he should not buy his way into the Mayor's office, but if he were chosen, as he sincerely believed he should be, he would go into the Mayor's chair so free from pledge of whatever character, and so independently, that he should not be tempted to sell himself or the city.

The Recorder resumed his seat on the stage under a storm of applause, which subsiding, the Chairman introduced

HON. JOHN VAN BUREN,

and he, having been roundly applauded, said that, having come out of the late canvass a badly defeated candidate, he was glad to see that he had so many friends in adversity. It was but reasonable to presume that every citizen of this imperial city desired to know his duty. He was a Democrat, and he thought it now, more than ever, the duty of Democrats to act together. A distinguished citizen had taken umbrage because he had not been nominated. The convention that assembled at Tammany Hall was composed of about one hundred and sixty delegates of the highest respectability, a sub-committee of one from each ward was appointed on the Saturday previous to making the nomination, to consult with other organizations, the chairman of this committee to report at Tammany Hall at 4 o'clock on Monday afternoon. Mr. JOHN KELLY, of that committee, when consulted, said that it was desirable that Mr. JOHN T. HOFFMAN and Mr. RICHARD O'GORMAN should be the candidates. The preference of some gentlemen was that Mr. JAMES T. BRADY should be the nominee for Corporation Counsel. [As representative of the Eighteenth Ward, Mr. VAN BUREN preferred Mr. ABRAHAM R. LAWRENCE. On conferring with the sub-committee from Mozart Hall, the Tammany sub-committee, consisting of Messrs. JOHN KELLY, F. I. A. BOOLE and VAN BUREN, learned that Mozart had only one candidate, and that was Mr. WOOD. [Groans.] Mr. VAN BUREN informed his hearers that he did not groan when Mr. WOOD's name was recommended. He did not even inquire whether it was HENRY, BENJAMIN or FERNANDO. The Tammany committee informed the Mozart committee that the name of Mr. WOOD was inadmissible. They then said that they would take the Corporation Counsel, but they were reticent touching the name of the man that they preferred, and finally they retired from the convention. Subsequently Tammany independently made the nominations which this meeting had assembled to ratify. Mr. VAN BUREN quoted Mr. FERNANDO WOOD's Wednesday evening speech, and said that if anybody had made corrupt proposals to him, it was himself, who had once said: "If FERNANDO WOOD will come out openly and oppose me, I will give him $500." Prince JOHN added that if any corruption existed in Tammany Hall, FERNANDO WOOD introduced it, and Mr. VAN BUREN could, if Mr. WOOD would sue him, prove that WOOD had received from a Republican twenty thousand dollars for the Mozart Convention nomination. FERNANDO WOOD, NELSON J. WATERBURY and ANSON HERRICK were the organization upon whom JOHN HECKER depended for his election, and to whom he would look for counsel if elected. HECKER was a candidate for Congress once, and received 996 votes, against about 8,000 votes for the opposing candidates; and his run on that occasion was like that which he was about to make. Mr. VAN BUREN trusted that Mr. GUNTHER's good sense, notwithstanding his Dutch pig-headedness, would yet teach him that he was damaging the party to which he belonged; if not, it would be a scrub race between himself, JOHN W. FARMER and STEPHEN H. BRANCH, the latest candidate that had entered the field. The reformers, who were howling about excessive taxation, were anxious that the city should be handed over to State authority. The taxes were now $18,000,000, and in 1861 they were only $11,000,000; in 1861 the tax for State purposes was $2,000,000, and now it is $3,000,000 and upward. Mr. VAN BUREN detailed the items of increase, and charged them to State officials. Mr. VAN BUREN's preference in choosing officers was for men of his own political faith, and he did not think it had been customary to disregard political predilections in the choice of municipal officers. In the most sequestered town in the State his hearers would find the electors arrayed in opposition, even for Town Supervisors, as Republicans and Democrats. The men who now propose that the preponderating political party in New-York should discard politics were Mr. HORACE GREELEY, Mr. FERNANDO WOOD and Mr. WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT, neither of whom was a Democrat. The Democrats of New-York had a proud history behind them. The people remember who it was that opened the ballot-box for the poor man, who put down the Bank of the United States, who acquired Texas. Indeed, all the great reforms of the country had been wrought by the Democratic organization. We had passed the national crisis, when party considerations should be forgotten, and now the Democratic party should be preserved. Mr. VAN BUREN assured his hearers that the President of the United States looked to the great Democratic party for complete, cordial and efficient support of his policy, and to the Democracy the country looked for its salvation. If, however, the Democracy were to nominate unworthy men for office, the speaker would not ask electors to vote for him; but when the Democracy nominate gentlemen who are pre-eminently fit, and of the highest personal and political integrity—he would not notice the preposterous affidavits that had appeared in a morning journal—when the Democracy nominate men so peculiarly fitted for the offices to which they had been nominated, as were JOHN T. HOFFMAN and RICHARD O'GORMAN, he would ask the Democracy to elect them. He had heard that they had been nominated by a ring; but if a ring had nominated such gentlemen, then might the ring be as lasting as the eternity of which it was the emblem.

The next speaker was Hon. JOHN KELLY, and he devoted some time to showing that in the proceedings in the nominating convention, Tammany Hall acted with perfect fairness.

Amid calls for Mr. A. OAKEY HALL, an adjournment was carried, and the multitude departed for their homes and elsewhere.

Mr. Roberts Accepts the Nomination of the War Democrats.

In answer to a letter from Mr. PAGE, Chairman of the War Democratic General Committee, Mr. ROBERTS writes:

Having accepted the nomination tendered me by the representatives of the great Union party convened on Friday evening, the 24th inst., you can readily understand the gratification it affords me to be assured of the support of the War Democracy of the city, composing as they do so large and powerful a body of my fellow-citizens; men who, under the influence of an exalted patriotism, lent their earnest aid to the General Government in its struggle for the nation's life during the war, and under like impulses met together in this city and, by prompt, energetic and decided action, essentially effected the results of the great contest, both in the State and nation, which terminated in the reelection of ABRAHAM LINCOLN to the Presidency of the United States.

You will please express to your committee, and to those whom you represent, my grateful appreciation of this mark of their approval and confidence, and believe me to be,

Very truly, your obedient servant,

MARSHALL O. ROBERTS.

Mr. C. S. Spencer Declines.

The following communication has been received from Mr. C. S. SPENCER, the nominee of the Army and Navy League for Corporation Counsel:

No. 416 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK CITY, Nov. 27, 1865.

To Major S. V. Pilgrim, Chairman Army and Navy League Committee:

MY DEAR SIR: Please announce my declination of the nomination of Corporation Counsel by the Army and Navy League, and communicate to that body of men who, in both branches of the service have attested their loyalty to the flag and country, my sincere thanks for the honor conferred on me by the nomination.

Having been a constant Union man for all time heretofore, I could not now mar my record by opposition to the nominees of the Union party.

Very respectfully, &c.

(Signed,) CHARLES S. SPENCER.

Major S. V. PILGRIM, Chairman,
Army and Navy League Committee.

Sergt. JOHN GLENSON, } Secretaries.
Sergt. W. H. RAYNOR. }

The Mayoralty Pools—The Candidates Put up at Auction.

For one or two evenings past there has been a large attendance at Lafayette Hall, in Broadway, for the purpose of "assisting," as the French say, at the sale of the "Mayoralty pools." As some of our readers may not know what a pool is, we will state for their benefit that the names of the four candidates for the Mayoralty are put up at auction, and that the highest bidders takes his choice. After making his selection he puts up his money and receives a receipt therefor, stating the name of the candidate he has chosen. The other choices are then sold in a similar manner, and the receipts placed in the "pool." When the result of the election is declared, the lucky holder of the receipt bearing the winning candidate's name sweeps the pool, the auctioneer, however, retaining five per cent. for his trouble. Last evening the attendance was quite large, comprising all classes of persons, from the kid-gloved and patent-leather-booted politician, down to the short-haired and long-coated "rough," who has no money of his own to bet, but is extremely anxious to see how others bet their's.

The sale commenced at about 8 P. M., and went off rather slowly at first, and somewhat in the following manner: "Now, gents, what'll you bid for first choice?" said the auctioneer. "Shall I say $50, $40, $30, $25, for first choice?" A gent eman thought he'd take first choice for $25, and he got it. He chose ROBERTS. HOFFMAN went for $19. The two other names hung fire terribly. "Which will ye have, gents?" said the auctioneer; "HECKER or GUNTHER. Remember, thro' their running for Mayor, one of 'em may prove the winning horse. Will ye take HECKER, 'the workingman's friend?' What shall I say for him?" Finally "the workingman's friend" was knocked down for $2, and GUNTHER shared a similar fate. Amid all sorts of comments and observations, the sale went on, and about $2,000 was realized. The following is a list of some of the principal pools sold last evening:

Roberts.	Hoffman.	Hecker.	Gunther.
$60	$55	$4	$5
56	38	4	2
50	28	6	7
20	16	3	2
25	15	2	3
25	15	3	3
30	28	2	1
55	31	5	3
120	81	15	6
115	81	13	8

There was very little outside betting, which was accounted for by the statement of the auctioneer that "they hadn't warmed up to it yet."

The School Nominations.

Mr. RICHARD WARREN, the well-known auctioneer, has received the Union nomination for School Commissioner in the Fifth District, in place of Mr. PHŒNIX, declined. Mr. WARREN has long been identified with educational movements in this city, and for several years was a member of the Board of Education from the Fifteenth Ward. He is eminently fitted for the office to which he has been nominated.

The nominee for the School Commissionership in the same district is Mr. JAMES L. HASTIE, the present incumbent. Mr. HASTIE, who is an active, upright and intelligent business man, has taken a lively interest in our schools, and been one of the most efficient members of the Board of Education. We commend him to voters of all parties.

Citizens Association of the Twenty-second Ward.

At a meeting of the Citizens' Association of the Twenty-second Ward, (J. W. TIEMAN President,) held on Wednesday evening, the following candidates were selected and endorsed, and recommended for the support of the citizens of the Ward:

For Mayor—MARSHALL O. ROBERTS.
For Corporation Counsel—MURRAY HOFFMAN.
For School Commissioner—FREDERICK A. SMYTHE.

The Workingmen for Roberts.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the Workingmen's Independent Political Organization was held at their headquarters, Military Hall, Bowery, and was addressed by the following gentlemen: HENRY F. RANNEY, Esq., MOSES PLATT, Esq., J. D. PLUNKETT, Esq. The meeting adjourned with three cheers for MARSHALL O. ROBERTS. There will be a mass meeting of the above organization of the Seventh Ward, at City Botanic Hall this evening at 4 o'clock.

Formation of Marshall O. Roberts Clubs.

The Union men of the Seventeenth Ward, favoring a reform in our city government and the election of an honest, able and economical man for Mayor of the great Empire City of New-York, assembled in great numbers in the Henry Clay House, corner of First-street and Avenue A, on Wednesday evening, to ratify the Union nominations for Mayor, Corporation Counsel and Alderman. At 7½ o'clock, the hour named for opening the meeting, the large room was crammed to its utmost capacity with a respectable and enthusiastic audience. Speeches indorsing and confirming the Union nominations of MARSHALL O. ROBERTS for Mayor, MURRAY HOFFMAN for Corporation Counsel, and HENRY S. WALLACE for Alderman, were delivered by CHARLES F. JEWELL, GEORGE F. STEINBRENNER, WM. STIVERS and ANTHONY DUGRO, Esqs. The meeting, after forming itself into a Marshall O. Roberts Club, and giving three cheers for the Union Reform candidates—ROBERTS and HOFFMAN—adjourned.

The Darling Club, of the Twenty-second Ward, met last night, at their headquarters, foot of West Forty-second-street, and unanimously indorsed the nominations of MARSHALL O. ROBERTS for Mayor, and MURRAY HOFFMAN for Corporation Counsel. This club was organized 1864, and numbers 206 members.

A meeting of the Union electors of the Sixth Assembly District met at Runk's Hotel, on Wednesday evening, for the purpose of organizing a Marshall O. Roberts Club. GEORGE DONALDSON was elected President and CHAS. S. STRONG and SIDNEY SMITH Secretaries. Nearly two hundred citizens signed a roll pledging themselves to the support of MARSHALL O. ROBERTS for Mayor and MURRAY HOFFMAN for Corporation Counsel at the ensuing election. An earnest an able appeal was made by CHAS. S. STRONG, Esq., in behalf of the Union nominees. The club then adjourned to meet every night until election.

Declination of Mr. Cronin.

TIMOTHY CRONIN, nominated by the War Democrats for the office of Corporation Counsel, declines the nomination. It was made without consultation with him. In a letter to the General Committee, thanking them for the honor, he states that the organization of War Democrats was not intended for local, but for national objects, and that it is due to the founders of the organization that its purposes should be carried out.

COUNCILMANIC NOMINATION.—Mr. WM. B. WHITE is the Union nominee of the Ninth Ward for Councilman in the Sixth Senatorial District. Mr. WHITE is a young man of energy and probity, and if elected will do honor to his party. His friends, it is to be hoped, will see to it that he is elected.

THE RUSSIAN-AMERICAN TELEGRAPH.

Later News from the Collins Expedition—Progress of the Surveys—Winter Work.

SAN FRANCISCO, Thursday, Nov. 30.

The steamer *George S. Wright* arrived to-day, twenty-eight days from Petropolaski, bringing Col. BULKLEY and others of the Overland Telegraph Expedition. From the reports furnished it appears that about fifty men have been scattered in detached parties along the Northwestern American and Asiatic coasts, who will spend the Winter exploring, surveying and locating the telegraph routes, using the steamer *Reindeer* as a means of transportation from place to place. Bargains will be made with the natives to furnish telegraph poles wherever practicable.

Next Summer, it is hoped, the surveys will be completed, so that several thousands of natives may be employed planting poles.

Sailed, ship *Ne Plus Ultra*, for Callao.

Return of Col. Bulkley to San Francisco—A Rough Voyage.

SAN FRANCISCO, Thursday, Nov. 30.

The Western Union Telegraph Company's steamer *George S. Wright*, with Col. BULKLEY on board, arrived at 11 this morning, after a rough passage of 29 days from Petropaulovski. Her memoranda reports:

"First fourteen days had strong northerly winds; on the 14th inst. carried away smoke-stack, and from the 17th to the 19th had very heavy gales from the southwest; carried away foresail and mainsail, stove in cabin-doors, and filled the decks with water; since then had moderate west wind; left the bark *Golden Gate* to sail in three days."

News from New-Orleans.

NEW-ORLEANS, Thursday, Nov. 30.

Arrived, steamers *Minnesota* and *Fung Shuey*, from New-York.

Cotton is better; 2,300 bales sold at 50c.@51c. Sugar, fair, 17¾c. Molasses, choice, $1 15. Gold stiff at 49½. Exchange on New-York ¾ discount. Freights on Cotton to New-York, 1¼c.; to Liverpool, 11-16d.

The work of rebuilding the levees is to be commenced immediately.

The steamer *Ruby* sunk about fifty miles above the city recently. She was a total loss. The passengers and crew were saved.

Several passengers on the steamer *George Cromwell* have arrived from Charleston, where she put in leaking and machinery broken.

The Legislature has elected J. C. NIXON, proprietor of the *Crescent City*, State Printer.

The Legislature is engaged in the discussion of the Constitution of 1864.

Gen. DICK TAYLOR has arrived here.

Admiral THATCHER informs the Pensacola *Observer* that twenty war vessels of all rates are distributed from Cape Florida to the Rio Grande.

The Shreveport *Gazette* of the 17th inst. says the cotton trade will soon close on the Red River. The prospects of raising the crop next year by freedmen are very gloomy.

Many of the Louisiana country papers comment on the fact that freedmen decline making contracts to work on the plantations next year, and are averse to working with men, especially their former owners, and seem bent on some plan for the division of property.

There is much complaint in Texas about collections of direct taxes on lands pressing the people. Old business men of Galveston expect a crash in Texas next Spring, thinking there is too much overtrading

The debt of Texas is $8,700,000, including all items, with the interest computed to Jan. 1, 1866.

Gen. GREGORY, head of the Freedman's Bureau in Texas, is reported by the Texans as making a speech lately to the negroes, wherein he condemned the President's reconstruction policy.

Presbyterianism in Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Thursday, Nov. 30.

The Presbyterians of this city have, with great unanimity, organized the Kentucky Board of Aid for the Presbyterian pastors in the South who are in destitute circumstances resulting from the war. The board consists of the Presbyterian pastors of this city, in connection with the following officers: WILLIAM GARVIN, President; L. L. WARREN, H. POPE, B. F. AVERY and D. MCCULLOCH, Vice-Presidents; JAMES H. HUBER, Secretary and Treasurer. They will receive and disburse the funds donated for this object. A meeting of the united congregations of the Presbyterians in Louisville will be held in the Second Presbyterian Church on the evening of the approaching Thanksgiving Day, at which time, as an appropriate thanks-offering for the restoration of peace, and as an earnest of "good will to men," efforts will be made to give help and comfort to these suffering pastors and their wives and little ones. The board appeals to Presbyterians throughout the North and West for prompt coöperation in this Christian work.

A Banquet at Toronto—Annexation Clubs—Fenianism Quiet.

TORONTO, Thursday, Nov. 30.

The Board of Trade last night resolved to hold a great International Council and Banquet at an early day, in furtherance of reciprocity and of the Georgian Bay Canal.

Annexation Clubs are springing up all over Lower Canada. The French Canadian organs wage fierce war upon British domination.

The Fenians are quiet, excepting occasional demonstrations with rockets and firearms.

TERRIBLE RAILROAD DISASTER.

Car Thrown from the Track Near Warrenton Junction, Va.

The Accident Caused by the Breaking of a Rail.

Two Soldiers and a Brakeman Instantly Killed.

Nearly Thirty Soldiers Seriously Injured.

COMPLETE LIST OF THE KILLED AND WOUNDED.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Nov. 30.

The following telegram was received here to-night, dated Warrenton Junction, Va., Nov. 30:

The night express train going South on the Orange and Alexandria Railroad, met with a serious and fatal accident about 12 o'clock on the evening of the 29th inst., one-half mile east of Warrenton Junction, caused by the breaking of a rail, which threw the rear coach, loaded with members of the Ninety-sixth New-York Volunteers, from the track, and precipitated it down an embankment, literally crushing it to atoms, and instantly killing three men, and severely wounding twenty-eight others. The following are the names:

KILLED.

Daniel Normill, brakeman.
Jesse Dondlan, Co. F.
Jacob Zeltbern, Co. F.

WOUNDED.

Ed. McEvery, sergeant, Co. E, slightly in the head.
Fred. Schoover, Co. F, severe cut in face.
Russell Crowningshield, Co. F, severely in head and face.
Isaac Crafaud, Co. F, severely in side and chest.
Albert Mamble, corporal, Co. F, slightly in shoulder and head.
John Roker, Co. F, slightly.
Thomas Skellen, Co. H, slightly.
John Rickler, private, Co. I, severely in face and head.
Andrew Norman, corporal, Co. I, slightly in head and shoulder.
Louis Greasell, corporal, Co. I, severely in the head and back.
James Donnellan, Co. B, slightly in head and shoulder.
Theodore Wemering, Co. I, severely in head and leg.
Jeremiah Buckley, Co. E, slightly in the head and face.
James Folman, Co. I, slightly in face and shoulder.
Harmon Miller, Co. F, slightly.
Frederick Crome, Co. F, severely in the hip.
William Stevenson, Co. E, severe—internally.
George Arthur, Co. E, slightly, internally.
Henry Dolly, Co. A, slightly, in arm.
Henry Plouf, Co. F, slightly, in head.
Jonathan Hopkins, Co. E, severely, in head.
Lucius Wallace, Co. F, slightly.
Edward Sapon, Co. B, slightly.
Mrs. E. Burch, slightly, in shoulder and chest.

A locomotive was instantly dispatched to Warrenton Village for medical aid, and promptly returned with Surgeon BRADY, of the Ninety-sixth Regiment, who with his able assistant, rendered the sufferers all proper aid. The dead and injured soldiers were early sent to Warrenton. This morning the body of the brakeman was sent to his friends in Alexandria. No blame can be attached to the company or their employes, as the train was running at a moderate rate of speed, and the car was one of their new and elegant coaches; but much credit is due them for their prompt and efficient aid to the wounded. The track was cleared and the other trains proceeded as usual.

Boiler Explosion—One Man Killed and Several Injured.

PHILADELP

POLICE COURTS.

Essex Market—Before Justice Shandley.

STABBING CASE.

Officer PROUT, of the Eleventh Precinct, arrested WILLIAM AMOS on a charge of having stabbed WILLIAM KURZ on the 27th of August. It appears that KURZ was sitting in front of his cigar-store, No. 98 Sheriff-street, quietly smoking, when the prisoner came up, and, being intoxicated, began abusing KURZ, who attempted to get up to go into his shop, when AMOS assaulted him and stabbed him with a knife in the lower part of the abdomen, inflicting a serious and dangerous wound. While the fracas was in progress, GEORGE HÖHLAN came up to assist the injured man, when the prisoner stabbed him in very nearly the same part of the body. AMOS, after the second assault, rushed away, and has not been seen since, until Wednesday evening, when the officer who made the arrest accidentally met him. AMOS is a native of Ireland, 18 years of age, and resides at No. 87 Goerck-street. In answer to the charge, the prisoner said he stabbed KURZ and HÖHLAN in self-defence. Justice SHANDLEY committed AMOS for examination.

ROBBING HIS FELLOW-BOARDERS.

JOHN MOSCHOWSKY, residing at No. 444 Second-avenue, made a complaint against ADAM MITZKOWSKY for stealing a quantity of wearing apparel, valued at $100, on the 26th inst. MITZKOWSKY was boarding at the same house, and several of the other boarders testified to the same facts as given by the complainant, stating also that they had all suffered from the prisoner's depredations, and the total amount of clothing thus stolen by him was thought to be over $300. MITZKOWSKY, who was arrested by Officer JAPHSON, of the Tenth Precinct, is a native of Germany, and seventeen years of age. He was committed for trial in default of bail.

Coroners' Inquests.

SUDDEN DEATH IN A LAWYER'S OFFICE.

A man named REEVES FITZGILES, a seafaring man, called on Wednesday evening at the lawyer's office, No. 4 New-Chambers-street, with a view of having certain proceedings instituted against FRANCIS GOMEZ, steward of the ship *Southampton*, whom he charged with having assaulted him with a belaying-pin while at sea, striking him on the head. While in conversation with the lawyer, FITZGILES fell suddenly from his chair, and died before medical aid could be brought in. The body was conveyed to the Fourth Precinct Station-house in Oak-street, where an inquest will be held to-day by Coroner WILDEY. Officer TOWNS, of the Fourth Precinct, arrested GOMEZ, who will be detained in custody to await the result of the investigation. Dr. WOOSTER BEACH, Jr., made a post-mortem examination into the case yesterday, and gave it as his opinion that death was the result of natural causes.

Fires.

A MAN BURNED TO DEATH IN A TENEMENT-HOUSE.

About 3:30 o'clock yesterday morning the premises No. 113 Mott-street, occupied as a tenement-house, took fire in the basement, and the flames spread up the narrow staircase. So rapid was the progress of the fire that it was learned at one time that many of the inmates would be totally unable to escape. However, by the prompt and timely assistance of Officers CARE, TUCKER and MCNALLY, of the Fourteenth Precinct, all of the occupants, with a single exception, were successfully got into the street in safety. The only one who did not get out was a Mr. THOMAS BROWN, a fruit dealer, who with his wife occupied a room on the second floor. On the alarm being sounded they left their bed and ran down stairs. In the hurry of the moment, and anxious to secure certain valuables which he had left behind, BROWN returned, but the dense smoke suffocating him he sank to the floor and was burned to death. Soon after he reentered the building his brother attempted to learn his fate, and started to go in search of him, when a policeman dealt him a heavy blow on the forehead with his locust, inflicting a severe wound and knocking him down. Search was subsequently made for the missing man, and he was found lying with his face downward in a corner adjoining the room he had occupied while living. The corpse was badly burned. The remains were on discovery removed to the residence of a relative No. 192 Canal-st., where Coroner WILDEY will hold the inquest to-day. Deceased was 28 years of age and a native of Ireland, and had been married only four months.

The building was owned by PATRICK H. GARRITY, and was occupied by fourteen families. The first floor was occupied by MARTIN OAKLEY, as a liquor, store, and HENRY RICHMOND, as a grocery. The latter is insured for $1,500 in the People's Insurance Company. The building is damaged about $2,000, and insured for $6,000 in the Citizens' Insurance Company. No reason was given for the origin of the fire.

In addition to the man who was burned to death, ELIZABETH ALEXANDER, aged 75 years, who occupied a room on the second floor, was shockingly burned and injured by taking while making her escape from the building. She was taken to the Bellevue Hospital, and is not expected to survive.

Board of Aldermen.

This board met at 2 P. M. yesterday, for the first time since the 10th of July last, having the longest vacation ever taken by the board since its organization.

The President, Mr. MORGAN JONES, took the chair.

Alderman MCKNIGHT presented a petition from the Sisters of Mercy, asking for a plot of ground for building purposes, owing to the inadequacy of the present structure, and the objectionable character of the neighborhood in which it exists. The petition says "that the moral atmosphere which surrounds the building (corner of Houston and Mulberry streets) is far more dangerous to the inmates than even the natural difficulty caused by overcrowding. The latter can but affect the body, the former affects the immortal soul. That the building is surrounded by houses of ill-fame, the house directly opposite its main entrance being one of that character; while drinking-houses, hotels and 'private supper-rooms' are close to it on all sides.

The petition was referred to the Committee on Finance.

A large quantity of routine business was transacted and the board then adjourned to Wednesday next, at 2 o'clock P. M.

Board of Councilmen.

This board met yesterday, and transacted a large amount of routine business.

A resolution was adopted directing the Street Commissioner to notify the owners of the railroad tracks in Washington and Greenwich streets to remove them forthwith.

Adjourned to Wednesday next.

LAW REPORTS.

Court Calendar—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—*Part I.*—Short Causes.—Nos. 2638, 3140, 3026, 3080, 3128, 2662, 2681, 2711, 2682, 2740, 2810, 2651, 2233. *Part II*—Held at Nos. 71 and 73 Duane-street, by Justice E. Darwin Smith.—Nos. 474, 2440, 2184, 2418, 2524, 2272, 876, 1312, 1632, 1310, 1684, 900, 1608, 1276, 2044, 2280, 496, 1116, 1648, 694.

NOTICE TO THE BAR.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—NOV. 30.

Justice Clerke Presiding.

The following cases will be called to-day, Friday, Dec. 1. Those answering ready will be heard in their order. If not disposed of by the court, they will be transferred to the next calendar, for the first Monday of December: Nos. 34, 94, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 123, 125, 126, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 145, 147, 149.

Seamen's Wages—Ex Parte Deposition.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

Before Judge Benedict.

James Maxwell and Thomas Holland vs. *The Bark Albino.*—This was a libel for wages. The libelants were shipped in New-York for a voyage to New-Orleans and back at $50 a month. The vessel went to New-Orleans, and on the libelants alleging that the crew were told that they must leave the ship unless they would ship over again at the current rate of wages, whereupon the libelants left. This statement was denied by the respondents, who alleged that the men deserted.

The only evidence offered by the libelants was the depositions of the libelants themselves.

The only evidence offered by the respondents was the deposition of the mate and an *ex parte* deposition of the master, taken in New-Orleans without notice.

Held by the Court—That some of the circumstances seem to show that the testimony of the libelants is more reliable.

That a deposition taken *ex parte*, as the master's was, when the witness might have been examined here, and not explaining or denying circumstances which he knew had been sworn to by the libelants, is not calculated to strengthen the case.

Decree for libelants, with a reference.

For libelants—Mr. Nash.

For respondents—Messrs. Beebe, Dean and Donohue.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—NOV. 30.

Before Judge Benedict.

The Grand Jury came into court this morning with the following indictments:

The United States vs. *James S. Clarke*—An indictment against the master of the bark *Mary Bentley* for cruel and unusual punishment inflicted upon one of the men.

The United States vs. *William Kane*—An indictment for making and using a false voucher in support of a claim against the Government of the United States.

The United States vs. *William McCoun and John S. Kelly*—An indictment for a similar offence.

The Mariposa Company's Bonds—Injunction Dissolved—Important Opinion by Presiding Justice Ingraham.

SUPREME COURT.

Before Justice Ingraham.

Edward Dugdale et al. vs. *Samuel T. Whiting et al.*—The following opinion in the above-entitled action has just been delivered by Mr. Justice INGRAHAM:

The defendant (Hoyt) moves to dissolve an injunction restraining him from collecting coupons on certain bonds of the Mariposa Company, based upon the ground that the bonds were sold by the company at sums varying from 30 to 50 cents on the dollar, and that such sales were fraudulent as to the stockholders. These bonds are alleged to have been distributed among the trustees and their friends at sums varying from $20,000 in amount to $100,000, and that in no case was more than 50 cents on the dollar received by the company. The defendant (Hoyt) held some of these coupons, and brought action in the Marine Court upon these coupons, which had become due. The prosecution of these suits is enjoined. It appears from Hoyt's answer that he is the owner of these coupons on which the suits are brought, and denies any fraudulent intent or combination with others. If it should be conceded that the sale of the bonds, at the prices stated, was wrong, so far as the trustees were interested in the purchase, yet in the hands of bona fide holders, ignorant of any fraud or improper disposition of the bonds, they would be valid securities for the amounts advanced thereon. It is not shown in the plaintiff's papers that the coupons held by Hoyt were received from any trustee who might be charged as being a fraudulent holder; nor is it shown how he obtained his title thereto. He claims to be the holder of the coupons for value, and denies all knowledge of any fraud on his part. Without discussing any of the other questions raised by the counsel on this motion, it appears to me that it may be properly disposed of on the bona fides of the defendant Hoyt as the purchaser of these coupons for value without notice. Even if the bonds are valueless in the hands of the trustees, they are good securities to those who have purchased them, to the amount actually paid upon them. The coupons now sought to be recovered are but for a small part actually advanced, and when paid by the company may be charged against the holders of the bonds to the extent paid upon them as a part of the advance thereon. These coupons, delivered with the bonds, are a part of the security, which the creditor has a right to collect when due. If he only holds the bonds and coupons as collateral security for the money advanced, there will remain a considerable amount still due him after these coupons are paid. There is no reason why the collection of these coupons should be enjoined, unless the plaintiff should be able to show that they were prosecuted for the benefit of some trustee who was cognizant of the fraud. No such fact is made out in these papers. Motion to dissolve injunction granted, with $10 costs. Vose and McDaniel for the defendant Hoyt and for the motion; Evarts, Southmayd and Choate for plaintiffs, opposed.

An Action for Slander—Question of Practice—A Clairvoyant Consulted.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART II—NOV. 30.

Before Justice E. D. Smith and a Jury.

Owen McGowan vs. Chas. H. Hyne.—This action was brought to recover $5,000 damages, for alleged slanderous words used toward, and of the plaintiff, by the defendant, under the following circumstances:

The defendant was the proprietor of the well-known restaurant "Live and Let Live," situated in the basement of a building of the Barnum's Museum block on Broadway, and the plaintiff was his barkeeper. On a certain day previous to the fire which destroyed the block, Mr. Hyne missed from a money-drawer in the bar a sum of money, amounting to between $200 and $300. It appears that he said nothing about the loss at the time, but straightway proceeded to consult a "clairvoyant" for the purpose, as he says, of ascertaining who was the thief. The clairvoyant informed him that his barkeeper, the plaintiff in this suit, was the guilty one. Defendant thereupon returned to his place of business and publicly charged the plaintiff with being a thief, and as such, he was charged with having stolen the money in question. To recover damages for injuries alleged to have been sustained to his character under these circumstances, the plaintiff brought the action.

On the part of the latter it was shown that the defendant did make the charge publicly, and there was some testimony tending to show that he had been greatly injured in his reputation and business in consequence.

The defendant's counsel moved to dismiss the complaint on the ground that the alleged slanderous words were not sufficiently set forth in the complaint, as required by the code and the rules of the Supreme Court in such cases, and further, that the testimony given did not sustain what allegations there were in the plaintiff's pleading.

After considerable argument pro and con, the court decided to grant the motion. The complaint was accordingly dismissed.

For plaintiff, Mr. J. Stuyvesant; for defendant, Messrs. Easton and Henry.

Important to Gas Consumers.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM,

Before Justices Ingraham, Leonard and Barnard.

The People ex rel. Kennedy vs. *The Manhattan Gaslight Company.*—The following is a fuller statement of the case reported in the TIMES of Wednesday. It appeared that Mr. Kennedy in May, 1864, applied to the Gas Company to furnish him with gas at No. 121 West Sixteenth-street. On payment of a deposit of $10, the company commenced the supply and continued it till Feb. 9, 1865. Mr. Kennedy had been a customer of the company at No. 61 Seventh-avenue, and was in arrears to them for gas at that place. The company, after frequently demanding payment of this bill, at last commenced suit for its recovery and obtained judgment by default, and issued execution, which was returned unsatisfied. Thereupon the company cut off his gas, and the relator applied for a mandamus to compel the company to supply him with gas.

The application was denied by Judge Barnard, and the relator appealed. The defendants claim that their actions were justified by the provisions of the statute, which only compels the company to furnish gas "on payment of all money due from the applicant to the company." Mr. Kennedy having failed to comply with this provision, the company claim to have exercised their discretion in supplying him with gas as a tradesman in supplying a customer with goods, and on finding him insolvent refusing to supply him with further goods.

The case was argued some days ago, and decision reserved.

Yesterday the General Term rendered its decision in this case, deciding the appeal in favor of the respondents, and sustaining the court below in its denial of the mandamus for which the relator applied. The order appealed from is affirmed, with $10 costs. Opinion by Ingraham, P. J.

T. Cronin, Esq., for appellant; B. W. Bonney and Thatcher M. Adams for the Gaslight Company.

Decisions.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM—NOV. 30.

Present—Ingraham, Presiding Justice, and Sutherland and Leonard, Justices.

The People *vs.* The Manhattan Gaslight Company; order appealed from affirmed with costs $10; opinion by Ingraham, P. J. The people ex rel. Robert J. Livingston *vs.* Douglas Taylor; order reversed without costs; opinion by Ingraham, P. J. Mathilda Huchez *vs.* Guillaumer Reyers; order affirmed with $10 costs; opinion by Leonard, J.; Barnard, J., dissenting. Jeronesius S. Underhill *vs.* North American Kerosene Gas Light Company; judgment affirmed with costs; opinion by Leonard, J. Martin W. Brett, et al. *vs.* Lemuel C. Owen, et al.; new trial granted, costs to abide the event; opinion by Ingraham, P. J. Wm. Niblo *vs.* John Brusse, et al.; order affirmed, with $10 costs. Same *vs.* Same; order affirmed, with $10 costs; opinion by Leonard, J.; Sutherland, J., dissenting. Joseph Stockbridge *vs.* Martin Schoonmaker; judgment affirmed, with costs; opinion by Barnard, J. Robert P. Black *vs.* Camden and Amboy Railroad Company; judgment reversed, and new trial granted, costs to abide the event; opinion by Ingraham, P. J. Wm. A. Aspinwall *vs.* Albert C. Ramsay, et al.; order affirmed, with costs; opinion by Barnard, J. Edwin Bartlett, Jr., *vs.* The Same; same decision. Lorillard *vs.* Lorillard; order not appealable; motion to dismiss granted.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—NOV. 30.

By Justice Barnard.

John A Stewart *vs.* the Mayor, &c.; the defendants' finding is correct. Philetus Stephens *vs.* Edward Daiz, et al.; motion denied. The People ex rel. Richard O'Brien, *vs.* The Board of Councilmen; motion for mandamus granted. Constantine P. Railie *vs.* The United States Trust Company; order settled.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—NOV. 30.

By Justice Barbour.

Joseph W. Corlies, et al. *vs.* Wm. C. White; application denied. August Crowe *vs.* Edward Stern; motion denied with $10 costs; Joseph W. Corlies et al. *vs.* Isaac Coleman, et al.; application denied. Phineas Mervin *vs.* Robert W. Playford; motion granted and cause referred to a referee to hear, &c.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—NOV. 30.

By Judge Cardozo.

Cosgrove *vs.* Janes; sureties rejected. De Nyse *vs.* Moulton; motion denied, $10 costs to abide the event. Comean *vs.* Kiesenberger; motion denied without costs. Glany *vs.* Schneider; order for bill of particulars will be granted.

Court of Special Sessions.

Before Justices Kelly and Dowling.

MADAME BELL AS COMPLAINANT IN A DISORDERLY-HOUSE CASE.

Mary Hamilton, otherwise known as Madame Bell, proprietress of the "pretty waiter saloon," No. 522 Broadway, and part occupant of the premises No. 118 Spring-street, complained of James Pearce, who, she alleged, kept a house of bad repute under her in the basement, which was the resort of males and females whose immorality in the yard of the house disgusted her. Mme. Bell and her son were the only two witnesses for the prosecution. She stated that she and her family occupied some twelve rooms up stairs, and the noise of quarreling and fighting below prevented her from sleeping, and the acts of those in the supper-rooms of Pearce kept her awake when she retired to bed. Five rooms, she said, were let out, for what purpose or to whom, she did not know. She claimed that her dwelling was moral in every point of view. The doors were locked at 9 o'clock, and no entrance or exit was permitted after that hour. At three in the morning she came home herself, and the place she still found kept open and noisy. Her son, Wm. Hamilton, said he went to bed at 9 o'clock, and the noise below often wakened him. Augustus Chaknell, a boarder or occupant of a room in Madame Bell's house, said he had often heard singing in the supper-room below, but it was no annoyance to him. On the other hand defendant alleged that his rooms were sometimes used for an improper purpose by Madame Bell; that victims were often decoyed from her concert saloon in Broadway into his place, and there they were made partially insensible and then taken up stairs. The persons decoyed being unable to go home were often glad to find a resting place till they got sobered down. And because he would not allow Madame Bell to use his establishment as an auxiliary to hers she had preferred this complaint against him. The evidence was against Madame Bell, and the accused was acquitted.

A THIEF PICKS AN OFFICER'S POCKET.

Henry L. Harris, an old offender, was charged with attempting to pick the pocket of Officer Patrick Muldoon, of the Twenty-sixth Precinct. The officer said he was on the platform of a Third-avenue car, in citizen's clothes, when the prisoner and three companions got on beside him. They pushed each other about considerably, and witness in particular. He understood their movements, and when the prisoner had slid his hand up behind a companion's back and had seized the chain and was drawing out the watch, he seized the hand, then the collar attached to the arm. Witness said, as he made the arrest, "I guess you took the wrong person this time." Prisoner admitted it was a bad job. For the defence, prisoner brought a gentleman named Isaac Halen, who lives at No. 339 Pearl-street, who testified to a similar occurrence that took place on a Fourth-avenue car, and on that occasion prisoner was entirely innocent. This offence happened on the Third-avenue, and, as the court remarked, that must have been another pocket-picking affair which he had witnessed. The prisoner was sent to the Island for six months.

ROBBERY IN BROADWAY.

George Brown and Henry Young, rather stylishly-dressed young gentlemen, were charged with robbing the show-case of Mr. Max Schloss, in Broadway, of three dozen cuffs, collars, and other goods. Mr. Thomas F. Ward said he was standing in front of his store door, No. 51 Howard-street, when he saw the prisoners pass, and have something under their coat; then stop and divide some goods; he believed somebody had been robbed, when he went over to where they were and held them till the officer that had charge of his establishment came over and took the prisoner in custody; they were searched, and a large amount of goods crumpled up were found in their pockets; witness and the policeman were taking them to the station-house, and just as they turned into Broadway they saw an empty case that had been broken open; they took the prisoners up stairs, and Mr. Schloss identified his goods. When before the Magistrate Young said he belonged to Boston; yesterday he said he came from New-Bedford. Both were sent to the Penitentiary for three months.

Admissions to the Bar.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM—NOV. 30.

Present, Presiding Justice Daniel P. Ingraham, and Justices Leonard and Barnard.

The Examining Committee, and the Committee on Character, having made a favorable report in regard to the following-named gentlemen, who have been examined during the present term of the court, as candidates for admission to practice as attorneys and counsellors-at-law, they appeared yesterday in open court, took the oath of office and subscribed their names to the roll. The following is the list: Ralph O. Williams, H. Allen, Frank Rudd, Daniel Casserly, David L. Williams, James Thompson, Bushrod F. Rice, William G Wilson, John I. Davenport, Charles P. Wyman, N. B. Sanborn, J. A. Beall.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—NOV. 30, 1865.

$20,000 U. S. 6s, '81...C.	105⅞	300 N. Y. Cen. R.	96⅜
2,000 do.....2d call	105⅞	100 do.....2d call	96⅜
2,000 U.S.6s,5-20s.C.'62	101	100 do	96⅞
1,000 do	103⅛	100 Erie Railroad	91⅜
18,000 U. S. 6s,5-20s.C.'64	99	10 do	91⅞
500 U.S.6s,5-20s.C.'65	99	300 do.....b30	92
4,000 U. S. 5s, '74.....C.	86	200 do.....2d call	92⅛
1,000 U. S.5s,10-40s..C.	90⅜	300 do	92
5,000 Tr. Notes, 7-10s. First Series	96⅞	500 do.....s10	92
5,000 do	97	100 Erie R. Pref	84
20,000 do...Sec. Ser.	96⅛	16 Sixth-av. R.	130
10,000 do	96⅛	450 Mar. & Cin. 1st Pr.	55
11,000 do. Third Ser.	96⅛	800 Reading R.	105⅜
2,000 North Car. 6s	83	280 do.....b30	116
5,000 Missouri 6s	75½	200 do.....2d call	116¼
5,000 Conn. State 6s	97	1000 Mich. S. & N. I.	75⅜
3,000 Cal. 7s	118	200 do.....b30	75⅝
6,000 Erie 3d M.	97	200 do.....2d call	76
2,000 Mich. So. S. F. Bs.	109	250 Ill. Central R.	131⅜
4,000 Chi. & N. W. 1st M.	84	500 Cleve. & Pitts.	92¼
4,000 Del., L. & W. 1st	101	200 do	92
6,000 To. & W. 1st M. Ex.	92	200 do.....b30	92⅜
1,000 P., Ft. W. & C. 3d	85	1500 Chic. & N. W.	55⅝
3,000 Cleve. & Pitts. 7s	75½	200 do.....2d call	55⅞
10 Bank of Commerce	108	100 do.....b3	36
6 Imp. & Trad. Bank	100	200 Chi. & N. W. Pr	65
61 Cen. National B'k	102	200 do	65⅛
200 Canton Co.	45¾	200 do.....2d call	65¾
100 do.....b30	45⅝	600 Chic. & R. I.....s10	107½
100 Cumb. Coal Pr	44	13 C., Bur. & Quin.	114
100 Spring M. Coal	54	50 Mil. & Pr. Du C.	95
100 West. U. Teleg'h	60	300 P., F. W. & C.	106
100 Mariposa Min.	15½	300 do	105⅞
100 do.....b10	15½	200 do	105⅞
100 Mariposa Pref.	19⅞	2 0 do.....b10	105⅞
200 do	20	5 0 do.....b30	106
200 Quick. Min. Co.	47	600 do.....b10	106
100 Brunsw. L. Co.	9¼	2000 do.....2d call	106
700 Ashburton Coal	19	1 0 Chic. & Alton Pr.	106
300 do.....b10	19	100 Joliet & Chi. R	92
3 0 Schuylkill Coal	11⅞	100 Mil. & St. Paul Pr.	74
200 Durango Sil. Min.	35	300 McGr. & W. R.	26½

SECOND BOARD.

$2,500 US.6s,5-20s..C.'62	101	600 N. Y. Cen. R.....b3	97
10,000 U. S. 5s, 10-40s.C.	90¼	100 Erie Railroad	92⅛
5,000 do	90⅜	100 do.....b30	92⅜
5,000 Tr. Notes, 7-10s. Third Series	96⅛	50 Erie R. Pref.	84
2,000 O. & M. Cer.	28⅛	400 Reading R.....b10	116⅛
20,000 do	28⅜	100 Mich. Cen. R.	116⅛
500 Canton Co.	46	100 Mich. S. & N. I. R.	76⅛
100 do.....b30	46	200 Cleve. & Pitts	92⅜
100 Cumb. Coal Pr.	44	500 do	92⅜
300 Mar. Mining	15⅛	100 Chi. & N. W.	35⅞
50 do	15⅜	700 do	36
100 Mariposa Pref.	20⅜	50 do	36
100 do	20⅜	100 Chic. & N. W. Pr	65⅛
100 N. Y. Central	97	500 do	65¼
100 do	96⅞	200 do	65⅜
200 do	97	100 Chi. & N. W. Pr.	65½
200 Erie Railway	92⅛	100 P., Ft. W. & Chi	106½
100 do	92⅛	200 do	106⅝
1100 do	92⅛	100 do	106⅝
100 do.....b3	92⅛	100 do.....s3	106⅝
500 do.....s3	92¼	400 do.....b10	106⅝
100 Hud. R. R.	109	200 do	106⅜
200 Reading R.....b3	116⅞	200 do.....b3	106⅞
200 do	116¼	100 Mil. & P. du C.	94½
200 do.....s3	116⅜	300 McGr. & W. R.	27
700 do	116⅜	100 do	27⅛
200 do.....s30	116⅜	200 do	27¼
100 N. Y. Guano	15¾		

OPEN BOARD—9½ A. M.

$10,000 O. & M. Cer.	28⅛	500 Mich. S. & N. I.	75⅜
100 Canton Co.	45⅞	do.....c	75⅜
200 do.....s3	45⅞	100 do.....s3	75⅜
600 Schuylkill Coal b10	11	600 Cleve. & Pitts.	92⅛
200 do.....b15	11⅝	100 Chic. & R. I.	107⅛
100 Cumb. Coal	45¾	100 do.....s3	107⅛
400 Mariposa M. Co.	15⅞	100 do.....c	107⅛
100 do.....c	15⅞	200 Chi. & N. W.....s3	35⅞
100 do.....b3	15⅞	100 do.....c	35⅝
100 Mariposa Pref.....b3	20⅝	200 do.....b3	35⅝
100 N. Y. Central.....b3	96⅞	100 Chic. & N. W. Pr.....s3	65⅛
400 Erie Railroad.....c	91⅞	200 do	65¼
200 do	91⅞	100 do.....c	65¼
100 Hud. Riv. R.....b20	108	300 do.....b3	65⅛
200 Reading R.....c	115⅛	100 P., Ft. W. & C.....b10	106⅝
700 do.....s3	115⅛	200 do	106⅝
200 do.....c	115⅜	100 do	106⅝
100 do.....b3	115⅜	100 do.....b30	106
100 Mil. & P. du C. R.	95⅛	100 do.....s3	105⅞
300 McG. West. R.	27	200 do	105⅜
100 do.....b10	27	100 do.....s30	105⅞

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

$20,000 O. & M. Cer.	28⅛	300 M. So. & N. I.....c	76
100 Canton Co.	45⅞	200 do	76
200 do	45⅞	700 do.....b3	76⅛
300 Cum. Coal.....c	43⅜	600 Cleve. & Pitts.	92⅜
100 do.....c	43⅛	600 do.....c	92⅛
200 Schuylkill Coal	11	400 do.....c	92⅜
500 Ashburton Coal	19	200 do.....s3	92⅜
400 Mariposa M. Co.	15⅛	500 do	92⅜
600 do.....b3	15⅛	200 do.....c	92⅜
200 do.....s3	15⅜	600 Cleve. & Tol. R.	102½
400 Mariposa Pref.	20⅜	100 Ill. Cen. R.	131⅛
200 do	20⅛	100 Quick. Min. Co.	47⅛
100 New-York Cen.	96⅞	400 Chi. & R. I.	107⅜
100 do.....c	96⅞	100 do.....s3	107⅜
200 do.....s3	96⅜	100 do	107⅜
1100 Erie Railroad.....s3	92⅛	400 Chic. & N. W.	35⅞
300 do	92⅛	200 do.....b3	35⅞
400 do.....c	92⅛	600 do.....s3	35⅞
200 do.....s4	92⅛	200 do.....b10	36
200 do.....b3	92⅛	100 Chi. & N. W. Pr.	65⅛
100 do	92⅛	400 do	65⅛
200 Reading R.	116⅛	100 P., F. W. & C.....b3	106
300 do.....b10	116⅛	300 do	106
100 do.....b3	116⅛	300 do.....b3	106⅛
500 do.....b10	116⅛	100 do.....c	106
900 do	116⅛	100 do.....s3	106
200 McG. & W. R.....s3	26⅛	100 do.....b10	106⅛
200 N. Y. Guano Co.	15		

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

$10,000 Am. Gold..bnw	148⅛	400 Mich. S. & N. I...b3	76⅜
300 Canton Co.	46⅜	800 do	76⅜
200 do	46⅜	1700 Cleve. & Pitts.	93
200 Cum. Coal	43⅜	500 do	92⅞
400 Schuylkill Coal	11⅞	600 do	93⅛
100 do.....b10	11⅞	600 do	93⅛
100 Ashburton Coal	19⅛	2400 do	93⅛
100 Mar. Min. Co.	15⅞	2700 do	93⅛
100 do.....s3	15⅞	100 do.....s3	93⅛
100 do.....b30	15⅞	400 do.....b30	93⅛
100 do.....b3	15⅞	200 do.....b3	93⅛
100 Mariposa Pref	20⅜	100 Chic. & N. W.....b10	36
100 do	20⅜	200 do.....b3	36
100 do.....b3	20⅜	500 do	35⅞
100 N. Y. Cen.....b20	97	500 do.....s3	35⅞
100 do	96⅞	200 do.....b4	36
100 do	97	100 Chi. & N. W. Pr.b10	65⅛
200 do	97⅛	100 do	65⅛
200 Erie Railway	92⅛	100 P., Ft. W. & Chi.....s3	106½
100 do	92⅛	200 do	106⅝
1100 do	92⅛	100 do	106⅝
100 do.....b3	92⅛	100 do.....b10	106⅝
500 do.....s3	92⅛	400 do.....s3	106⅝
100 Hud. R. R.	109	200 do	106⅜
200 Reading R.....b3	116⅞	200 do.....b3	106⅞
200 do	116⅛	100 Mil. & P. du C.	94½
200 do.....s3	116⅜	300 McGr. & W. R.	27
700 do	116⅜	100 do	27⅛
200 do.....s30	116⅜	200 do	27¼
100 N. Y. Guano	15¾		

THURSDAY, Nov. 30—P. M.

The markets for Money and Exchange are quiet to-day. The rate of Money to the Brokers continues at full 7 ₱ cent. on miscellaneous collateral. Bills on London are held firm for Saturday's mail, though no important amount of business has thus far been done; the quotation is 109¼ ₱ cent. The sales of Gold were 148¼@148⅜ ₱ cent., the price moderately well supported, though a good supply of Gold continues to come on the market. The speculators for the rise are now understood to be operating on the chances of something of a belligerent nature in the President's Message next week; but this is probably the merest guess work, whether referring to the Mexican or *Alabama* question.

At the Stock Exchange the changes from yesterday in Government Stocks were not important. The market this afternoon was almost identical with the latest sales of Wednesday. The Railway and Miscellaneous speculation, on the other hand, was strongly upward, particularly so as the dealings of the day progressed after the first call of the list at the morning regular Board. Among the Western Roads, the advance was strongest on Fort Wayne and Cleveland and Pittsburgh, about both of which the reports are encouraging for liberal dividends for January. The regular quarterly dividend of 2½ ₱ cent. on the Fort Wayne is, of course, assured, and there is some street talk of an extra dividend in scrip to represent the surplus earnings of 1865 put into construction. Michigan Southern was also firmer, and in Erie there was an advance of ¼ ₱ cent. on the lowest sales of Wednesday. Reading advanced 1@1¼ ₱ cent.: Northwest of both classes steady, and there was a demand for Marietta and Cincinnati, First Preferred, and for Milwaukee and St. Paul's Preferred, the latter at 74 ₱ cent. The explanation of the President of this last-named Road in regard to the La Crosse Farm Mortgage difficulty will be found in another place. It appears that the occurrence yesterday referred to by telegram from Wisconsin was on the old Eastern Division of the La Crosse, which has been so long in vexatious litigation. The miscellaneous speculation is higher on Mariposa, Ashburton Coal and Canton.

At 4 o'clock the following quotations were made, as compared with yesterday afternoon, the Railways leaving off firm. Gold 148¼ ₱ cent. New-York Central advanced to 97¼.

	Wed.	Thurs.		Wed.	Thurs.
U. S. 10-40s	105¼	105⅜	Northwest	36¾	36⅞
U. S. 5-20s	101	101	N. West Pref	65¾	65⅞
U. S. 7-30s	97	97	Rock Island	107¾	107⅞
N. Y. Central	96⅞	97⅛	Fort Wayne	106⅜	106⅝
Erie	91⅞	92⅛	Cumb'land Coal	43¾	43⅞
Hudson	109	109	Quicksilver	47	47⅛
Reading	116⅛	116⅜	Mariposa	15¼	15⅜
Mich. Southern	75¾	76⅛	Canton	45⅞	46⅛
Illinois Central	133	132	Ohio Certificates	28¼	28
Pittsburgh	92¼	93⅛	American Gold	148¼	148⅜
Prairie du Chien	95	94½	Bills on London	109⅛	109⅜

At the Treasury Office, to-day, $830,000 in Gold were deposited for Certificates, and $393,000 received for Customs.

The following bids were made for the City Bank Shares:

Merchants'	110	Importers' & Traders'	100
Mechanics'	110	Manuf'ers & Merchants'	100
Union	116	N.Y. National Exc. Bk.	121½
America	130	Central National	102
Phenix	98	Ninth National	104½
Tradesmen's	127	Bank of the Republic	108½
National	105	Hanover	110
Merchants' Exch'ge	101½	Irving	102
State of New-York	101	Metropolitan	120
Commerce	106	People's	112½
Mechanics' B'k Ass.	100	Market	110
Ocean	90	Shoe and Leather	104
American

1865, were, 50,148 bales—22,282,268 lbs. The Imports of Wool into New-York for the month ending November 28, 1865, were 7,703 bales—4,292,012 lbs.

Current Prices for Domestic Wool in New-York, Dec. 1, 1865.

	Cents per lb.
New-York, Michigan, Vermont.	
Choice Saxony fleece	65@70
Saxony fleece	60@65
Full blood fleece and ¾ blood fleece	58@60
Native and ½ fleece	50@55
Common fleece	
Ohio, Pennsylvania and Virginia.	
Choice Saxony fleece	75@80
Saxony fleece	68@72
Full blood fleece	
½ and ¾ blood fleece	
Native and ¼ fleece	55@62
Common fleece	
Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa and Indiana.	
Saxony fleece	57@62
Full blood fleece	
¾ and ½ blood fleece	
Native and ¼ fleece	50@55
Common fleece	
Kentucky, Missouri and Tennessee.	
Washed fleeces	53@63
Unwashed fleeces	35@43
Southern unwashed fleece	30@40
Southern unwashed fleece burry	20@24
Texas.	
Unwashed fleece	30@40
Unwashed fleece burry	22@25
California.	
Washed fleece	46@62
Unwashed fleece, fine	25@42
Unwashed fleece, medium	
Unwashed fleece, coarse	20@30
Unwashed burry, coarse	14@22
Pulled fine	45@57
Pulled medium	40@45
Pulled common	32@36
Pulled Wool.	
New-York City, extra	60@65
New-York City, super	55@60
New-York City, No. 1	42@47
New-York City, No. 2	14@17
Country, extra	65@70
Country, super	58@61
Country, No. 1	46@52
Country No. 2	18@20
Lambs	45@55
Western limed pulled	35@44
Southern limed pulled	33@40
Tub washed	60@72

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool, the engagements included 7,000 bushels Wheat at 7d. ₱ bushel; 100 bales Cotton at 5-16d. ₱ lb.; 50 hhds. Tobacco at 35s Also, by steamer, 250 bales Cotton at ½d. ₱ lb.; 250 boxes Bacon at 25s. For Glasgow, 4,000 bbls. Flour at 2s. 3d. ₱ bbl., and 14,000 bushels Wheat at 7½d. ₱ bush.

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

SPECIAL SESSION—WEDNESDAY, Nov. 30, 1865.

The board met pursuant to the following call:

NEW-YORK, Nov. 28, 1865.

D. T. Valentine, Esq.:

SIR: You will please notify the members of the Board of Aldermen to meet in special session in the chamber of the City Hall, on Thursday, Thirtieth instant, at two o'clock P. M., for the purpose of transacting such business as may come before the board.

JAMES O'BRIEN, Fifteenth District.
TERRENCE FARLEY, Sixteenth District.
JOHN BRICE, Eleventh District.
LEWIS R. RYERS, Ninth District.
PETER MASTERSON, Thirteenth District.
W. H. GEDNEY, Seventh District.
JOHN D. OTTIWELL, Fourteenth District.
JOHN MOORE, First District.
BERNARD KELLY, Twelfth District.
MICHAEL H. NORTON, Third District.

Present—Morgan Jones, Esq., President; Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley and Van Voorhis.

The minutes of July eight and ten were read and approved.

PETITIONS.

By the President—

Petition of L. Dormitzer for permission to exhibit goods in front of his place of business.

Prayer of petitioner granted.

By the President—

Petition of H. Noll for permission to place a sign in front of his premises.

Prayer of petitioner granted.

By the same—

Petition of A. D. Rochinger for permission to exhibit goods in front of his place of business.

Which was referred to the Alderman representing the district.

By Alderman Farley—

Petition of the Rector, &c., of the Anglo-American Free Church of St. George the Martyr, to be relieved from tax and assessments as per donation.

Which was referred to Committee on Finance.

By the President—

Petition of Nicolas L. C. Roome for compensation for injuries received by a fall, caused by his foot tripping in a hole in the sidewalk.

Which was referred to the Alderman representing the district.

By Alderman Norton—

Petition of Robert Sharp for permission to erect a news-stand on the southeast corner of Canal and Centre streets.

Which was granted.

By Alderman Ryers—

Petition of the Woman's Infirmary Association (Washington Heights) for a donation.

Which was referred to Committee on Finance.

By the President—

Application of the Trustees of the St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum for a donation.

Which was referred to Committee on Finance.

By Alderman Ryers—

Petition of Meyer & Smith to received and deliver goods in front of their place of business.

Which was granted.

Petition of the German Dispensary for a donation.

Which was referred to Committee on Finance.

By Alderman Ottiwell—

Petition of the Sisters of Mercy, for a plot of ground for building purposes.

Which was referred to Committee on Finance.

By Alderman Ryers—

Whereas, The Comptroller, on the fifteenth day of June last, transmitted to the Common Council a communication calling attention to the fact that no provision had been made for the payment of interest on the "Volunteer Soldiers' Family Aid Fund Bond Number Twelve," and recommended that an appropriation be made for that purpose of fifteen thousand dollars; also the same as to interest on Central Park Improvement Fund Stock of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, and recommended that ten thousand dollars be appropriated therefor; and,

Whereas, The ordinance amending the ordinance making the annual appropriations for one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, was amended at that time in the Board of Aldermen, by adding the above-mentioned items, but the same were inadvertently omitted to be attached to such ordinance, and in consequence were not pressed by either branch of the Common Council; therefore, be it

Resolved, That appropriations be made for the following purposes, viz.:

For interest on Volunteer Soldiers' Family Aid Fund Number Twelve, fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000.)

For interest on Central Park Improvement Fund Stock of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, ten thousand dollars ($10,000.)

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Brice—

Resolved, That Twenty-sixth-street, from the Sixth to the Eighth avenue, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

By Alderman Kelly—

Resolved, That Avenues C and D, from Twelfth to Seventeenth street, be lighted with gas, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Norton—

Resolved, That permission be and hereby is given to Doctor B. M. Duke, to exhibit a sign in front of his place of business, number three hundred and sixty-five Canal-street, such permission to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Brice—

Resolved, That Henry L. Sutton, residing at number one hundred and seventy West Thirty-seventh-street, be included in the list of blind persons entitled to a donation of fifty dollars each from the city.

Which was referred to the Comptroller with power.

By Alderman Kelly—

Resolved, That Thirteenth-street, between Avenues C and D, be lighted with gas, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Brice—

Resolved, That the sidewalks on the southwest and northwest corners of Eighty-sixth-street and Broadway be flagged, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Norton—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to James Buest, to keep a paper stand on the corner of West and Desbrosses streets, said permission to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Brice—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Ellen Traphagen to place a gas lamp in front of her premises, on the southwest corner of Sixth-avenue and Thirtieth-street, said permission to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Alderman Ryers moved to amend by adding, "The following to be erected and lighted at our own cost and expense."

Which was carried.

And the resolution, as amended, was adopted.

Resolved, That permission be and hereby is given to Antonio Beginni, to keep a stand for the sale of fruit, &c., on the corner of Cedar and Nassau Streets, until otherwise ordered by the Common Council.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

By Alderman Kelly—

Resolved, That permission be and hereby is given to William Kelly, to keep a stand for the sale of fruit, on the southwest corner of Tenth-street and Avenue B, such permission to continue until otherwise ordered by the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Kelly—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Gulfoyle & McQuinton to place a sign in front of their place of business, number two hundred and sixty-nine East Eleventh-street, the permission hereby given to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By the President—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to John Henry, number one hundred and fifty-five Chatham-street, to exhibit goods in front of his premises, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Farley—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for building a pier at the foot of Seventy-second-street, East River, without delay.

Which was referred to Committee on Wharves, Piers and Slips.

By Alderman Norton—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to place the name of Michael McCourt, of number seventy North Moore-street, on the list of blind persons who are to receive a donation.

Which was referred to the Comptroller with power.

By the President—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to place the name of John Miller, residing at number one hundred and fifty-eight Stanton-street, on the list of blind persons who are to receive a donation of fifty dollars each.

Which was referred to the Comptroller with power.

By the President—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Richard Cook, to keep a stand in Burling-slip, said permission to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

By the President—

Resolved, That the Comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to place the following persons' names on the blind list: John Fitzpatrick, Daniel Tuomy, Margaret Cotter, Catharine Sullivan, Julia Raymond, Timothy Conners, William Smith, Charles Byrem, Mary Landers, Thomas Sullivan, Mary Collins and James Hartnett.

Which was referred to the Comptroller with power.

By Alderman O'Brien—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to widen the L on the south side of pier number thirty-six North River, seventy feet on the eastern side.

Which was referred to the Committee on Wharves, Piers and Slips.

By Alderman Norton—

Resolved, That Leonard-street, from Broadway to Hudson-street, be paved with Belgian Pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

By Alderman Shannon—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to place the following names on the list of blind persons who are to receive a donation of fifty dollars each:

William S. anley, residing at number two hundred and twenty-two Elizabeth-street.

Henry Conny, residing at number two hundred and twenty-two Elizabeth-street.

William Mansville, residing at number two hundred and sixteen Elizabeth-street.

John Brannigan, residing at number two hundred and sixteen Elizabeth-street.

Charles Howser, residing at number two hundred and sixteen Elizabeth-street.

Cornelius O'Brien, residing at number one hundred and thirty-five Baxter-street.

Michael Singleton, residing at number forty-four Marion-street.

Which was referred to the Comptroller with power.

By Alderman Shannon—

Resolved, That the name of Agnes McDonnell, also Edward Hopby, be added to the list of blind people to receive fifty dollars donation.

Which was referred to the Comptroller with power.

By Alderman Shannon—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Mary Haley to keep a stand in front of number sixty-eight Bowery, she having obtained permission from the property owners, such permission to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Ryers—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Benjamin F. Brady, for the sum of three hundred and seventy-nine dollars, for engrossing, mounting and framing resolutions passed relative to the death of Robert T. Haws and Brigadier-General James S. Wadsworth, and that the said amount be taken from the appropriation for city contingencies.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Shannon.

Whereas, A resolution was adopted by the Board of Aldermen December, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, by the Board of Councilmen December twenty-nine, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and approved by the Mayor December thirty, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, authorizing the Street Commissioner to erect a partition across the hall-way of the City Hall, adjoining the Mayor's Office, for the use of the Mayor, at a cost not exceeding the sum of five hundred dollars; and whereas such amount is insufficient to pay the bills incurred in the performance of such work, and the Comptroller not being justified in auditing the same; therefore, be it

Resolved, That an additional appropriation of fifteen hundred and eighty-six dollars and fifty-eight cents be and the same is hereby made for the payment of bills of Woth & Harmin, for five hundred and fifty-two dollars; Andrew J. Fisher, for four hundred and fifteen dollars and fifty cents; and Lewis Carpenter, for six hundred and nineteen dollars and eight cents, and the Comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to pay the same from the appropriation set apart for the "Construction and Repairs of Public Buildings."

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Farley—

Resolved, That the Counsel to the Corporation be and he is hereby authorized and directed to take the necessary legal measures to cause Seventy-second-street, from the West side of Fourth-avenue to the East River to be opened according to law.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

By Alderman Ottiwell—

Resolved, That Twentieth-street from Fourth-avenue to Broadway, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Van Voorhis—

Resolved, That gas mains be laid in One Hundred and Fifty-eighth-street, from the Tenth-avenue to Hudson River, under the direction of the Street Commissioners.

Which was referred to Committee on Lamps and Gas.

By Alderman Norton—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Hugh McCoy to keep a stand on the corner of West and Murray streets, such permission to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Norton—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to James Burnham to place a sign in front of number forty-four West Broadway, such permission to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman O'Brien—

Resolved, That the Croton Board be and they are hereby authorized and directed to place a receiving basin on the southeast corner of Thirty-third-street and First-avenue.

Which was referred to Committee on Sewers.

MOTIONS.

Alderman Ryers moved that when this board adjourns it do so to meet on Wednesday, the sixth proximo, at two o'clock P. M.

Which was carried.

RESOLUTIONS RESUMED.

By Alderman O'Brien—

Resolved, That First-avenue, from Thirty-seventh to Thirty-ninth street, be regulated and graded, the curb and gutter stones set, and the sidewalks flagged, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

By Alderman Norton—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to George W. Harper to keep a stand on the southeast corner of Broome and Greene streets, such permission to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Shannon—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to place the names of John Hopby, residing at number ninety-one Mott-street; Agnes McDonald, of number seventy-three Suffolk-street, and Charles Rodgers, of number one hundred and thirty-six Mott-street, on the list of blind persons who are to receive the sum of fifty dollars each as a donation.

Which was referred to the Comptroller with power.

By Alderman Brice—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to flag and reflag the sidewalks in Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth streets, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Flynn—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Messrs. R. E. Allen and Company, to put up and erect a dumping board to remove cellar dirt, said board to be put up on the south side of the pier at the foot of Hammond-street, to occupy about eighty-five feet of said pier, for which they have obtained the permission of the lessees of said pier. It being understood that no spiles are to be driven in the erection of said dumping board. Such permission to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman O'Brien—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Palmer and Flanagan, to show goods in front of their premises, number three hundred and ninety-two Third-avenue, such permission to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Brice—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed, to place the name of Peter Conover, residing at number one hundred and twelve West Thirty-third-street, on the list of blind persons who are to receive as al donation the sum of fifty dollars.

Which was referred to the Comptroller with power.

By Alderman Shannon—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed, to place the names of Charles Rogers, residing at number one hundred and thirty-six Mott-street, on the list of blind persons who are to receive as a donation the sum of fifty dollars.

Which was referred to the Comptroller with power.

By Alderman Norton—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to T. Bailey, to place a show-case in front of his premises, number three hundred and seventy-one Canal-street, to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Norton—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Tuck & Taylor, to have a show-case in front of their place of business, number sixteen Bowery, said permission to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman O'Brien—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to place the name of D. Maskell, residing at number one hundred and twenty-one Twenty-ninth-street, on the list of blind persons who are to receive as a donation the sum of fifty dollars.

Which was referred to the Comptroller with power.

By Alderman Norton—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to place the name of William H. Dickinson on the list of blind persons who are to receive as a donation the sum of fifty dollars.

Which was referred to the Comptroller with power.

By Alderman Norton—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to H. Holgwasse to exhibit goods in front of his premises, number fifty-four West Broadway, such permission to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By the President—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to R. A. Lewis to place a show case and sign on the sidewalk opposite his premises, number one hundred and sixty Chatham-street, said permission to continue during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman O'Brien—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to take the necessary measures to have the pier at the foot of Twenty-eighth-street, East River, put into complete and thorough repair, without any unnecessary delay.

Which was referred to Committee on Wharves, Piers and Slips.

By Alderman Brice—

Resolved, That two gas lamps be erected and lighted in front of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Fortieth-street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Brice—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of William Stanley, a blind person, residing at the southeast corner of Thirty-fifth-street and Ninth-avenue, for the sum of fifty dollars, as a donation, and charge the amount to the appropriation for donations.

Referred to the Comptroller with power.

By Alderman Masterson—

Resolved, That Broadway, from Fifty-ninth-street to Sixty-ninth-street, be lighted with gas, (when the posts have been removed or taken down,) under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was adopted.

By the President—

Resolved, That Messrs. J. Bauer and Company be and they are hereby given permission to place a show-case upon the sidewalk at the entrance to their premises, number six hundred and fifty Broadway, to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Masterson—

Resolved, That the curb and gutter stones be set and reset, and the sidewalks flagged and reflagged, to the full width where necessary, in the Sixth-avenue, from Forty-fifth to Fifty-ninth streets, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance adopted therefor.

Which was referred to the Committee on Roads.

By Alderman Ryers—

Resolved, That James B. Bulock, of the City of New-York, counselor at law, be and he is hereby reappointed Commissioner of Deeds for the City and County of New-York.

Which was referred to the Committee on Salaries and Offices.

By Alderman Gedney—

Resolved, That the name of John Baleer, of number one hundred and thirty-six West Thirteenth-street, aged twenty-two years, born in this city, be added to the list of blind persons entitled to receive a donation from the city treasury of fifty dollars.

Which was referred to the Comptroller with power.

By Alderman Brice—

Resolved, That the sidewalk in Thirtieth-street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, be flagged and reflagged where necessary, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

By Alderman Brice—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Bartholomew Francis, a blind person, residing at number one hundred and twenty-four West Twenty-seventh-street, for the sum of fifty dollars as a donation, and charge the same to the account of donations.

Referred to Comptroller with power.

By Alderman Ottiwell—

Resolved, That Irving-place, from Fourteenth-street to Gramercy Park, be paved with Belgian Pavement, under the direction of the Croton Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Laid over.

By Alderman Farley—

Resolved, That two gas lamps be placed in front of the Fortieth-street Presbyterian Church, between Lexington and Third avenues, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Norton—

Resolved, That the sidewalk in front of numbers thirty-nine and forty-one Chambers-street be reflagged, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

By Alderman Ottiwell—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Henry Bergh to build bay windows to his house in West Twenty-second-street, said permission to continue during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman O'Brien—

Resolved, That Twenty-seventh, Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth streets, from the First to the Fifth avenues, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

By Alderman Brice—

Resolved, That the sidewalk on the southwest corner of Broadway and Thirty-sixth-street be flagged full width, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance be adopted therefor.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

By Aldermen O'Brien—

Resolved, That the sidewalks on the east side of Sixth-avenue, between Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth streets, be flagged and reflagged the full width, where necessary, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

By Alderman Moore—

Resolved, That two gas lamps be placed in front of the church on the northeast corner of Twentieth-street and Sixth-avenue, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Norton—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Fowler and Wells and J. W. Ward, numbers three hundred and eighty-one and three hundred and eighty-nine Broadway, to continue the signs in front of their premises during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Brice—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of A. Brandon for the sum of sixteen hundred and fifty ($1,650) dollars, in payment for labor, materials and disbursements ordered by the Committee on National Affairs, as per annexed bill, and charge the same to account of City Contingencies, or any other appropriate account.

Which was referred to Committee on National Affairs.

By Alderman Ryers—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Joseph Thear to place a stand in front of his premises, number two hundred and fifty-seven Second-street, such permission to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Van Voorhis—

Resolved, That the sidewalk in Eighty-ninth-street, between Third and Fourth avenues, and Thomas Carroll and Daniel O'Brien, living in Eighty-ninth-street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues, be placed on the list of blind persons to receive a donation of fifty dollars.

Which was referred to the Comptroller with power.

By Alderman Flynn—

Resolved, That the name of Anthony Riely, who resides at number one hundred and six Greene-street, be placed on the list of persons who are to receive a donation of fifty dollars.

Which was referred to the Comptroller with power.

By Alderman Van Voorhis—

Resolved, That a sewer be built in one hundred and twenty-eighth-street, between Second and Third avenues, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was referred to Committee on Sewers.

By Alderman Masterson—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to J. Renkin, to erect and maintain a gas lamp in front of his premises, on Eighth-avenue, between Forty-ninth and Fiftieth streets, at his own cost and expense.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Masterson—

Resolved, That a free drinking hydrant be placed on the westerly side of Sixth-avenue, between Fifty-fourth and Fifty-fifth streets, the same to be done under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Masterson—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and is hereby directed to have steps placed at the intersection of Broadway and Eighty-fourth-street forthwith, at a cost not exceeding one hundred and fifty dollars, the same to be taken from the appropriation for repairs.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Masterson—

Resolved, That a free drinking hydrant be placed on the easterly side of Seventh-avenue, between Fifty-seventh and Fifty-eighth streets, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Van Voorhis—

Resolved, That four additional lamps be placed on the road leading from One Hundred and Twenty-sixth-street to the convent, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Farley—

Resolved, That John Mehan be and he is appointed one of the City Surveyors in and for the City of New-York.

Which was referred to Street Commissioner with power.

By the President—

Resolved, That the name of Patrick Conklin, of number fifty-six Mulberry-street, be placed on the list of blind persons who are to receive a donation of fifty dollars each.

Which was referred to Comptroller with power.

By Alderman McKnight—

Resolved, That Houston-street from Lewis-street to Mangin-street, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Cronton Aqueduct Department.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

By Alderman Ryers—

Resolved, That the County Clerk be and is hereby requested to transmit to this board at his earliest convenience a complete list of all Commissioners of Deeds now holding appointment, together with the date of such appointments.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman McKnight—

Resolved, That the name of John Yager, number ninety-three Willett-street, be added to the list of blind persons for the donation of fifty dollars.

Which was referred to Comptroller with power.

By Alderman McKnight—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby directed to draw his warrant in favor of James Moore, Treasurer, for the sum of forty-seven dollars, being the amount of assessment against the property of the Sisters of Charity in East Broadway.

Which was laid over.

By the President—

Resolved, That permission be and is hereby given to Thomas J. Jackson, to receive and deliver goods in front of his premises, number four hundred and forty Pearl-street, such permission to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman McKnight—

Resolved, That permission be and is hereby given to Edward Burnt to erect a stand for the sale of newspapers on the south end of the Park, between Park-row and Broadway, such permission to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman McKnight—

Resolved, That permission be, and the same is hereby given, to James Pearsall, to keep and maintain a stand in front of his premises, on the northwest corner of South and Beekman-street, such permission to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman McKnight—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of the Mendelsohn Benevolent Society for the sum of one hundred and seventy dollars, as a donation, in order to enable the said Society to pay an assessment for building sewer in Eighty-seventh-street, between Third and Fourth avenues, and charge the amount to the account of donations.

Which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

PAPERS FROM THE BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

Resolution to remove the lamp in front of premises number one hundred and thirty-three Broadway.

Which was concurred in.

Petition of William R. Martin to tap the Croton pipe in Fifth-avenue.

Which was concurred in by the following vote—

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, The President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Brice, Kelly, O'Brien, Van Voorhis—12.

Negative—Alderman Masterson—1.

Alderman Masterson moved that the board do now adjourn.

Which was carried by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, The President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, O'Brien, Van Voorhis—8.

Negative—The President, Aldermen Norton, Shannon, McKnight, Brice—5.

And the President announced that the board stood adjourned until Wednesday next, the sixth proximo, at two o'clock P. M.

D. T. VALENTINE, Clerk.

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POPULAR PRICES.
SETTS FOR LADIES AND MISSES.
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GENT'S FUR MUFFLERS, CAPS AND GAUNTLETS,
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SMITH & LOUNSBERY,
No. 456 BROADWAY, near Grand-st., have now on hand a full assortment of ENGLISH VELVET, TAPESTRY and BRUSSELS CARPETING; also, THREE-PLY and INGRAIN CARPETS, DRUGGETS, and all other articles pertaining to the Carpet trade, which they are selling at IMPORTED and MANUFACTURERS' PRICES for CASH.

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ENGLISH PARAMATTAS, 6-4 WIDE, SILK WARP.
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EMPRESS KID GLOVES,
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Beautiful colors and quality.

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In black and colors for ladies and misses.

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THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF GLOVES
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New styles.

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RIBBON VELVETS, ALL COLORS,
New style dress trimmings, worsted ball fringe all colors, goat hair fringes and tassels.

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THE CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF AN INVALID—Published for the benefit, and as a caution, to young men and others who suffer from nervous debility, premature decay of manhood, &c., supplying at the same time the means of self-cure. By one who has cured himself after undergoing considerable quackery. By inclosing a post-paid addressed envelope, single copies may be had of the author.
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An extensive assortment of new patterns parlor, chamber and dining-room furniture; also, library suites. All goods warranted. WM. H. LEE, No. 199 Fulton-st., between Broadway and Greenwich-st.

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Patent rosewood bedsteads, patent rosewood bureaus, (the handling of a number of keys avoided, one lock controlling four drawers.) Also, rosewood, black walnut, and oak library, dining-room and chamber furniture, at SPRINGMEYER BROS., (late J. H. Belter & Co.,) No. 722 Broadway, (established 1844,) opposite the New-York Hotel. Factory 3d-av., corner of 16th-st.

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FIVE ELEGANT ROOMS, FURNISHED or unfurnished, in a large house on Murray Hill, can be had by a party of high standing wishing a private table and willing to pay liberally. Address, with name, W. E. W., Box No. 103 *Times* Office.

A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED PARLOR floor to let, private table, between 30th and 34th sts., near Madison-av.; family strictly private; reference given and required. MADISON, Box No. 102 *Times* Office.

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57 WEST ELEVENTH-ST.—A CARD.—ELEgantly furnished r

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, DEC. 1, 1865.

Amusements this Evening.

BARNUM'S NEW MUSEUM—Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway—MAMMOTH FAT WOMEN, NOVA SCOTIA GIANT GIRL, THE CIRCASSIAN FAMILY, W. B. HARRISON, THE COMIC EXTEMPORANEOUS SINGER. Afternoon at 3, and Evening at 7½.—THE LADY OF MUNSTER—CIRCUS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—L'AFRICAINE.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—KING LEAR.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE—KENNETH—LARBOARD FIN—LEND ME FIVE SHILLINGS.

WALLACK'S—LOST IN LONDON.

WINTER GARDEN—THE OCTOROON.

FOX'S OLD BOWERY THEATRE—SINBAD THE SAILOR—A FAVORITE DRAMA.

BROADWAY THEATRE—SAM.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—SLEEPING BEAUTY IN THE WOODS—MONTE CRISTO.

WOOD'S MINSTRELS—ETHIOPIAN SONGS, DANCES, &C.—THE MANAGER'S TRIUMPH.

BRYANT'S MINSTRELS—THE LATEST FROM PARIS—THE LIVE INGIN—CHALLENGE DANCE—LES MISERABLES, &C.

TEMPLE OF MUSIC—Corner of Grand and Crosby sts.—THORPE & OVERIN'S MINSTRELS OF ALL NATIONS—SONGS, DANCES, BURLESQUES, &C.

GEORGE CHRISTY'S MINSTRELS—Nos. 2 and 4 West 24th-st., adjoining 5th-av. Hotel—SINGING, DANCING, BURLESQUES, &C.

AMERICAN THEATRE—No. 444 BROADWAY—A GRAND ENTERTAINMENT.

THE HIPPOTHEATRON—NEW-YORK CIRCUS—EQUESTRIAN ENTERTAINMENTS.

BROADWAY ATHENÆUM—Between Fourth-street and Astor-place—MAGNIFICENT SCENIC ILLUSIONS.

ARTISTS' FUND SOCIETY EXHIBITION—At National Academy of Design, corner 23d-st. and 4th-av.—EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS AND STATUARY.

FINE ART GALLERY, No. 625 Broadway—THE REPUBLICAN COURT; OR, LADY WASHINGTON'S RECEPTION DAY.

HOPE CHAPEL—PROF. WISEMAN—MAGIC, ART AND OTHER MARVELOUS DOINGS.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

GENERAL NEWS.

President JOHNSON yesterday issued a proclamation restoring the privileges of the writ of *habe s corpus* over all the old Free States, and most of the Territories. The States excepted are Virginia, North and South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas and Texas, the Territories of Arizona and New-Mexico, and the District of Columbia.

A Washington dispatch states that it is understood that in the organization of the House, the opposition will make a test case of the question of admitting the Tennessee delegation, and that the clerk will not place the names of this delegation upon the official roll, unless directed by the House to do so.

We have to record another fatal railroad disaster. Wednesday night, about 11 o'clock, as the through train for Richmond, which left Washington at 8:30 P. M., was passing over the road near Warrenton Junction, one of the cars was thrown from the track and dragged some distance. A brakeman and two soldiers were instantly killed. A lady and twenty-eight soldiers were badly injured, several having their limbs broken. The wreck was soon cleared away, and the injured and dead were cared for at the Junction.

Files of papers and official documents from Matamoras have been received, but are of too old a date to correct or confirm the more important news already received. It is quite probable that a number of refugees and adventurers have collected on the Texas side, and with more or less mischievous intent are sending their insults across the river, "eager for a fray," and having a low opinion of neutrality in general. The *Boletin* calls them "an uncurbed mob, a horde of banditti, unworthy of being called members of human society," and the American authorities, in giving protection to such men, wink at their conduct and share their degradation. Further particulars are given about the attack on the *Antonio*, and the statement is repeated that the Commander gave orders not to return the fire. The French Admiral had made a demand on Gen. WEITZEL for the release of a small steamer seized by the Liberals at Bagdad, but it was peremptorily refused.

From the Galveston *Bulletin* we learn that Lieut.-Col. E. MEYER, late of the United States Army, has been made General in the Liberal forces, and Dr. H. MORIAS, United States Army, a Major.

From Jamaica and Hayti news to the 17th is received. The Emperor SOULOUQUE, with his Prime Minister, and several members of his family and suite, have been expelled from Jamaica, and have gone to St. Thomas. The insurrection is thoroughly put down. Cape Haytien has been bombarded by two British steamers and destroyed. The troops of GEFFRARD occupy the place, and the rebellion is considered at an end.

We have later news of the Collins overland telegraph expedition. It appears that about fifty men have been scattered in detached parties along the American and Asiatic coasts, who will spend the Winter in surveying routes. Next Summer, it is hoped, this work will be so far completed that several thousand natives can be employed in planting poles. The vessel conveying Col. BULKLEY to Petropaulowski has just returned to San Francisco, after a very rough voyage.

The British Consul-General at Havana, Mr. BUNCH, (well-known blockade-runner,) has been appointed Chargé d'Affaires to Central America. His successor will be Mr. SYNGE, of the Sandwich Islands.

Gov. BROWNLOW's late course in rejecting the votes of several counties, on the ground of their illegality, causes much excitement in Tennessee. In the Legislature an excited discussion arose on a resolution offered by Mr. BRANDON, of Stewart County, which was intended as a censure of Gov. BROWNLOW. Mr. BRANDON was a rebel Colonel, and was wounded at Fort Donelson. He was sustained in his assault on the Governor by HEROD, STEELE, GARRETT and other Copperheads. The resolution was tabled by a decisive vote. BRANDON and others were very bitter in their denunciations of the Governor.

Resolutions favoring negro suffrage, brought before the Missouri Legislature on Monday last by Mr. HOLLISTER, were indefinitely postponed by a vote of 53 to 51.

The Alabama Legislature met, on Wednesday, and elected Messrs. HOUSTON and PARSONS as United States Senators.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun* says that the obituary proceedings which which will take place in Congress consequent upon the death of the late President will be of a very imposing character. Many of the most prominent in both branches will deliver eulogies, and a large edition will be printed.

Secretary SEWARD, according to the Chicago *Republican*, has written to Gen. LOGAN, requesting him to make an immediate decision on the question of his appointment as Minister to Mexico.

Hon. LITTLETON TAZEWELL, Commonwealth's Attorney, died yesterday morning at Richmond, Va. Mr. TAZEWELL was elected to a seat in the Virginia State Legislature last October, and only last week was elected to the office which he held at the time of his death.

The Evening *Post* gives the report that Mr. CONWAY, late Assistant Commissioner of the Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen and Abandoned Lands, in Louisiana, is about to proceed to England, for the purpose of encouraging English capitalists to engage in the cultivation of cotton by the help of the freedmen of the Southern States.

Advices from Nassau, N. P., announce the presence of Lieut.-Gen. JUBAL A. EARLY in that place, where he is residing for the present, and is engaged in writing a history of his campaigns.

Late advices from St. John, N. B., apprize us of the death of Chief-Justice PARKER, who was one of the most highly and deservedly respected public men in that province.

Rev. R. J. BRECKINRIDGE, D. D., has declined to accept the Presidency of Washington and Jefferson College, to which he was elected last Summer.

A boiler at the Penn Treaty Iron Works, Philadelphia, exploded yesterday, killing one man, injuring several, and destroying considerable property.

The carpet factory owned by ABRAM FOLSOM, Dover, N. H., was destroyed by fire yesterday morning.

The residences of Judge BARNARD and Judge EMOTT, of Poughkeepsie, were entered by burglars, on Wednesday night, and all the silver taken.

It is stated that ROBERT TOOMBS has escaped from Georgia and sailed for Europe. It will be remembered that the government officers attempted to arrest him at the same time STEPHENS and C. C. CLAY were nabbed. They proceeded to TOOMBS' house, but he disappeared out of one door as they entered at another.

The Gold Hill *News*, Nevada, states that on the 7th inst. the overland stage, carrying nine passengers and the express of WELLS, FARGO & Co., was stopped by five highwaymen below the Gould & Curry mill, in Six-mile Canon, a short distance this side the Blowery, and the treasure box taken, broken open and its specie contents taken, and the passengers robbed.

The government detectives who have been operating among the counterfeiters in Philadelphia, for some months past, have succeeded in arresting several of the alleged principal dealers in counterfeit money. George Mansen, N. Price, J. Pennypacker, Abraham Bowers and Samuel Ramsey, were held for trial.

The Alabama Legislature on the 25th elected ALBERT ELMORE, of Montgomery, Secretary of State, M. A. CHISHOLM, of Montgomery, Comptroller of Public Accounts, and L. P. SAXON, of Coosa, State Treasurer. All were appointees of Provisional Gov. PARSONS.

Orders just promulgated from the War Department direct the muster out of about ten thousand more volunteer troops, consisting of infantry, cavalry and artillery.

VAN AMBURG, the great lion-tamer and successful manager of menageries, and well known in Europe and America, died suddenly on Wednesday at a Philadelphia hotel.

The Democrats and the Workingmen's and Citizens' Committee, of Boston, have united in nominating Hon. G. W. WARREN for Mayor.

Gen. KILPATRICK lectured last evening in Boston on the future party of this country.

LOCAL NEWS.

WILLIAM CHASE BARNEY, REGINOLD CHAUNCEY and BENTHAM FABIAN, were recently apprehended by Police Capt. JOHN JOURDAN, for an alleged attempt to defraud the General Government of $40,000 customs dues on 300 barrels of whisky. The whisky was in bond. If taken thence and shipped to a foreign port, the government would be constrained to remit the customs duty of $2 per gallon. It is alleged that the accused passed papers through the Custom-house with the intention of removing this whisky from bond and loading it aboard the ship *Ave Maria*, consigned to a firm in Havre, but that they really intended, on getting the consignment into their own hands, secretly and at night to deliver it to their alleged confederates in Brooklyn, and thus escape payment of the government dues. According to the testimony of Mr. EDWIN B. MEEKS, the accused made him a confidant, and he exploded the transaction. Hence the arrest. The examination in the case was resumed before Justice DOWLING, yesterday, Mr. JOHN SEDGWICK acting as prosecuting counsel, and Messrs. EDWIN JAMES, JAMES T. BRADY, ROBERT D. HOLMES and THOS. DUNPHY defending. CHAUNCEY and FABIAN await the event in their cells in the Tombs, and BARNEY is out under bail of $15,000. The hearing has been adjourned until 10:30 this morning.

An action of slander was brought on to trial yesterday in the Supreme Court Circuit, Part 2, before Justice E. D. SMITH and a jury. The defendant in the case was the proprietor of the formerly well-known restaurant on Broadway, styled the "Live and Let Live," and the plaintiff was his barkeeper. Between $200 and $300 were missed one day from the money drawer, and when the defendant discovered his loss he consulted a clairvoyant. The latter informed him that plaintiff was the thief, when the defendant returned to the saloon and publicly charged him with having committed the robbery. Hence the suit to recover $5,000 damages for the alleged defamatory words. When the plaintiff rested his case, defendant's counsel moved to dismiss the complaint on the ground that the slanderous words were not properly set forth in pleading, and that the testimony did not sustain the allegations in the complaint. The court took this view of it, and dismissed the complaint.

A fire occurred in the tenement house No. 113 Mott-street, early yesterday morning, resulting in the death of THOMAS BROWN, one of the occupants. The flames broke out in the basement of the building and spread with rapidity up the staircase, and Mr. BROWN, endeavoring to escape with some articles from his room, was suffocated by the smoke and burned in a terrible manner. An inquest will be held to-day by Coroner WILDEY. ELIZABETH ALEXANDER, aged 75 years, was also severely burned and injured by falling. She was taken to Bellevue Hospital.

The Kings County Court of Oyer and Terminer was organized yesterday, for the purpose of appointing a day for the trial of the alleged murderers of the Cuban, Señor JOSE GARCIA OTERO. The accused were not present. Messrs. WILLIAM C. DEWITT and ALEXANDER MCCUE were assigned by the court to defend the prisoners, and the second week in January next was set down for the trial. Subsequently, it was ascertained that PELLICIER, one of the prisoners, declined the services of counsel, and under these circumstances Mr. MCCUE withdrew from the case.

Last evening the Society of St. Andrew held their anniversary festival at DELMONICO'S, Fifth-avenue. Over one hundred and fifty guests sat down to dinner, amongst whom were the representatives of Her Britannic Majesty, of the Emperor of Brazil, Dr. FLETCHER, (the Brazilian traveler and writer,) Mayor GUNTHER, the representatives of kindred societies, and a number of other prominent gentlemen. With speeches, toasts and songs, and other good things in abundance, the hours passed merrily, till amongst the small ones of the morning the party separated.

Presiding Justice INGRAHAM, of the Supreme Court, has just given an important opinion in the case of DUGDALE et al. *vs.* SAMUEL T. WHITING et al., dissolving an injunction. The defendant had been temporarily restrained from collecting the coupons of certain bonds of the Mariposa Company. Motion was made to dissolve the injunction, which was granted, with costs.

WILLIAM CONWAY, a veteran sailor in the navy, who refused to haul down the United States flag at Pensacola, early in the rebellion, when ordered to do so by his superior officer, died yesterday, at the Naval Hospital. The remains will be interred with military honors, at 3 P. M. to-morrow, and the Society of Odd Fellows, of which the deceased was a member, are invited to take part in the last tribute of respect.

The General Term of the Supreme Court, yesterday, admitted twelve young gentlemen as attorneys and counsellors-at-law in addition to those already reported. They have undergone a thorough examination during the November term of this court. After rendering a large number of decisions, the court adjourned to Dec. 22.

One thousand one hundred and twenty-five mechanics and laborers were discharged yesterday from government employ in the Brooklyn Navy-yard, there being no further occasion for their services. The dismissal of so many workmen occasioned a great deal of excitement among themselves and their friends.

The New-Jersey and Sandy Hook pilots met yesterday, at their office, No. 104 South-street, to testify their respect for the memory of the late DANIEL W. BRITTON, who for many years was the careful and trusted manager of the business affairs of the association. Appropriate resolutions were adopted.

At a large meeting of the Tammany Democracy last evening, in Cooper Institute Hall, the nominations of Messrs. JOHN T. HOFFMAN and RICHARD O'GORMAN were unanimously indorsed. The speakers were Messrs. JAMES T. BRADY, JOHN T. HOFFMAN, JOHN VAN BUREN and JOHN KELLY.

The Board of Councilmen met yesterday and adopted a resolution directing the Street Commissioner to notify the owners of the railroad tracks in Greenwich and Washington streets, to remove them forthwith. Both boards adjourned to Wednesday next.

The old "Outside Line" of steamers, running between this city and Philadelphia has been reopened, and three excellent vessels have been placed on it—the *Admiral*, the *Eastern City* and the *Kennebec*. The latter left Philadelphia yesterday.

The steamship *Atalanta*, which has been lying in the Lower Bay for a few weeks past, in quarantine, having had cholera among her passengers, has been released. After a thorough fumigation, she was yesterday permitted to come up to the city.

WM. AMOS was arrested yesterday by Officer PROUT, of the Eleventh Precinct, on a charge of having stabbed WM. KING and GEO. HOHLAN, on the 27th of August in Sheriff-street. He was committed for examination by Justice SKANDLEY.

At the "Mayoralty Pool" sold at Layfayette Hall last evening, MARSHALL O. ROBERTS was decidedly the favorite, the betting being nearly two to one on the Union candidate.

The Board of Aldermen met yesterday for the first time since the 10th of July last. The business transacted was entirely of a routine character.

Gold steady at 148½ last evening. Exchange 109¼; money 7 per cent; the Stock Exchange upward on the railway and miscellaneous shares.

Breadstuffs attracted less attention yesterday, though quoted easier. Provisions were in more demand. Pork was dearer. Groceries were in better request, as were also Tallow and Petroleum. Cotton was rather heavy. Freights were quiet.

The Southern Claimants to the Vacant Seats.

The precipitate eagerness of the Southern Congressmen elect to get seats before the organization of the House is neither seemly nor expedient. It is in whimsical contrast with the rush *from* those same seats in December and January four years ago, directly after the passage of secession ordinances which those same men now admit to have been null and void. Had the seats and Representatives from the Southern States held firmly to their public duties, carrying out the oath, every man of them, on being admitted to his seat, had sworn to support the Constitution of the United States, the war, in all human probability, never would have occurred. It was because these men failed to assert their manhood in the critical day, and yielded themselves to the mad stampede at home, that all efforts to establish a reconciliation failed. A more wicked and shameless betrayal of public trust was never witnessed than that eruption of Southern leaders and Representatives from the gates of the National Capitol. It opened the way for all that terrible torrent of blood that flowed afterward. We wonder how it is that the remembrance of that fatal defection does not impose a little more modesty upon these new Southern claimants to the old seats. It is amazing that they do not wait at least until the organization of the House is effected, but should insist in having a hand in that organization, precisely as if their title was beyond challenge.

We can tell our Southern friends that this undue haste is not calculated to help their object. The last Representatives from the South did not choose to deliberate before deserting their seats. But the House will take the privilege of deliberating before showing the present ones to the vacant chairs. Those chairs were abandoned with every expression of contempt. They are sought for now with every protestation of profound reverence. This is all very nice, but time must be given for the old loyal Representatives of the land to habituate their ears somewhat to the wonderful change of accent, and to test whether there is really any corresponding conversion of feeling. The world over, we believe, humility is held to be one sure sign of true repentance. This high demand for an immediate return of the chairs that were kicked down is not humility. This impatient elbowing through the crowd to the clerk's desk for the chance to say who shall be Speaker is not humility. We venture to predict that the loyal Representatives will so conceive, and will with all due civility invite these gentlemen to keep the back seats in the lobby until they are sent for.

It is a matter of public concern that the House should organize itself as soon as possible. The great measures recommended in the President's Message, and in the reports of the heads of the departments, should be placed in the hands of the appropriate committees as soon as these committees can be discreetly formed. They will require the profoundest deliberation, and all delay in getting them into shape for the final action of the two Houses must entail injury upon all the interests of the country. It is extremely important that the machinery of regular legislation should begin to move at once. The Northern people will not see with composure the wheels blocked by the insisting of these Southern claimants to seats that the disposal of their cases shall be the first business in hand. That decision ought not to be made without long deliberation. It, in fact, involves the whole question of reconstruction. The day that the sixty Representatives and twenty-four Southern Senators, presenting credentials from the late insurrectionary States, are admitted to their their seats, reconstruction will be for all practical purposes completely and irreversibly consummated. Those States will be again in the enjoyment of every constitutional attribute. Each of them will have as positive a voice in the national councils as New-York or Massachusetts, and will be as inviolable in all its constitutional functions. A decision that is to carry with it such results should be formed with great caution, and only after the most conclusive proof that these States now possess a genuine loyalty, and are prepared to perform all their appropriate duties. It will at best take much time to establish that proof. It will necessarily occasion wide and searching discussion. The attempt to get the House to pronounce a snap judgment upon it, in any way, such as a motion that the Southern claimants be enrolled before the organization, would be contumelious to the real dignity of the question, and might well excite the resentment of every member of the House who has an unblotted escutcheon.

What makes this impatience all the more indecent is that not one claimant out of ten is prepared to take the oath prescribed by law as an indispensable prerequisite for any admission into Congress. These men will not swear that they have not committed the offence which the Constitution of the United States declares to be treason. They cannot swear it, because nearly every one has either "levied war against the United States" or "adhered to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort." Instead of hiding the word "traitor" written on their brows, many of them absolutely make a parade of it. They bear themselves as if it would be high presumption in the House not to welcome them to its embrace at once. Our belief is that it will be excellent discipline for these men to be made to sit for a while on the lobby stools of repentance. They will prize the cushioned chairs all the more when they get them, and will be more apt to act so as to give them a new credit. Personal and public considerations, the good of the claimants and the good of the country, dignity, consistency and prudence, all urge the postponement of the decision upon these new claims of Southern Representatives to their abandoned seats, until after, and long after, the organization of the House.

Mr. Buchanan and His Book.

Mr. BUCHANAN appears in print as an autobiographer, or self-apologist for his own imbecile and disastrous administration. We are surprised at this. Good taste and the common sentiment of the world, at home and abroad, would have dictated profound silence. It would have been the best service he could possibly have rendered his own blighted fame. "The world forgetting, by the world forgot," he might have passed the remnant of his days in such poor peace as a conscience *not* void of offence to the constitution and blood-stained flag of his country would allow. But this, it seems, was not to be. It was doubtless his purpose at one time—and this may even have been indulged through all the years of civil strife and undetermined carnage which the violation of his oath of office had entailed upon the country—to rest content with the self-satisfied thought and *honor* of having been the *last* President of the United States; but this was changed by the final result of the war. And he finds himself, instead of the *last* of the line of Presidents, the only one, from WASHINGTON to JOHNSON, who has ever deliberately betrayed the constitution of his country into the hands of its enemies, over his broken oaths of office. Many of his predecessors, all of them indeed, except Mr. MONROE, had passed through scenes of bitter party strife; several of them through the heavy responsibilities of foreign war, and others through threatened civil commotion and State and local defiances of the Federal authority. But in all their trials of duty, above party and personal considerations, and through all consequences, foreign and domestic, *they never forgot their oath of office!*

We can recall such trials, involving for the time, if not the sacrifice of personal popularity and political partialities, at least their suspension, in the time of WASHINGTON, when he suppressed the Whisky insurrection in Pennsylvania, and again when he required his Secretary of State, Mr. JEFFERSON, against that statesman's known sympathies for the French Revolutionists, to notify the French emissary or minister, GENET, that his impudent violations of the neutrality of the United States would not be tolerated. In the time of JEFFERSON himself, who embargoed our own commerce with the belligerents of Europe sooner than submit to the outrages and threatened collisions growing out of their orders in council and counter decrees of exclusion. In the time of MADISON, when he resorted to the last remedy of nations, to vindicate the insulted honor of his government against the remonstrances and opposition and muttered resistance of a large and wealthy section of the country opposed to war with Great Britain. In the time of JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, when he sent Gen. GAINES to Georgia to enforce the terms of treaty made with the Cherokee Indians, which the Governor of Georgia, from his chivalrous sense of State sovereignty, threatened to nullify by driving the Indians off. In the time of JACKSON, when South Carolina first attempted the wicked experiment of nullification, and fondly expected other Southern States to follow the example. In the time of VAN BUREN, when he absolutely sacrificed much of his long-standing popularity, in the Northern counties of his own State, to the observance, by force of arms, of neutrality in the Canadian rebellion. In the time of JOHN TYLER, when he sent the military to the aid of Rhode Island to suppress the insurrection of DORR. In the time of POLK, when he yielded to the 49th parallel on the Oregon difficulty, because his sense of constitutional duty was against compromising the peace of our country on the questionable issue of 54.40. In the time of FILLMORE, when the majesty of Federal law was vindicated by the surrender of SIMMS at Boston, claimed as a fugitive slave, and again in his preparations, of a military nature, to vindicate the Federal supremacy at Charleston, had the secession threatenings of 1850 been carried to anything like the preliminaries, which ten years afterward BUCHANAN not only suffered to be carried on, but unresistingly consummated, in the broad light of day, and in the face of an astonished world.

But all these examples, and thrice the number which might be cited in the seventy years' history of his predecessors, were lost upon Mr. BUCHANAN. He had bought his nomination for the Presidency for a price, much of which, one might reasonably suppose, had already been satisfied by personal and party humiliations to the South through the whole of his administration down to the election of his successor, four months before it expired. But more was peremptorily demanded, and at *his* hands, within this brief, but to armed rebellion, most important interregnum. More could not be yielded short of the sacrifice of the constitution itself; the manhood of the country; his own oath of office, and his duty and honor as Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States. And this great sacrifice, in all its awful significance, he consented to make, and deliberately and avowedly made in his annual message to Congress. The doubtful honor, as we have before intimated, of being the last President, was impudently claimed for him by HOWELL COBB, in taking leave of his Cabinet, and tacitly accepted in his reply to the parting courtesies of that double-dyed traitor. But even of this he is now deprived, and instead of trusting his enemy to write a book, under the terrible and scathing truths of which he might possibly have appealed for forgiveness or forbearance from his outraged but humane countrymen, he deliberately writes the story of his own and his government's dishonor himself! In the sequel he may find that it only required its shuffling and insulting apologies, and shallow special pleadings to close the gates of mercy upon his fame forever.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP SUBSIDIES.—Whatever argument might be used in support of public subsidies for pioneer ocean steamship lines, there certainly can be no honest reason given for bolstering up old-established and wealthy companies at the expense of competitors equally trustworthy and responsible. We see, however, by the *Scotia's* news, that the London *Times* is attempting to sound the British public in an indirect way on the claims of the Cunard Company to a renewal of the enormous grant they now draw from the British exchequer. The company is urged to use only first-class steamers, both on the Halifax and the New-York route, so that they may maintain their superiority. The advice is good enough, but it is too clearly a warning, in advance, of the company's intention to besiege the British Treasury for a renewal of their contract.

Without wishing anything but good to the Cunard Steamship Line, it is impossible, in view of the number of thoroughly reliable competing lines now on the Atlantic Ferry, to regard the attempt to perpetuate the existing subsidy (nearly a million dollars yearly) as anything but a huge and disreputable job. It is no concern of ours how the British Parliament disposes of the public moneys of the United Kingdom. But it is very much a matter of concern to us to see that such steamship lines as the Inman and others that have never received any subsidy are not injured by a favoritism for which there is no longer any shadow of plea or excuse.

Joshua Hill.

From the New-York Tribune.

We observe in the proceedings of the Georgia convention, that Hon. JOSHUA HILL continues to maintain his consistency as an unswerving Unionist. It will be remembered that this gentleman was a Representative in Congress from Georgia at the time of secession, and opposed the principle and policy of that movement. When his State passed the ordinance, Judge HILL was her only Representative who refused to obey the edict, contending that his paramount allegiance was due to the Union. He consequently served out his term at Washington.

On returning to Georgia he encountered the same storm which swept STEPHENS and H. V. JOHNSON into the revolution. But the noble champion of Unionism in Georgia, like BOTTS, of Virginia, remained true to his faith. And we find him still true as steel, an honor to the country, a credit to his State, and a man whose purity of life and heroic devotion to principle dignify human nature. Will any one inform us why a man like this, a ripe scholar and distinguished lawyer, should not be placed in a position of commanding influence in Georgia?

This glowing tribute is due to JOSHUA HILL. But it constrains us to add a fact to the "truth of history." When Mr. HILL was North he stated that the friends of the Union held the State of Georgia from the vortex of secession until Mr. TOOMBS came into the Capitol with the New-York *Tribune* in his hand, triumphantly reading an editorial declaring that the Southern States had a right to secede, and that the Federal Government had no right to hold them. "That," said Mr. HILL, "overthrew us, and the State was rushed out of the Union."

The *Tribune*, therefore, by thus encouraging Secession, led us into a war from which, on the eve of victory, its editor endeavored to negotiate a premature and inglorious peace.

Subsequently the *Tribune* endeavored to demoralize the Republican party by adopting candidates from the Democratic State ticket. And now it is a volunteer organ in favor of Democratic Secessionists for Mayor and Counsel to the Corporation, bitterly traducing prominent Republicans for their support of Mr. ROBERTS.

Let Us Understand It.

From the New-York Tribune.

Messrs. WILLIAM R. STEWART, HENRY SMITH, OWEN W. BRENNAN, JAMES E. COULTER, D. D. CONOVER, &c., ask our fellow citizens to unite with them in reforming the shameful corruptions of our City Government, and reducing its oppressive taxation, by electing MARSHALL O. ROBERTS our next Mayor. We cannot think that the response will be favorable. Whatever may be Mr. ROBERTS' merits, talents and virtues—and we by no means impugn them—his position and associations will not permit him to be a Reform Mayor. Just fancy him refusing to sign the warrant for a heavy bill for marble, iron, brick, or other material for the new court-house, after Supervisor STEWART or SMITH or SHOOK had told him that the bill was "right," and must be put through. There is no man in our city who—elected by either of the great National parties on partisan grounds—can walk right up to the chalk and refuse to sign a warrant for anything that he does not believe correct. JOHN HECKER can and will do this, going to jail therefor if any Judge shall see fit to send him there; but neither ROBERTS nor HOFFMAN can do it, because of the auspices under which he is nominated and supported.

It would be difficult, without a key, to "understand" why the *Tribune* selects prominent, consistent, influential, hard-working Republicans for its wanton aspersions. Such a course in a public journal is so unprecedented, so repugnant to fair partisan warfare, as to excite a great surprise and condemnation. The gentlemen thus assailed are of as good repute as their assailant. Why then *are* they assailed? Simply because, instead of following the *Tribune* into its *iron* ruts, they have, as Whigs and Republicans, gone straight forward, preserving by their influence the strength and integrity of their party.

Currency Stamps.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

NEW-YORK, Thursday, Nov. 23, 1865.

DEAR SIR: One of your subscribers a short time since recommended to merchants and the public in general to send none but *old* postal currency to the post-office in paying for postage or stamps, instead of new and clean ones.

I have sent good, though much used and thereby worn, currency to the post-office, where *they are constantly refused by the clerks.* Are they not obliged to take them if genuine? Yours, very respectfully,

CLERK.

We certainly do not see what right any one has to refuse genuine stamps issued by the government. And it seems doubly wrong for the government agents themselves to do so. So long as we are compelled to use this kind of currency in the business of common life, they must of necessity become soiled and sometimes defaced. But that does not in the least affect the responsibility of the government for them. It should be the aim of the government agents to facilitate the exchange of old stamps for new ones, instead of repudiating them altogether.

THE QUALIFICATIONS OF A REFORM CANDIDATE.—The *Tribune* having failed to throw farina enough into the eyes of the people to blind them to the political antecedents of Mr. HECKER, now professes the doctrine of personal worth and integrity as the sole essential qualification of a "Reform Mayor." We must, of course, give due weight to the private character of men nominated for purely local offices, but other things being equal, the personal worth of candidates nearly balanced, it seems to us that the choice of a loyal community would fall upon the man whose relations to the General Government have been those of a patriot rather than those of an enemy. The gentlemen of the Citizens' Association can be perfectly independent of politics, yet they cannot ignore themselves, or overlook in the selection of candidates, those duties which, as citizens, we all owe to our republic. Let the advocate of reform first look to the integrity and honesty of the candidate, his ability to carry out measures of reform, and then consider whether his previous fulfillment of duties to his country gives promise that he will do his duty by the city. By an impartial comparison, they will find that while MARSHALL O. ROBERTS has uniformly and consistently aided the government, in the late struggle against rebellion, by voice, means and acts, Mr. HECKER has been as uniformly and with equal consistency a detractor of President LINCOLN and the government of which he was the head, a persistent advocate of the right of secession, a believer in the divine ordination of negro slavery, always rejoicing at our defeats and a mourner at our victories.

In his opinion, Gen. MCCLELLAN was the only man who could save the country, and his estimate of Mr. LINCOLN was expressed in language borrowed from the Richmond *Enquirer* and the Charleston *Mercury*. To give the honorable office of chief magistrate of this city to such a man, is to indorse his doctrines and his sentiments. It is to proclaim to the world that, from lack of a man who combined personal worth with unsullied patriotism, we chose for our Mayor the adopted leader of a faction hungering for the spoils, and that the great City of New-York delighteth to honor a Cop perhead.

MR. HECKER'S CERTIFIED LOYALTY.—Mr. TREADWELL, who was Mr. HECKER'S Farina "Almoner," says:

"If he at times criticized the action of the Administration, and censured their seeming complicity with steamboat contractors and others in robbing the government, he did no more than thousands of others."

Mr. HECKER'S "criticisms" evinced his sympathy with Secessionists. He was, before and during the rebellion, a Pro-Slavery Democrat. In his conversations always he defended slavery as an institution, condemning the North rather than the South for the evils consequent upon rebellion and war.

Mr. Hecker's Farina for the Army.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

In your paper this morning you copy a sentence from my note in the *Tribune* of yesterday, and say: "We happen to know about the farina enterprise. It was furnished with an eye to business. The government was pressed to adopt it as part of a soldier's ration; but when Mr. HECKER failed to obtain a contract for supplying the army, his almoner shut down. The farina experiment was a simple business transaction."

If the farina was furnished with an eye to any other business than that of aid and comfort to needy and suffering Union soldiers, that motive was not known to nor suspected by me. I never *pressed* nor asked the government, nor any branch of it, to *adopt* or use farina "as part of a soldier's ration." I never applied to any branch or officer of the government for a contract for farina, or any other article—neither for myself nor for any other person or persons; nor do I know or believe that any person or firm by whom I was employed during the rebellion has applied for any such contract.

The *almoner* did not "*shut down*," nor cease to supply farina, until November, 1861, nor even wholly then; but continued to furnish it a month longer, in diminished quantity, at his own expense. At this time the government had a formidable army at Washington, with ample means to sustain it. The Sanitary Commission and Miss DIX were doing good service in deeds of benevolence, and the almoner, then 70 years of age, took up his arms, which fortunately he had seen no occasion to use in the defence of the capital, and returned to his family.

On one occasion, while at the office of Gen. MANSFIELD for a pass, his Aid asked me what contract I wished or expected to get. I replied, none at all. I was not there for any such purpose. That I was there for the purpose of expending a few thousand dollars for my employers, for the relief and comfort of the soldiers of our army. All I wanted of a pass from him or war was to enable me to ascertain their wants and supply them. FRANCIS C. TREADWELL, Sr.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 30, 1865.

Mr. TREADWELL *does not know and does not believe* that he was made an agent for the sale of Hecker's Farina in the army. Very possibly so. Mr. TREADWELL, perhaps, does not know that he is used now as an electioneering instrument.—ED. TIMES.

THE STRONG DIVORCE TRIAL.—We continue the report of a trial with which the public sentiment should not have been shocked. How a family in the highest circles, with knowledge of the facts now spread before the world, could invite such an exhibition, is incomprehensible. If, as is alleged, this exposé results from the presumption and conceit of a relative of Mrs. STRONG, he must be satisfied, by this time, that a blunder is as bad as a crime.

Amusements.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The musical event of the season—the production of MEYERBEER'S posthumous opera of the "African"—takes place here to-night. The work has been long in preparation, and the rehearsals have amply demonstrated that it has been thoroughly studied. The scenery is new, as also are the costumes. No expense indeed has been spared in placing this grand work before the public. We are persuaded that its performance will more than fulfill the highest expectations of the musical community. The distribution includes the names of Mesdames ZUCCHI and ORTALANI, and Messrs. MAZZOLENI, BELLINI, ANTONUCCI, &c.

Mr. MARETZEK has abbreviated the opera judiciously by omitting the "repeats," but it is nevertheless long. To bring the performance within domestic bounds the curtain will rise at 7:30 o'clock instead of 8 o'clock. The public should bear this in mind. The orchestral introduction contains the principal theme of the opera, and is well worth hearing. It should be mentioned too that some of the most poetic and charming music is in the last act. Every one ought to wait for it. The great ship scene of the third act takes some time in setting and still longer in removing. Gentlemen who are disposed to visit their lady friends or, like Artemus Ward experience a desire "to see a man," will have ample time for so doing.

That the audience will be brilliant and overflowing is beyond doubt. Not a seat or box can be had for love or money. A belated enthusiast offered ten dollars premium at the box-office yesterday for a place in the parquet, but without success. He will fall an easy prey to the speculators. Satisfied to be plucked, he remarked contentedly as he went away, that on the first performance of "L'Africaine" in Paris, he had paid a hundred francs for a seat in the ampitheatre.

The "African" will be played to-night and to-morrow night. Go early and hear it all.

WINTER GARDEN.—BOUCICAULT'S admirable drama of the "Octoroon," remodled by the author, and judiciously compressed into four acts, has been revived at this establishment with complete success. The times are different now to what they were when Mr. BOUCICAULT constructed this piece. The wrong which it illustrates has been righted. There remains, however, a genuine sympathy for the poor creatures who suffered by it, and this is reached effectively in the present drama. We have always regarded the "Octoroon" as one of the best of the author's many excellent productions. The plot is well developed, the situations are strikingly original, and the dialogue is crisp and good. Mr. STUART has replaced it on the stage in a careful and liberal manner, and the cast includes the names of the best members of his company. A more satisfactory production in these respects cannot be seen on any New-York stage. Mr. CLARK as *Salem Scudder* has one of those serio-comic parts which he so much affects, and which, indeed, he renders with considerable skill and success. He is admirably supported by Miss ROSE EYTINGE, a lady whose abilities expand with each new rôle, and leave us always pleasantly convinced that they have not yet found a sufficient field for their full display. Mr. WALCOT, Jr., was very good as the old negro. The

remaining characters were intrusted to reliable hands, and the drama was received with marked favor by the audience.

A new American comedy called the "Gentleman from Pike," will shortly be produced at this house. The public will also be glad to hear that Mr. EDWIN BOOTH's reappearance will positively be made in January next.

THORP AND OVERIN'S MINSTRELS.—A new band of minstrels have recently commenced operations in New-York. They have a commodious hall on the corner of Grand and Crosby streets, and can boast of introducing something original in this specialty. The members of their band—twenty-two in number—represent all nations, and wear the costumes and burlesque the manners of their several countries. A wide scope is thus afforded, not only for musical illustration but for quizzical repartee. The idea is an excellent one, and takes hugely with the audience. For the rest the performers are good, and the entertainment thoroughly enjoyable.

IRVING HALL.—Mr. THEODORE THOMAS' second symphony soirée will take place at this establishment on Saturday evening next. SCHUMANN'S first symphony, BEETHOVEN'S Leonore overture, (No. 3 in C,) and LISZT'S concerto in E flat major, are the principal items. The latter is a late and important work, written for HANS VON BUELOW, and introduced for the first time in America. Mr. S. B. MILLS will play it. The vocal part of the programme is intrusted to Mme. FLEURY-URBAN.

AN EVENING WITH THE POETS.—Mrs. EMELIE DE LESDERNIER'S poetic and dramatic readings at Clinton Hall, the lecture-room of the American Geographical Society, will be given on Tuesday evening, Dec. 12, and on Monday evening, Dec. 18. The programme will embrace items from SHAKESPEARE, tragic and comic, with varied selections from other authors.

News from San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Wednesday, Nov. 29.

Sailed ship *Emma C. Jones* for New-Bedford with 1,300 barrels whale oil, 6,000 pounds of bone.

A battalion of California volunteers leave by the first steamer for Los Angeles, on their way to Arizona, where they are needed for the proposed campaign against the Apache Indians.

The Provost-Marshal has discontinued requiring passports from parties leaving this city for Mexico.

SAN FRANCISCO, Thursday, Nov. 30.

Sailed, steamer *Golden City*, for Panama, with but few passengers, $874,000 in treasure for New-York, $330,000 for England, and $20,000 for Panama. Among the passengers are Congressman ASHLEY, of Nevada, and JAMES W. SIMONTON.

Death of Hon. Littleton Tazewell.

RICHMOND, Va., Thursday, Nov. 30.

Hon. LITTLETON TAZEWELL, Commonwealth's Attorney, died this morning, after a brief illness. Mr. TAZEWELL was elected to a seat in the State Legislature in October, and last week he was elected Commonwealth's Attorney, vice MARMADUKE JOHNSON, resigned.

Thanksgiving in Rhode Island,

PROVIDENCE, Thursday, Nov. 30.

Thanksgiving was observed in Rhode Island to-day. Most of the manufactories did not suspend because of the near approach of the National Thanksgiving, but the places of trade in town were generally closed in the afternoon.

The Colorado Election.

ST. LOUIS, Thursday, Nov. 30.

The *Democrat's* Lawrence special says: "Returns from Southern Colorado insure the election of GILPIN for Governor and CHILCOTT for Congress."

Murder of a Soldier in Newburyport.

BOSTON, Thursday, Nov. 30.

JACOB MERRILL, a returned soldier, was murdered and robbed of $500 in Newburyport last night.

Robbery.

POUGHKEEPSIE, Thursday, Nov. 30.

The residences of Judge BARNARD and Judge EMOTT, of this city, were entered by burglars, last night, and all the silverware in each building stolen.

Anniversary Dinner of the St. Andrew's Society.

Last evening the St. Andrew's Society, held their annual meeting at Delmonico's, showing from their Treasurer's report, and on the number of its members, the vigorous old age of the confraternity. On the conclusion of matters of finance, it was announced that the Society had been presented with a rich silk banner by its Vice-President, WM. PATON, and by several members jointly, with a new plate of rare design for engraving the certificates of membership.

The business of the society having thus concluded, the party, numbering 150, moved in to dinner, which was superbly laid in DELMONICO'S choicest style.

The room was agreeably, not profusely decorated, the most attractive object on entering being a large transparency of St. Andrew, and the cross decussate, and blooming at its foot in rich profusion the Scottish thistle. To the right of the figure, drooping over it upon the side, hung the great banner of St. Andrew, which has waved triumphant through the surge of many a hard-fought field. To the left our own flag of stars, which can make just such a boast; to the extreme right a green flag with a harp, and to the extreme left the Union Jack.

Proceeded by two pipers in full clan-man dress, discoursing that music which by some is called most eloquent and heart-stirring, the party entered the saloon and were seated.

The President then called upon Rev. Dr McLEOD, who said grace, when the good things were attacked with ever the Scots' accustomed heroism. The least agreeable part of this performance, which lasted over two hours and rung innumerable changes of dishes on the waiters, was the irrepressible volubility of the pipers, who made intelligible conversation as difficult as it usually is in an express train. The dinner discussed and the pipers dismissed to wet their whistles, the general aspiration being that they should drown them, the President arose to propose the first toast of the evening, which he preluded by an eloquent eulogy on Scottish bravery as exemplified in the late great struggle. But, he said, if it had warmed his heart to learn that amidst the cry of battle his countrymen had fought and bled for the land of their adoption, a s ill greater joy was his when on that day, when the last stronghold of rebellion fell before the victorious arms of the patriot soldiers of the republic, and when arose from ten thousand voices the sublime Doxology, If there be wickedness in Wall-street, grace abounded there that day. He then gave:

"The day and a' wha honor it."

Air—"Auld Lang Syne." Song—"A Health, Bonnie Scotland."

Following these were toasts in succession:

The Land o' Cakes—The Land we Live in.

Responded to in a most eloquent and witty speech by Mr. CHOATE.

The Queen and her Representatives in the United States.

Responded to by Mr. PIERREPOINT EDWARDS.

The City of New-York.

Responded to by Mayor GUNTHER.

Our Sister Charitable Societies.

Responded to by the Presidents of the St. Nicholas and St. Patrick Societies.

The Emperor of Brazil and his Plenipotentiary present.

Responded to at considerable length by the Minister of Don PEDRO II.

The last regular toast of the evening being then given:

Honest Men and Bonnie Lasses.

was received with all the honors, the President vacated the chair, Mr. PATON, Vice-President, being called thereto; and with this reintorcement, and a fresh influx of champagne, the signs looked ominous of extended battle. As we left, an excited Caledonian was figuring in the sword dance, and we could see the effect of good cheer on the united brotherhoods, who, in toasting alternately St. Andrew, St. Patrick, St. Nicholas and St. George, sung with much feeling and truthfulness: "United we Stand, but Divided we Fall."

THE CITY PARK MURDER.—The Kings County Court of Oyer and Terminer was organized yesterday morning, for the purpose of setting apart a day for the commencement of the trial of the supposed murderers of the Spanish gentleman, JOSE GARCIA OTERO. The prisoners were not present. Messrs. WM. C. DE WITT and ALEX. MCCUE were assigned as counsel for the accused. District-Attorney MORRIS appeared for the prosecution. After some conversation it was decided to try the prisoners at the January term of the court. PELLICIER, one of the accused, refused the aid of counsel, and Mr. MCCUE, who was assigned by the court to attend to his case, declined to have anything to do with it under present circumstances. The court designated the second week of January next for the trial of the prisoners.

ADVERTISING.—There is no doubt that the great lever in the extension of a business, in those go-ahead times, is advertising; but the immense popularity of that celebrated remedy for dyspepsia, liver complaint, nervous debility, &c., HOOFLAND'S German Bitters, is not so much owing to the fact that it has been extensively advertised, as it is to the great merit of the article.

A worthless medicine may, through publicity, acquire a short-lived notoriety, but it requires the basis of true merit, in order to sustain itself for any considerable length of time. HOOFLAND'S German Bitters has been known to the American public for more than twenty years, each day adding some new proof of its virtues and great curative properties. These bitters are for sale by all druggists. They are not a spiritous drink.—*Philadelphia Press.*

H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist, No. 594 Broadway, New-York, Agent.

WHEN in the course of human events it becomes necessary to abandon a certain class of foreign luxuries, it is not often that an article of native origin springs up, that more than supplies their place. Yet, who ever thinks of Lubin's extracts, now that PHALON'S NIGHT-BLOOMING CEREUS has been introduced. It is the standard of fragrance throughout this hemisphere. —*Bristol Phœnix*

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar.—A certain cure for coughs, cold, influenza, hoarseness, difficult breathing, and all affections of the throat, bronchial tubes, and lungs, leading to consumption. The Honey of Horehound soothes all irritations. The Tar of Balm of Gilead penetrates, cleanses, and heals all parts of the throat and lungs. There is nothing like it. 50c. per bottle. For sale by all druggists.

CHARLES DOWNER, General Agent,
No. 44 Cedar-st., New-York.

Marvelous—The Intelligence from the fever and ague districts, relative to the effects of BIOKRENE. Whoever has used it has escaped the disease. A whole neighborhood may be prostrated by intermittents, but if there is one man or woman in the community who has been wise enough to resort to this wonderful nervene and tonic, he or she is safe. $1 per bottle. Sold by Druggists. Depot, No. 28 Dey-st., New-York.

Atlantic White Lead and Linseed Oil Co.
Manufacturers of **Pure White Lead, Red Lead, Litharge, Glass-Makers' Red Lead, &c.**
Also, **Linseed Oil, Raw, Boiled and Refined.**
For sale by druggists and dealers generally, and by
ROBERT COLGATE & CO., General Agents,
No. 287 Pearl-st., New-York.

Bradbury's Pianos "the Best."—Pronounced **"the Best"** by the most renowned artists. **"Superior** in tone, touch, power, **Durability** and elegance of finish." Warerooms Nos. 427 and 425 Broome-st., corner of Crosby. Call or send for circular. WM. B. BRADBURY.

Chevalier's Life for the Hair
Restores gray hair to its original color, stops its falling out, keeps the head clean; stands above comparison with any other hair dressing. Sold at the drug store and at my office, No. 1,123 Broadway.
SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

Untrimmed Hats
FOR LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN.
No limit as regards variety, and the most moderate prices in the trade. GENIN, No. 513 Broadway.

The Improved "Sloat" Elliptic
SEWING MACHINE.
No. 537 Broadway. Agents wanted. A. H. SUPLEE.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.
The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Hernia Can be Cured
By using a TRUSS day and night. Dr. SHERWOOD'S is the only one that can be used so with comfort. No. 545 Broadway.

The Universal Clothes Wringer, which took the first premium at the Fair of the American Institute, is WARRANTED the best in use.
Send for circular giving wholesale and retail terms.
R. C. BROWNING, General Agent,
No. 347 Broadway.

Being Led by the Nose is an Old Saying, expressive of contempt for a person's judgment and firmness; but there is a good deal more in the expression. The nose was given to a man as a means of protection and enjoyment. For protection, to warn him, against the impure; as an enjoyment, that he might inhale the fragrance of nature's sweetest production, the EGYPTIAN LOTUS.

Marvin's New Patent Alum and Dry Plaster Fire and Burglar Silver Plate Safes. Highly ornamented, and warranted perfectly dry. Also, a large assortment of Bankers' and Merchants' Safes.
MARVIN & CO., No. 265 Broadway.

30,000 to 40,000 Elegant Bricks, with straight, well-defined edges, and uniform lengths, are made per day by the National Brick Machine. ABRAM REQUA, Agent, No. 130 Broadway, N. Y.

Trusses, &c.—"WHITE'S PATENT LEVER TRUSS," the best in the world for curing Rupture—no pressure on the back; light, clean and easy; superior supporters and Braces. GREGORY & CO., 639 Broadway.

Trusses, Abdomen Supporters, Shoulder Braces, Silk Elastic Stockings, Knee Caps and Anklets, Crutches and Suspensory Bandages. A lady attendant. MARSH BROS., No. 542 Broadway.

A Silent Sewing Machine—Making the celebrated "Willcox & Gibbs Stitch"—strong, elastic and durable. WILLCOX & GIBBS, No. 508 Broadway.

The Florence Sewing Machine, with reversible feed and uniform tension, making four different stitches. NO. 505 BROADWAY.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

Absolute comfort realized by ruptured persons wearing Dr. Langwoithy's TRUSS.
HELMBOLD'S, No. 594 Broadway.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic Stitch Sewing Machines for family use, No. 495 Broadway.

Improved Lock-Stitch Machines for Tailors and Manufacturers. GROVER & BAKER SEWING-MACHINE COMPANY, No. 495 Broadway.

Finkle & Lyon's Improved Sewing-Machine.—For manufacturing gloves, corsets, tailoring, shoe-fitting, &c., No. 538 Broadway.

Hill's Hair Dye, 50 Cents.—Black or Brown, reliable. Depot 66 John-st. Sold by druggists everywhere.

Howe Sewing Machine Company.—ELIAS HOWE, Jr., President, 629 Broadway. Avents wanted.

Wheeler & Wilson's Lock Stitch Sewing-Machine and button-hole Machine, 625 Broadway.

MARRIED.

ALDRICH—WOODMAN.—On Tuesday, Nov. 28, by Rev. Dr. Bellows, THOMAS BAILEY ALDRICH and LILLIE, youngest daughter of William Woodman.

BARRETT—DE VINGUT.—On Thursday, Nov. 30, by Rev. O. B. Frothingham, GEORGE C. BARRETT and GERTRUDE F. DE VINGUT, both of this city. No cards.

BAYLES—SMITH.—On Tuesday, Nov. 28, at St. Mark's Church, Grand Rapids, Mich., by Rev. Dr. Tustin, ROBERT BAYLES, of New-York, and MATTIE N., eldest daughter of A. Hosford Smith, Esq., of the former place.

DENISON—AIKEN.—At Greenbush, N. Y., on Wednesday, Nov. 29, by Rev. William Hall Harison, LYMAN DENISON, Jr., of New-York, and MARY SOPHIE, youngest daughter of the late Ebenezer Aiken.

NESBITT—HALL.—At Brookeville, Md., on Tuesday, Nov. 28, by Rev. Mr. Brown, GEORGE F. NESBITT, Jr., of this city, and LOUISE, daughter of E. J. Hall, of the former place.

RATHBONE—LOPER.—At Philadelphia, on Wednesday, Nov. 29, by Rev. Kingston Goddard, D. D., assisted by Rev. Richard Newton, D. D., A. H. RATHBONE, of New-York, and MADGIE, daughter of Capt. R. F. Loper, of the former city.

TUCKER—VAIL.—On Tuesday, Nov. 28, at the residence of Hon. S iah B. Strong, at St. George's Manor, Setauket, Long Island, by Rev. R. Riley, ARTHUR H TUCKER, of the *Country Gentleman*, Albany, and Miss CORNELIA STRONG, daughter of the late Harvey W. Vail, Esq., of Islip.

WATERBURY—COX.—On Wednesday, Nov. 29, at the Madison-av. Baptist Church, by Rev. Samuel Knapp, ZENO C. WATERBURY and CHRISTINA W., daughter of John Cox, Esq., of this city.

WHITEHOUSE—HOFFMAN.—On Wednesday, Nov. 29, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. Theodore L. Cuyler, LEWIS L. WHITEHOUSE and Miss SARAH E., daughter of Henry R. Hoffman, Esq., all of Brooklyn.

WALLING—BUTLER.—On Thursday, Nov. 30, at Trinity Church, New-York, by Rev. Les Lequer, PETER P. WALLING and GEORGIANA F. BUTLER, daughter of Rev. George F. Butler, all of Brooklyn, N. Y.

DIED.

CLARKSON.—At Flatlands Neck, L. I., on Tuesday, Nov. 28, HENRIETTA R., wife of Charles A. Clarkson, and daughter of the late Gerrit Kimvenhover, aged 39 years.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, on Friday, Dec. 1, at 1½ P. M.

DIMMICK.—At Bloomingburgh, Sullivan County, N. Y., on Wednesday, Nov. 29, in the 68th year of her age, Mrs. MARIA F. DIMMICK, widow of the late Hon. Alpheus Dimmick.

HUNTER.—On Wednesday, Nov. 29, CHARLOTTE, wife of Jacob Hunter, aged 70 years.

The relatives and friends of the family, and of her sons, George, Wm. Henry and Wallace, and of her son-in-law, Lewis C. Austin, are invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, No. 84 East 29th-st., on Saturday, at 1 o'clock.

ISHAM.—On Wednesday morning, Nov. 29, SAMUEL ISHAM, aged 46 years.

The funeral services at his late residence, No. 329 5th-av., on Friday, at 3 P. M. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

KENNADAY.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday morning, Nov. 29, ANNA MARTIN KENNADAY, daughter of John R and Anna M. Kennaday.

The funeral services will take place at the residence of her grandfather, John T. Martin, No. 28 Pierrepont-st., on Friday afternoon, at 3 o'clock

KERNER.—On Wednesday, Nov. 29, Mrs. CAROLINE MARIANNE KERNER, relict of G. Kerner, aged 62 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the Church Du St. Esprit, in 22d-st., between 5th and 6th avs., at 11½ o'clock this (Friday) morning.

KETCHUM.—At Plymouth, Ill., on Saturday, Nov. 25, Mrs. SUSAN L., wife of Horace E. Ketchum, of Glen Cove, L. I.

Funeral in Brooklyn. Notice hereafter.

KETTELL.—On Wednesday, Nov. 29, WILLIAM HERBERT, twin son of Bertrand and Magdalena Kettell, aged 4 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, No. 92 Bedford-st., this day, (Friday,) at 1½ o'clock.

MERWIN.—At Monument Station, Colorado Territory, on Sunday, Nov. 19, from an attack by Indians, HORACE FREDERICK, eldest son of Joseph and Lucy K. Merwin, aged 20 years and 11 months.

Notice of funeral will be given hereafter.

MACKAY.—On Thursday, Nov. 30, ROBERT OGDEN MACKAY, aged 19 years.

The funeral will take place at No. 267 West 52d-st., this day, (Friday,) Dec. 1, at 1 o'clock.

MCCORMICK.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Nov. 29, MINNIE A., youngest daughter of Thomas and Kate A. McCormick, aged 5 months and 7 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Friday, Dec. 1, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of her parents, No. 12 Herkimer-st., third house east of Troy-av.

PHILIPS.—At Andersonville Prison, Ga., on Wednesday, Jan. 18, 1865, JOSEPH W. PHILIPS, of Company F, 6th New-York Cavalry, son of John D. and Harriet A. Philips, in the 35th year of his age.

☞ Newburgh papers please copy.

REDMOND.—Suddenly, on Thursday, Nov. 30, ALEXANDER, son of James and Kate M. Redmond, aged 6 years and 3 months.

Notice of funeral in Saturday's paper.

SCHEIBLIN.—On Tuesday, Nov. 28, ANTHONY SCHEIBLIN, of the firm of A. and M. Scheiblin, aged 55 years and 5 days.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Friday, Dec. 1, at 2 o'clock P. M., from his late residence, No. 138 (old No. 34) West 31st-st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DECEMBER 1865.

CLOSING-OUT SALE

AT

REDUCED PRICES.

From this date an abatement of

20 PER CENT.

will be made on the whole of our unbroken assortment of

WINTER CLOTHING

FOR

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THE GREAT STRENGTHENER AND PAIN DESTROYER.
PAIN CANNOT EXIST WHERE THIS PLASTER IS APPLIED.
Put up in air-tight tin boxes, thus keeping it always fresh and pure. Price 25 cents a box.
D. C. MOREHEAD, M. D., No. 19 Walker-st., N. Y.
SOLD BY ALL RESPECTABLE DRUGGISTS.

TO RURAL READERS, FARMERS, GARDENERS AND OTHERS.—Now ready, The Illustrated Annual Register of Rural Affairs for 1866, containing 130 engravings. Price, by mail, postage paid, 35 cents. Address FOWLER & WELLS,
No. 389 Broadway, New-York.

LECTURE TO LADIES.—DR. GLEASON lectures to ladies at Clinton Hall, Astor-place, FRIDAY AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, on "Woman and Her Diseases; Their Causes, Means of Prevention and Cure." Splendidly illustrated, with more than 500 models recently imported from Paris especially to illustrate this lecture.

THE SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY for the transportation of merchandise, valuable packages, specie, bank notes, bonds, &c., for all parts of the South and Southwest, in connection with
ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY,
have established their agency at No. 59 Broadway, New-York, where orders to call for goods, to be forwarded South, will receive prompt attention.
Merchandise and valuables delivered to Harnden's, Kinsley's, American and United States Express Companies, for the Southern Express Company, will receive prompt dispatch.
For particulars, rates of freight, &c., apply at the office of the SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY, No. 59 Broadway. H. B. PLANT, President.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR the United Kingdom and the Continent, via Queenstown and Liverpool, per steamer CITY OF LONDON, and for the German States, via Bremen, per steamer NEW-YORK, will close at this office on SATURDAY, the second day of December, at 10½ A. M., and at the up-town offices as follows: Stations A and B, 10 A. M.; Stations C and D, 9½ A. M.; Stations E and F, 9½ A. M.; Station G, 9 A. M. JAMES KELLY, Postmaster.

THE ST. REGIS WATERS FROM MASSENA SPRINGS, possess singular virtues as a remedy for diseases of the skin, kidneys and bowels. General depot, No. 253 Bowery, corner 4th-st.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

TO BE PUBLISHED ON SATURDAY,

THE ORDEAL FOR WIVES,

A NOVEL

BY MRS. EDWARDS,

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"THE MORALS OF MAYFAIR," &c., &c.

One elegant vol. 12mo. Illustrated.

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THE NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE!

NOW READY, and for sale by all Newsdealers and Booksellers, at the good old price of *Twenty-five* Cents a number, or $3 a year, the January issues of

BEADLE'S MONTHLY,
A MAGAZINE OF TO-DAY.

Commanding the services of the Best Authors and Artists, the Publishers are able to present a Magazine which cannot fail to interest those in quest of good reading. It is proposed to render the publication a STANDARD FAVORITE—in matter, manner and illustration second to no Monthly now claiming public attention. The scope, character and artistic qualities of the Monthly will be partially apparent from the following table of contents of the January number:

CONTENTS:

BALL'S BLUFF; A BALLAD OF THE WAR—Illustrated. A stirring story in verse, from the pen of one of our most noted poets.
THE DEAD LETTER. Chapters I., II., III., IV.—Illustrated. Of all recent productions in American fiction, this is among the most original. Impressive and deeply absorbing in its nature and narrative, none who read it will forget it. A story of remarkable power and interest.
WALKS AMONG WORDS; OR, A HALF-HOUR WITH THE LEXICOGRAPHERS.
A pleasant paper of gossip about the history, origin and modification of certain words. It will interest the educated and uneducated alike.
THE GORILLA AT HOME—Illustrated.
Anecdotes of Natural History. The "habits, manners and jcustoms" of this King of Beasts are here chronicled in a paper of pleasing and instructive features.
THE PRISONER OF WAR IN TEXAS.
A Narrative of Life in Confederate Prisons. The graphic and interesting story of one who had a long experience of what he wrote.
SCORPION GULCH: A GOLD-SEEKER'S STORY.
Of the most intense personal interest; thrilling in incident, strange in adventure, and powerful in its delineations.
NATIVE GREATNESS: A POEM.
ASSASSINS AND THEIR WORK: RIENZI.
An historical essay of great beauty and picturesqueness of imitative.
THE BELLE OF THE BALL; A POEM.
OLD STYLE AND NEW STYLE.
A Dissertation and something else on Woman's Toilet. Elaborately Illustrated, giving styles, Ancient and Modern, Heathen and Christian, of headdresses and ornamentation. A very unique and useful paper.
MY ROYAL WIFE.
A very amusing story of a young American who would marry into a Royal Family, and what became of him.
THE SPY SYSTEM OF EUROPE.
All about the Espionage over every person's coming and going exercised by European Governments, with a story illustrative at once of the perils of travel and the thoroughness of the Spy System.
FIRST AND LAST: A LOVE STORY.
A PLEA AND A PROTEST.
A few historic quotations and a few suggestions toward reform in our representative (Congressional) system, which will command attention.
CURRENT NOTES ON BOOKS, SCIENCE, ETC.

All readers of current literature are solicited to examine this Magazine.
Sold by all Newsdealers and Booksellers.
PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS!
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A STARTLING ORIGINAL STORY!

TEN CENT NOVELETTES. No. 26, just issued, contains a startling new Story complete, entitled, "THE FENIANS: or, NEIL O'CONNOR'S TRIUMPH." It is creating a sensation.

Twenty-six numbers of this popular "Ten-cent" publication have been issued, and contain the following stories: No. 1. Golden Eagle. No. 2. White Rover. No. 3. Bravo's Secret. No. 4. Yankee Champion. No. 5. Silver Hand. No. 6. The Mameluke. No. 7. The Border League. No. 8. The Duke's Prize. No. 9. The Wood Witch. No. 10. Ben Hamed. No. 11. Young Pioneer. No. 12. Ducal Coronet. No. 13. West Point Cadet. No. 14. Mysterious Miner. No. 15. Fitz-Hern. No. 16. The Volunteer. No. 17. King's Talisma. No. 18. The Changeling. No. 19. Turkish Slave. No. 20. The Wife's Secret. No. 21. Gold Robbers. No. 22. The Novice. No. 23. Young Conqueror. No. 24. Retribution. No. 25. Tip. No. 26. The Fenians.

The above books are for sale by news dealers everywhere at Ten Cents per copy, or will be mailed, postpaid, to any address upon receipt of price.
ELLIOTT, THOMES & TALBOT,
Novelette Publishers, Boston, Mass.

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FOR

FALL AND WINTER.

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OF

MOSCOW,

CHINCHILLE,

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VERY SUPERIOR IN EVERY RESPECT,

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AN ENTIRELY NEW INVENTION IN DENTISTRY.
Dr. LEVETT'S "PATENT," in COMBINATION with a gold web and rubber base for artificial teeth. It forms the LIGHTEST, most DURABLE and ELASTIC Denture yet produced, occupying but half the space in the mouth heretofore deemed indispensable, while its adhesion is perfect. No. 777 Broadway, opposite Stewart's.
Dr. L. has no branch office.

THE GRAEFENBERG COMPANY'S
Marshall's Uterine Catholicon,
now acknowledged to be the only CERTAIN REMEDY for "Female Weakness" and "Uterine Complaints" of women.
Price $1 50 per Bottle; five Bottles for $6.
☞ USE NONE EXCEPT WITH THE SEAL OF THE GRAEFENBERG CO. ☜

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The best Liver Pill, and the most certain remedy for all bilious and digestive troubles.
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certain in all bowel difficulties and in
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If used in the painless diarrhea, which always precedes cholera, it is a sure preventive.
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MOREHEAD'S NEURODYNE,
OR
NEURALGIC ANTIDOTE.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 1, 1865.
The proprietor of this remarkable preparation is happy in being able to announce that he has completed arrangements which will, in future, insure an ample supply of the article in its original purity and excellence. The demand having been much greater than was anticipated, an honorable desire that the confidence of the Public should not be misplaced, rendered it necessary to withdraw the sale for a brief period. Orders for NEURODYNE can now be supplid.
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EDWARDS' WHITE SUGAR CURED WASHINGTON HAMS
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Pearl Mottled, Best Family, Genuine Castile, Toilet and other Soaps, constantly on hand.
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For colds, coughs and influenza. This preparation is agreeable to the taste, and an effectual cure. RUSHTON'S family drug store, 10 Astor House, cor. Barclay-st

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Try the pure native Wines from our "Lake" and "Mound Vineyards," Los Angelos Co., Cal.
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SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY
forward expresses daily to all parts of the South and Southwest by all rail and steamships. Goods intended to go inland should be so marked. The company insure against all risk at a slight additional charge, when the value is declared at time of shipment.
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H. B. PLANT, President.

ARNOUXS,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
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Are selling first quality Fur Beaver, Astracan and Chinchilla Overcoats at reduced prices; also fine French Cassimeres and Irish Frieze for suits.

ATLANTIC COAST MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
Shippers will please take notice that on and after this date, all bills of lading by vessels on this line will be signed on board the sh p.
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CHEAPEST BOOKSTORE IN THE WORLD.
No. 113 Nassau-st., recently No. 119.
5,312 standard authors, half calf, at half price.
542 magnificent photographic albums, at our price.
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98,754 beautifully illustrated children's books, at any price. LEGGAT BROTHERS, No. 113 Nassau-st., below Beekman.

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Cured in a few hours, and the Skin made delicately soft and white, by the use of
TADMAN'S
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No. 81 Bleecker-st., near Broadway, and No. 268 4th-av.

WE WOULD CALL ATTENTION TO the sale of the following property, to be sold by JAMES M. MILLER, on FRIDAY, Dec. 1, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, under the direction of D. P. Ingraham, Jr., Referee:
No. 510 BROADWAY—The valuable lot of land, with improvements.
Nos. 247 AND 249 WATER-ST.—The two valuable lots of land, with stores.
No. 8 PECK-SLIP—The four-story brick store.
No. 306 PEARL-ST.—The valuable brick store.
Nos. 70, 72 AND 74 CHERRY-ST., and fronting on Chambers-st.—The three lots of land.
Maps and full particulars at the office.

UNITED STATES SANITARY COMMISSION,
CENTRAL OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 1, 1865.
ALL PERSONS WHO MAY HOLD UNsettled claims of any kind against the Sanitary Commission, are requested to present the same for adjustment to the General Secretary, at the Central Office of the Commission, No. 242 F-st., without delay.
JOHN S. BLATCHFORD, General Secretary.

LECTURE TO GENTLEMEN.—DR. GLEASON lectures to Gentlemen at Clinton Hall, Astor-place,
FRIDAY EVENING,
on "Manhood; How Lost and How Regained." Splendidly illustrated with models recently imported from Paris

SQUIRE & LANDER, NO. 97 FULTON-St., New-York, offer for sale DIAMONDS, 18-carat GOLD WATCHES, CHAINS, and all kinds of JEWELRY, ENGLISH STERLING SILVER WARE, at a small percentage above ACTUAL MANUFACTURING COST.

FILES OF TIMES AND HERALD FOR SALE.—The New-York *Times* from Jan. 1, 1851 to the present time complete, including Sunday edition. The New-York *Herald* from March 8, 1852, to present time complete. Also, back numbers of the New-York *Times*. Address FILE, Box No. 102 New-York *Times* Office.

SKINNER'S PULMONALES CURE COLDS, Coughs, Sore Throat, Hoarseness. Public speakers and singers use them to clear the voice. Sold by Demas Barnes & Co.; F. F. Wells & Co., New-York.

FINE NEW-YORK STATE BUTTER—Best quality, for family use or shipment, in quantities to suit, for sale by
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REGULAR

UNION NOMINATIONS.

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MARSHALL O. ROBERTS.

FOR CORPORATION COUNSEL,

MURRAY HOFFMAN.

WM. R. STEWART,
Chairman.

SINCLAIR TOUSEY, HENRY H. HUELAT, } Secretaries.

REGULAR DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION.

For Mayor,
JOHN T. HOFFMAN.
For Counsel to the Corporation,
RICHARD O'GORMAN.
ISAAC BELL, Chairman.

WM. DODGE, MENZO DIEFENDORF, } Secretaries.

MASS RATIFICATION MEETING.

The citizens of the City of New-York, in favor of an honest administration of our municipal affairs, are requested to attend a
MASS MEETING,
TO BE HELD AT
COOPER INSTITUTE,
ON
FRIDAY EVENING, DEC. 1, 1865,
AT 7½ O'CLOCK,
under the auspices of the Citizens' Association and the Democratic Union organization, for the purpose of ratifying the nominations of
JOHN HECKER FOR MAYOR,
AND
RICHARD O'GORMAN FOR COUNSEL TO THE CORPORATION.

The following speakers have been invited to address the meeting:

JOHN HECKER,
HORACE GREELEY,
JAMES R. WHITING,
DORMAN B. EATON,
ISAAC H. BAILEY,
JOHN SHERWOOD,
CHAS. G. HALPINE, and other gentlemen.
RICHARD O'GORMAN,
CHARLES O'CONOR,
GEORGE F. NOYES,
JOHN H. ANTHON,
CHAS. TRACY,
BARTHOLW O'CONNER,

GEO. W. MCLEAN, Chairman Nom. Conv.
ALEX. T. STEWART, Chairman Nom. Com.
WM. T. COLE,
WM. A. BOYD,
BENJAMIN RAY,
Secretaries Democratic Union Organization.
ROB'T B. ROOSEVELT,
Secretary Citizens' Association.

UNION RATIFICATION MEETING.

A mass meeting of the Union electors of the City and County of New-York, to ratify the nomination of MARSHALL O. ROBERTS for Mayor, and MURRAY HOFFMAN for Counsel to the Corporation, will be held at the Union Headquarters, corner of Broadway and 23d-st., on FRIDAY EVENING, Dec. 1, at 7½ o'clock.

Hon. HENRY WILSON,
Ex-Gov. BUTLER G. NOBLE,
Hon. WILLIAM M. EVARTS,
Gen. JAS. W. NYE, U. S. Senator from Nevada,
Hon. WILLIAM E. DODGE,
Hon. DANIEL S. DICKINSON,
Hon. CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW,

FINANCIAL.

VERMILYE & CO., BANKERS,

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KEEP ON HAND FOR

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Government securities, stocks, bonds and gold bought and sold on commission.

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STOCKS, BONDS AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
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RIKER & CO.,
Nos. 78 AND 80 BROADWAY,
AND NO. 5 NEW-ST.,
BROKERS
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PETROLEUM AND MINING STOCKS.

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Dealers in government and other securities.

Interest allowed upon deposits of gold and currency, subject to check at sight. Gold loaned to merchants and bankers upon favorable terms.

COAL AT $9 PER TON, DELIVERED AT ONCE.
THE NEWCASTLE
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CAPITAL $350,000.
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Treasurer, JACOB RUSSELL, Cashier of U. S. Treasury, New-York.
Secretary, H. C. RODGERS.

Each share of stock entitles its holder to one ton of coal per annum, at actual cost.

Subscribers can have one-half their coal delivered at their houses immediately, at $9 per ton. Balance after Jan. 1.

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R. KINGSLAND, No. 28 Pine-st.,
Dealer in coal and other stocks.

JOHN J. CISCO & SON,
BANKERS,
NO. 33 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
Receive money on deposit, and allow interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum on daily balances which may be checked for at sight.
Negotiate Loans and Business Paper.
Purchase and sell Government and other securities on commission.
Make collections on all parts of the United States and Canada.

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issue credits for travelers' circular letters in all parts of Europe and the East. Also, commercial credits.

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ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THIS COUNTRY AND ABROAD

U. S. COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,
ISSUED IN 1864,
BOUGHT AND SOLD BY
VERMILYE & CO.,
No. 44 Wall-st.

HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York,
Unite States Government Securities purchased and for sale

TRAVELING CREDITS.

Circular notes for £10 and upwards, on the Union Bank of London, available in all the principal towns and cities of Europe, for sale, at the current rate of exchange, by
E. F. MORTON & CO., Bankers, No. 35 Wall-st.

UNITED STATES TREASURY,
NEW-YORK, Nov. 20, 1865.

DEPOSITS OF GOLD COIN.

In pursuance of the authority conferred by section 5th of the "Act to Provide Ways and Means for the Support of Government," approved March 3, 1863, and by direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, deposits of Gold Coin will be received at this office from corporations and individuals, in sums of not less than Twenty ($20) Dollars, for which certificates will be issued in denominations of $5,000, $1,000, $100 and $20, payable on demand, in coin, at this office.

The certificates thus issued will be received by Collectors of Customs throughout the United States "at par, in payment of duties on imports;" will be received on deposit by banks; by vote of the Gold Board are made a delivery on contracts, in sums not less than $5,000; and offer the guarantee of the Government for the safe-keeping and return of coin to parties desirous of retaining it at command.

The Certificates of $5,000 will be made payable to the order of E. H. Birdsall, and indorsed by him, leaving it optional with holders to protect themselves by further indorsements. Those of lesser amounts will be payable to bearer. No interest will be allowed for deposits of coin; but the "coin or bullion deposited for or representing the Certificates of Deposit, shall be retained in the Treasury for payment of the same on demand."

H. VAN DYCK, Assistant Treasurer.

THE RATHBONE PETROLEUM COMPANY OF WEST VIRGINIA.—A meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of said company, Room No. 22, No. 54 William-st., New-York City, on THURSDAY, the 14th day of December, at 12 o'clock M., to vote upon two resolutions which will be offered: 1. To increase the capital stock of said company by fifty thousand shares, as additional working capital. 2. To diminish the whole capital stock from three to one dollar per share; and for such other business as may come before the meeting.

GEORGE E. COCK,
JOHN F. PICKRELL,
GEO. BRADISH,
ROBERT C. EMBREE,
} Trustees.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 20, 1865.

OFFICE OF SHELDEN AND COLUMBIAN COPPER CO.,
No. 22 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, Nov. 23, 1865.

THE FOLLOWING CERTIFICATES OF the stock of the SHELDEN AND COLUMBIAN COPPER COMPANY have been forfeited, and will be sold at public auction, at the office of the company, on SATURDAY, Dec. 23, 1865, at 3 o'clock P. M., for non-payment of assessment, due June 5, 1865: Certificate No. 49, in name of B. F. Woodward, for 5 shares; Certificate No. 76, in name of Geo. P. Deshon, for 75 shares; Certificate No. 88, in name of Joshua Hendricks, for 25 shares.

By order of Board of Directors.
S. J. EDWARDS, Secretary.

BANK DEPARTMENT,
ALBANY, Nov. 25, 1865.

THE BANK OF PORT BYRON, PORT Byron, Cayuga County, has this day filed in this office a notice of the appointment of the CROTON NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK, in the City of New-York, as agent for the redemption of its circulating notes, together with a revocation of the appointment of H. J. Messenger as such agent, agreeable to the act entitled "An act to amend the several acts relating to Incorporated Banks, Banking Associations and Individual Bankers," passed April 17, 1851.

EMERSON W. KEYES, Dep. Superintendent.

OFFICE OF THE NEW-YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY, ALBANY, Nov. 1, 1865.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this company, and for three inspectors of the next election, will be held at the office of the company, in the Exchange, in the city of Albany, on the second WEDNESDAY (the 13th) in December next. The poll will be opened at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and will continue open for two hours thereafter.

By order of the Board of Directors.
ROBERT L. BANKS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE TOLEDO, PEORIA AND WARSAW RAILWAY CO., No. 26 EXCHANGE-PLACE,
NEW-YORK, Nov. 29, 1865.

COUPONS OF TOLEDO, PEORIA AND Warsaw Railway First Mortgage Bonds, due Dec. 1, 1865, will be paid on and after that date, less government tax, at the office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, No. 26 Exchange-place.

CHARLES L. FROST, President.

OFFICE OF THE EMPIRE CITY FIRE INSURANCE CO., No. 192 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Nov. 18, 1865.

AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS OF this company will be held at the office on MONDAY, the 4th day of December, between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 1 o'clock P. M.

WM. A. BURTIS, Jr., Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the STANDARD PETROLEUM COMPANY, for electing Trustees, will be held at the office of the company, No. 92 Broadway, on the 5th day of December, 1865, at 2 o'clock P. M.

WM. S. NEWEL, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

FISK & HATCH,

BANKERS,
AND

U. S. 7-30 LOAN AGENTS

No. 5 NASSAU-STREET,
(Continental Bank Building,)
Near WALL-ST.,

have all denominations of

THE 7-30 NOTES

constantly on hand for

IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.

All Classes of

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

bought and sold at market rates.

H. J. MESSENGER,

BANKER,

NO. 139 BROADWAY,

All denominations of 7 3-10 notes on hand for immediate delivery.

Gold, Government Securities, Stocks and Bonds bought and sold on commission.

CASH ADVANCES
BY THE
N. Y. GUARANTY AND INDEMNITY CO.,
NO. 14 BROAD-ST.,
ON
GOVERNMENT STOCKS AND OTHER SECURITIES,
PRODUCE AND MERCHANDISE GENERALLY.
ALSO, ON
SHIPMENTS TO LONDON AND LIVERPOOL.

DIRECTORS:

JONATHAN THORNE..of Thorne, Watson & Co.
JOEL WOLFE.....of No. 305 Fifth-av.
JAMES B. JOHNSTON..of J. Boorman, Johnston & Co.
DAVID DOWS.....of David Dows & Co.
A. A. LOW.....of A. A. Low & Brothers.
U. A. MURDOCK..... Pres. Continental Natl. Bk.
W. BUTLER DUNCAN..of Duncan, Sherman & Co.
GEORGE D. CRAGIN ..of Cragin & Co.
HERMAN MARCUSE...of Marcuse & Baltzer.
RICHARD LATHERS..... Pres. G. W. Marine Ins. Co.
LYON HOFFMAN.....of L. Von Hoffman & Co.
MARTIN BATES.....of M. Bates, Jr., & Co.
C. F. DAMBMANN.....of C. F. Dambmann & Co.
NOAH L. WILSON.....of Wilson, Gibson & Co.
SAMUEL D. BABCOCK, PRESIDENT pro. tem., of Babcock, Bros. & Co.
JAMES P. WALLACE, VICE-PRESIDENT, of Wallace & Wickes.
SAMUEL G. OGDEN, TREASURER, late Auditor of Customs.

A. J. MAYER & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

No. 46 Exchange-place, up stairs, New-York.

OFFICE OF THE GREAT NORTHERN OIL COMPANY, No. 40 NEW-STREET, NEW-YORK, November, 1865.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKholders of this company will be held at its office in New-York on the 12th day of December next, at 1 o'clock P. M., to elect five Trustees for the ensuing year, and also vote upon a reduction of the capital stock of the company from $2,000,000 to $500,000, and such other business as may come before the meeting.

DANIEL DEVLIN,
JOHN BRYAN,
C. S. ATWOOD,
Majority of Trustees.

THE AMERICAN LAND COMPANY AND AGENCY, ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK,
OFFICE NO. 57 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK CITY,

will buy and sell real estate, as the agent of others, in all parts of the United States, especially in the South.

Will negotiate loans on real securities. Will facilitate emigration, and will transact all business in which a responsible agent, known and trusted by all interests, may be usefully employed.

JOHN A. ANDREW, President.
FRANK E. HOWE, Vice-President and General Agent, North.

OFFICE OF THE S., B. AND N. Y. R. R. CO., SYRACUSE, Nov. 20, 1865.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION OF DIRECTORS of the Syracuse, Binghamton and New-York Railroad Company will be held at the company's office, in the City of Syracuse, on WEDNESDAY, the 13th December next. The polls will be open from 10 o'clock A. M. until 1 o'clock P. M.

O. WELCH, Secretary.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, TREASURER'S OFFICE, SPRINGFIELD, Dec. 22, 1865.

THE INTEREST ON THE PUBLIC DEBT OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS maturing on the first Monday of January, 1866, will be paid at the Ocean National Bank of the City of New-York on the 1st to the 15th days, inclusive, of January, 1866.

JAMES H. BEVERIDGE, State Treasurer.

$12,000 WANTED.—THE ABOVE CAPItal is wanted in an enterprise not only strictly legitimate in its character, but it can be readily shown to be both safe and profitable as an investment. It is desirable that the stock be taken by one or two persons only; still, it may be offered in shares of $1,000 each. Explanations made, and the best of references given, by application to D. C. GREEN, office No. 187 Pearl-st., New-York.

NEW-YORK AND NEW-HAVEN RAILROAD COMPANY.—The interest due on the bonds of this company Dec. 1, 1865, will be paid on presentation and surrender of the coupons, at this office, or at the National Bank of the Republic, corner of Wall-st. and Broadway, on and after the above date.

W. BEMENT, Treasurer.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 24, 1865.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the EUREKA AMBER OIL COMPANY, for an election of directors, will be held on the 20th day of December next, at the office of the company, No. 155 Broadway, at 12 M.

EDWARD PETTINGER, Secretary.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.—THE regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company will be held at the rooms of the company, No. 57 Broadway, New-York City, on MONDAY, Dec. 4, at 12 o'clock noon.

CHARLES S. PESHAM, Secretary.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE—$6,000 TO $16,000 in gold or legal-tender for a farm; must be healthy location, good building, good land, no musquitoes, handy to the depot and within two hours' ride of the city. Address, with full particulars, Box 292 Brooklyn Post-office.

COMMISSIONER FOR MASSACHUSETTS and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 8, first floor over Park Bank

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF "THE STOUT COAL COMPANY," ROOM No. 44 TRINITY BUILDING, NEW-YORK, Nov. 20, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS OF THIS Company have this day declared a Dividend of Five (5) per Cent. on the capital stock, (out of the earnings for the three months ending 31st of October,) payable at the office of the Company, on and after Dec. 1.

Transfer books closed from the 24th inst. to prox. mo.

G. S. COMSTOCK, Treasurer

MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Nov. 27, 1865.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a dividend of Five (5) Per Cent. free of government tax, payable Dec. 1. The transfer books will be closed until Dec. 1.

J. D. VERMILYE, Cashier.

SAVINGS BANKS.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST,
Free from government tax, allowed at
METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK,
NO. 1 THIRD-AV.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST PAID, FREE from government tax.
THIRD-AV. SAVINGS BANK,
corner 26th-st. and 3d-avenue.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK—CORNER of 14th-st. and 8th-av.—Open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; Mondays and Thursdays, from 5 to 8 P. M. Six per cent. interest, free from government tax. Deposits made on or before Dec. 1 will draw interest from that date.

THOS. CHRISTY, President.
R. H. BULL, Secretary.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST, FREE OF Tax, allowed by Union Dime Savings Bank, No. 4 29 Canal-st., corner of Varick.

Assets, $1,571,650 75.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK, CHATHAM-SQUARE, allows 6 PER CENT. INTEREST, free from U. S. Tax. Assets, Nov. 1, 1865, $1,073,076 67.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS GROCERY OF seven years' standing, on one of the principal avenues of Brooklyn, doing a good trade. Only reason for selling, the proprietors have other business requiring their attention. For particulars apply to WM. MACKEY, No. 93 Fulton-av., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—A LARGE FOUR-STORY BRICK factory, with 12 lots of ground; a fine opportunity for parties requiring a good factory building and plenty of room at a great bargain.

BENEDICT & COIT, No. 4 Pine-st.

A GOOD CHANCE FOR A MAN WITH $200 to take a business that is established in this city. Address C. D. C., Box No. 203 *Times* Office.

DENTISTRY.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION.—DR. COLTON is the undisputed originator of the painless and pleasant extraction of teeth with Nitrous Oxide Gas, and has given it to over 8,000 patients without an accident. To avoid the crowd and save time waiting, secure an appointment. Office No. 19 Cooper Institute.

OSTEOPLASTIC, OR ARTIFICIAL bone, for filling decayed and sensitive teeth. Broken teeth built up; teeth aching and in every condition of decay restored to usefulness without giving pain, by the discoverer, at No. 29 14th-st., one door west of Union-square. Over 12,000 testimonials.

AUCTION SALES.

J. H. DRAPER, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SALE
OF
CLOTHING, COPPER, &c.
JOHN H. DRAPER & CO.

Will sell on TUESDAY, Dec. 5, 1865, at 12 o'clock noon, at No. 15 State-st., by order of Simeon Draper, United States Agent,

8,500 pairs Drawers,
6,000 pairs Trowsers,
10,500 Jackets,
6,500 Shirts,
15,000 pairs Socks,
25,000 Grain Bags,
10 bbls. Copper,
8 pieces Copper,
2 boxes Tobacco,
1 bale Cotton.

Goods can be examined at No. 15 State-st. three days before the sale.

EXTENSIVE SALE OF GOVERNMENT RAILROAD PROPERTY.

MILITARY DIVISION OF THE TENNESSEE, CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, U. S. MIL. R. R., NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 31, 1865.

Will be sold, at public auction on Nov. 20, 1865, at the foot of Poplar-st., St. Louis, Mo.,

TWO FLAT CARS, 5½ FEET GAUGE.

On Nov. 25, 1865, at the yard of the Jeffersonville Railroad Company, Jeffersonville, Ind.,

NINE FLAT CARS, GAUGE, 4 FEET 8½ INCHES.

On Nov. 27, 1865, at Louisville, Ky.:

311 car wheels,
217 old axles,
1 smoke-stack,
1 pair drivers,
1 parallel rod,
4 hand cars,
50,000 pounds of scrap iron,
43 pairs wheels and axles,
1 tender,
1 engine truck,
4 springs,
1 bell and frame,
14 truck cars,

On Dec. 1, 1865, at Memphis, Tenn., the entire stock of the United States Military Railroad supplies remaining on hand at that place, consisting in part as follows:

(80) Eighty tons assorted iron.
(800) Eight hundred tons scrap iron.
(8) Eight tons assorted steel.
(1) One ton pig lead.

And a general assortment of small stores, table for railroads.

On Dec. 11, 1865, at Nashville, Tenn., the entire stock of new and serviceable stores of the United States Military Railroad, remaining on hand at the General Supply Store, consisting, in part, as follows:

20,000 Twenty thousand axes,
1,000 Tons ass'd bar iron, rd. sq. hfrd. angle,
(80) Eighty tons boiler and tank iron,
(35) Thirty-five tons assorted steel,
(300) Three hundred tons scrap iron, wrought and cast,
25,000) Twenty-five thousand pounds engine brass castings,
Gas-pipe,
Brass pipe,
Spring balances,
Shovels,
Hatchets,
Nuts,
Washers, wrought and cast,
Nails and spikes,
Mallets,
Sash, glass and paint, of all kinds,
Railroad lamps,
Cooking stoves and fixtures,
Heating stoves,
Gas fixtures of kinds,
Oil cups,
Brass cocks of every description,
Globe valves, all sizes,
Claw, lining and clamping bars,
Iron and copper rivets and burrs,
Sheet copper and brass,
Chains and rope of all sizes,
Blocks, tackle and snatch,
Kelly's head lights,

Full sets of carpenters', blacksmiths' and saddlers' tools, rubber car springs, belting gum and leather, files' butts, and every thing else of all kinds; and almost every article suitable for railroad operations, all of the very best quality. Also,

(3) Three large lathes, Stevens & Brother, manufacturers.
(2) Two planers, Sellers & Co., manufacturers.
(1) One bolt cutter and 1 gear cutter, Gould & Brother manufacturers.
(1) One axle cut-off lathe, Warner & Whitney.
(2) Two fan-blowers (medium.)
(1) One upright engine, 8-horse power.
(1) One trip-hammer and engine, Howell's patent.
(1) One Broomfield steam hammer.
(1) One Sellers' steam hammer.

Will also be sold at the same time, a large amount of serviceable and second-hand railroad tools of all kinds, consisting of

Carpenters' Tools,
Wheelwrights' Tools,
Blacksmiths' Tools,
Machinists' Tools,
Stores and Pipe, Rope, Chains, &c., &c.

TERMS CASH, IN GOVERNMENT FUNDS.

Catalogues of the materials to be sold in Nashville can be obtained by application to Capt. S. R. Hamill, A. Q. M., and of that at Memphis, on application to Capt. John Park, A. Q. M.

The attention of dealers and railroad companies is particularly invited to this sale.

Sales will commence at 9 o'clock A. M. on each day, and continue daily until all the property is disposed of.

E. D. CRILLY,
Capt. and A. Q. M. U. S. A.

WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION, on the New-York Arsenal, on Governor's Island, at 11 o'clock A. M., on the 4th of December, 1865, ordnance, gun carriages, small arms, accoutrements, shot, shells and other property of the United States, of which the following are some of the articles:

125 columbiads, 8, 10 and 12-inch, iron,
175 cannon of various calibre, iron,
10 10-inch siege mortars,
50 carriages, iron, for 24, 32 and 42-pounder casement guns,
9,315 shells, 8 and 10-inch mortar, and 3½-inch Hotchkiss,
725 case shot for 32 and 42 and 8-inch guns,
7,000 muskets, smooth-bore, old and new, foreign and American,
7,799 muskets, rifled, old and new, foreign and American,
45 rifles, Sharp's, Hall's and national,
31 carbines, Sharp's and Burnside's,
108 pistols, Colt's and Remington's,
265 swords, sabres and cutlasses,
48,000 appendages for small arms—screwdrivers, wipers, cones, &c.,
2,475 bullet-molds for rifles and pistols,
44,565 infantry cartridge-boxes, 38 and 69 calibre,
6,250 infantry cartridge-boxes, box belts, cotton-black and buff leather,
34,564 bayonet scabbards, black and buff leather frogs,
426 bayonet scabbards, belts, buff leather, new,
7,934 waist belts, cotton, black and buff leather,
2,642 gun-slings,
3,422 cap pouches,
10,147 plates for infantry and rifle accoutrements,
123 waist belts, rifle, with clasp plates,
27 scabbards, leather, for cutlasses and sword bayonets,
21,046 accoutrements for cavalry-belts, slings, cartridge-boxes, &c.,
112 saddles, cavalry and artillery,
1,677 cavalry equipments—stirrups, girths, surcingles, blankets, &c.,
15,172 percussion caps,
2,077 pounds of block tin,
498 pounds of scrap brass,
300 pounds of hemp and Manilla rope,
339 files, assorted, wrought and cast scrap iron, and other articles not above named. Terms cash—United States currency. The stores will be bid in if the interest of the government should render it necessary. Catalogues can be had by applications to

W. A. THORNTON,
Colonel of Ordnance Commanding Arsenal.

H. D. MINER, Auctioneer—Office No. 37 Nassau-st.

MINER & SOMERVILLE WILL SELL at auction, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, Nov. 30 and Dec. 1, at 7½ o'clock, at the SOMERVILLE ART GALLERY, No. 845 Broadway, near 14th-st., a large collection of ancient and modern

OIL PAINTINGS,

of the various European and American schools, among which are the productions of the following eminent artists:

F. W. P. Bilders,
A. Van Hove,
H. Schaep,
— Knarren,
B. Tolley,
C. D. Vylder,
A. Minget,
— Velasquez,
Thos. Doughty,
J. C. Thorn,
H. Savry,
M. A. Keok Keok,
Jules Boulanger,
P. Von Schendel,
A. F. Vermuelen,
Verhoven Ball,
Sebastien Gomez,
P. J. Lacroux,
H. F. White,
T. J. Rossiter.

Now on exhibition until time of sale.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL sell by auction, on SATURDAY, Dec. 2, at 12 o'clock, in front of their salesroom, No. 93 Liberty-st., a few doors west of Broadway:

A GRAY MARE—Very gentle and stylish, kind in all harness and under the saddle:

A PAIR SORREL CARRIGAE HORSES, young, about 16 hands high, sound and kind, and in all respects a fine pair of carriage horses, and one a very fine saddle horse.

Also, a two-seat open CARRIAGE.
Also, a fine set of double HARNESS.
Also, a coupe, in good order; city built.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Office No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

SALE OF A PRIVATE COLLECTION OF MODERN OIL PAINTINGS, THE PROPERTY OF A WELL-KNOWN CONNOISSEUR OF THIS CITY. MINER & SOMERVILLE will sell at auction on THURSDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, Nov. 30 and Dec. 1, at the Somerville Art Gallery, No. 845 Broadway, two doors below 14th-st., a large collection of modern Oil Paintings and Water Colors, embracing works of the American, French, Flemish, English and German Schools, the property of a well-known connoisseur of this city, who is about going South, and will be positively sold without reserve.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL sell at auction on SATURDAY, Dec. 2, at 10½ o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 93 Liberty-st.:

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Consisting of velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets; rosewood pianos, carved rosewood and black walnut suites in brocatel and reps, rosewood etageres, rosewood and mahogany centre tables, rosewood and mahogany bedsteads, bureaus, washstands and commodes; feather beds, pillows, hair mattresses, husk and straw do., woolen blankets, iron bedsteads, &c.

Also, an assortment of kitchen furniture. Further particulars in catalogue.

SALE OF NAVY CANNON.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE, NAVY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON CITY, Nov. 10, 1865.

Notice is hereby given that on the first day of December next, at 12 o'clock noon, there will be sold at public auction, at the Navy-yard, Philadelphia, Penn., one hundred and ninety-five (195) old cannon.

These guns are to be sold by the pound, and one-half the purchase money is to be paid at the completion of the sale, and the other half upon the removal of the guns by the purchaser, which removal must take place within ten days after the sale, and at the expense of the purchaser.

H. A. WISE, Chief of Bureau.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

H. H. LEEDS & MINER WILL SELL by auction, on FRIDAY, Dec. 1, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the store No. 428 Broadway, near Howard-st.:

FURNISHING GOODS, STOCK, LEASE AND GOOD-WILL, consisting of a stock of fresh goods, recently imported and bought for gentlemen's wear, viz: hosiery, shirts, collars, gloves, under-wear, &c. Also, good-will and lease to May 1, 1866. They are to be sold in lots to suit purchasers.

T. H. MINTURN, Auctioneer.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, DEC. 1, AT 11 o'clock, within the store—

Bordeaux Prunes—100 wooden boxes.
Spanish Yams—12 barrels.
Hempseed—10 bags.
Currants—150 barrels Trieste, 20 barrels Patras.

GEORGE COOK, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 91 Liberty-st.

TO-MORROW, AT 10 1-2 O'CLOCK, A large and varied stock of fine furniture, including parlor, chamber, library and dining-room suites of various styles; book-cases, side-boards, extension tables, bedsteads, bureaus, hall-stands, carpets, mirrors, clocks, vases, &c.

AUCTION SALES.

BENJ. F. THEALL, Auctioneer.

Late Salesman with E. E. Ludlow & Co.—Salesroom, No. 28 Liberty-st., just below the Post-office.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, Mirrors, Rosewood Billiard Table, Carpets, Chandeliers, &c.

THEALL & CURTIS will sell by auction, on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 6, 1865, at 11 o'clock, at the residence No. 105 Clinton-place, (8th-st.,) between 5th and 6th avs., all the furniture, &c., contained in said house, made to order by Beaudoine, Rochefort & Skarren and Kemble, viz.: Elegantly carved rosewood parlor suites, in green and gold and blue and gold satin, marble-top centre and fancy tables, rich rosewood etagere, fine French plate pier and mantel mirrors, elegant satin and lace curtains, lounges and Turkish chairs, carved solid oak extension table, marble-top buffet, solid oak dining-room suite in green reps, rich mantle clocks and vases; rosewood, walnut and mahogany French bedsteads; dressing-bureaus, armoires a glaces, fine secretary and library bookcases, wardrobes, sofas and chairs in hair-cloth, enameled bedroom suites, patent spring beds, paillasses, mattresses, velvet and Brussels carpets, oil-cloths, &c., together with the kitchen utensils, with which the sale will commence.

Also, all the fine bronze and gilt chandeliers and gas fixtures throughout the house.

Fine rosewood full-size billiard table complete, and about 200 volumes desirable books.

The house will be open for inspection on Tuesday, the 5th inst., by permit, which, with catalogue, may be had at the office of the auctioneers, No. 28 Liberty-st., or at the office of E. H. Ludlow & Co., No. 3 Pine-st.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned, HENRY A. BARLING and ABNER H. DAVIS, as executors of the last will and testament of Edward Mott Robinson, deceased, will sell at public auction, through Burdett, Jones & Co., auctioneers, a the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the City of New-York, on the 11th day of December ne at 12 o'clock noon, the three-eighths of the ship *Queen the East*, of New-York, her tackle, apparel and furnitu &c., mortgaged to the said Edward Mott Robinson, ceased, by Eben B. Crocker and George Warren, to cure the sum of $13,509, by indenture of mortgage, dat March 8, 1864, recorded at the Custom-house in New York March 8, 1864, in Liber 44, folio 33, &c., of Bills of Sa of Registered Vessels. Default having been made in payment of said mortgage debt, the said sale will be made in pursuance of the power contained in said mortgage. The said vessel is now lying at the North Middle Wharf in the Atlantic Basin, in the City of Brooklyn.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 29, 1865.

HENRY A. BARLING,
ABNER H. DAVIS,
Executors, &c., of Edward Mott Robinson.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.

SUPERB FANCY GOODS.
CONTINUATION SALE THIS DAY,
At 11 A. M., at No. 60 Liberty-st.

B. A. CHILTON, Auctioneer—Office No. 45 Nassau-st.

CONDEMNED SUBSISTENCE STORES.—Will be sold at auction on SATURDAY, Dec. 2, at 12 o'clock, at No. 2 Bridge-st., 5 tierces hams, 3½ barrels salt beef and 1 barrel pork. Sale positive. Terms cash. By order.

Brevet Brig.-Gen. H. F. CLARK, A. C. G. S.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

SEYMOUR & COMPANY.

[U. S. Revenue stamp, 5 cents, cancelled.]

Whereas for more than five years before Nov. 21, 1865, a copartnership under the firm name of SEYMOUR & COMPANY, composed of MELANCTHON L. SEYMOUR, WARREN B. SAGE, now residing in Spuyten Duyvil, Westchester County, N. Y., and CHARLES E. O'HARA, now residing at the City of New-York, had transacted business as manufacturers of and dealers in paper in the City and State of New-York, with its principal place of business at said city; and whereas said copartnership, on said day was terminated by the death of said SEYMOUR.

Now, therefore, this may certify that the undersigned, the surviving partners of said firm, will, from and after said day, continue said business as said city, under said firm name of SEYMOUR & COMPANY, in pursuance of the statue in such case made and provided.

(Signed,) WARREN B. SAGE.
(Signed,) CHARLES E. O'HARA.

City and County of New-York, ss. On this 9th day of November, 1865, before me personally came WARREN B. SAGE and CHARLES E. O'HARA, known to me to be the same persons described in and who executed the foregoing certificate, and severally acknowledged to me that they had executed the same. Witness, my hand and seal, the day, month and year above written.

(Signed,) FREDERICK J. KING, Notary Public,
[Seal.] in and for the County of New-York.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 1, 1865, No. 34½ PINE-ST.

THE COPARTNERSHIP

heretofore existing under the firm of LYMAN & WILSON is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Sylvester Lyman retiring from business. Either party will sign in liquidation.

SYLVESTER LYMAN,
HENRY S. WILSON.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 1, 1865, No. 34½ PINE-ST.

HENRY S. WILSON will continue the business of the late firm of Lyman & Wilson at No. 34½ Pine-st., and solicits a continuance of the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed. Government securities, stocks, gold, State and other bonds, &c., &c., purchased and sold strictly on commission.

HENRY S. WILSON,
Member of the New-York Stock Exchange.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands, affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed, and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:

For paving Forty-fifth-street from Ninth to Tenth avenues.

For paving Twenty-sixth-street from Lexington to Madison avenues.

For paving Twenty-first-street from Third to Fourth avenues; also, west side of Gramercy Park.

The limits embraced by such an assessment include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, described as follows:

All the lots on both sides of Forty-fifth-street, from Ninth to Tenth avenues.

Also, all the lots on both sides of Twenty-sixth-street, from Lexington to Madison avenues.

Also, all the lots on both sides of Twenty-first-street, from Third to Fourth avenues; also, all the lots fronting on the west side of Gramercy Park.

All persons whose interests are affected by the abovenamed assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing to one of the undersigned, at their office, No. 32 Chambers-street, basement new Court-house, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

DANIEL E. DELAVAN,
MORGAN L. HARRIS,
DANIEL D. CONOVER,
} Board of Assessors.

OFFICE OF BOARD OF ASSESSORS, NEW COURT-HOUSE, Nov. 27, 1865.

OFFICE OF THE CENTRAL DEPARTMENT METROPOLITAN POLICE, No. 300 MULBERRY-ST., NEW-YORK, Nov. 30, 1865.

THE FOLLOWING CHANGES HAVE been made in the places for holding the registry and election on Dec. 5 next:

Sixth Ward, Second District, No. 329 Pearl-st.
Sixth Ward, Fourth District, No. 132 Leonard-st.
Sixth Ward, Ninth District, No. 218 Canal-st.
Twelfth Ward, Third District, Engine House 119th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.
Twenty-second Ward, Second District, No. 513 9th-av.

S. C. HAWLEY, Chief Clerk.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, BUREAU OF THE RECEIVER OF TAXES, NEW COURT-HOUSE, PARK, Nov. 4, 1865.

TO TAX-PAYERS.—NOTICE IS HEREBY given that one per cent. will be added on the 1st of December, on all Taxes remaining unpaid; an additional one per cent. will be added on the 15th of said month of December. On all Taxes remaining unpaid on the 1st of January, interest at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum, calculated from the day the books were received by the Receiver of Taxes. No money will be received after 2 o'clock P. M. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 2 P. M.

JOHN MURPHY, Receiver.

SHIPPING.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S NEW LINE OF FIRST-CLASS MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST

The first splendid vessels on this favorite route for the continent are the following:

WASHINGTON	3,204 tons	800-horse power
LAFAYETTE	3,204 tons	800-horse power
EUROPE	3,204 tons	800-horse power
NAPOLEON III		1,100-horse power
ST. LAURENT	(Building)	Great power.
PEREIRE	(Building)	Great power.
VILLE DE PARIS	(Building)	Great power.

DEPARTURES FROM NEW-YORK.
Pier No. 50 North River.

LAFAYETTE....A. BOCANDE.....FRIDAY.....Dec. 8
EUROPE.....A. DUCHESNE...FRIDAY.....Jan. 5

Carrying only cabin passengers.

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.

First cabin, $135; second cabin, $80, including table wine for either class.

Passengers intending to land at Brest will be furnished here with railroad coupon tickets, and their baggage checked to Paris, at an additional charge of $5 for first and $3 for second class.

Medical attendance free of charge.

For further information apply to
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 7 Broadway,
Will remove on Dec. 15 to new offices, No. 58 Broadway.
At Paris, 12 Boulevard des Capucines, (Grand Hotel.)
At Havre, WM. ISELIN & CO.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
(Limited.)
NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL,
Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ships.	Tons.	Commanders.
QUEEN	3,412	Grogan.
ENGLAND—building	3,453	
SCOTLAND	3,695	Hall.
ERIN	3,310	Grace.
HELVETIA	3,315	Prowse.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,872	McNevin.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Lewis.
LOUISIANA	2,196	Cutting.

Leaving Pier No. 47, North River, as follows:

LOUISIANA.....SATURDAY, Dec. 2
PENNSYLVANIA.....SATURDAY, Dec. 9
QUEEN.....SATURDAY, Dec. 16
HELVETIA.....SATURDAY, Dec. 23
AND EVERY SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The size of these steamships admits of very spacious state-rooms, all opening directly into the saloon; the accommodations and fare are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line.

An experienced Surgeon on each ship free of charge.

Cabin passage, $80; Steerage, $30—payable in currency.

The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having their value expressed therein, are signed therefor.

For freight or cabin passage, apply at the office of the Company, No. 57 Broadway.

DAVID LEE EDWARDS, Manager.

For steerage passage at THOMPSON'S Passage Office, No. 275 Pearl-st.

ONLY AMERICAN LINE TO ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

The New-York and Havre Steamship Company's first-class mail steam-ships ARAGO and FULTON, having been thoroughly refitted, will leave Pier No. 37 North River for Havre, calling at Falmouth, as follows:

ARAGO.....HENRY A. GADSDEN.....Nov. 25, 1865.
FULTON.....JAMES A. WOTTON.....Dec. 23, 1865.
ARAGO.....HENRY A. GADSDEN.....Jan. 27, 1866.
FULTON.....JAMES A. WOTTON.....Feb. 17, 1866.
ARAGO.....HENRY A. GADSDEN.....March 17, 1866.
FULTON.....JAMES A. WOTTON.....April 14, 1866.

PRICES OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.

First cabin.....$132 50 | Second cabin.....$80 00

Through tickets to London, $5 extra.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The company will not be responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For further information, apply to
ISAAC BELL, President,
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.
AND
BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

PERSIA leaves New-York Wednesday, Nov. 29.
CHINA leaves Boston Wednesday, Dec. 6.
SCOTIA leaves New-York Wednesday, Dec. 13.
ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, Dec. 20.
JAVA leaves New-York Wednesday, Dec. 27.
CUBA leaves Boston Wednesday, Jan. 3.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage.....$132 50
Second Cabin Passage.....80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage.....$112 50
Second Cabin Passage.....65 00

payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL—CALLING AT Queenstown. The Inman Line, sailing semi-weekly, carrying the United States Mails, is composed of the

CITY OF LONDON.....SATURDAY.....Dec. 2
CITY OF DUBLIN.....WEDNESDAY.....Dec. 6
CITY OF BALTIMORE.....SATURDAY.....Dec. 9

and each succeeding SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

BY THE MAIL STEAMER SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.

First Cabin.....$80 | Steerage.....$30
First Cabin to London.....$85 | Steerage to London.....33
First Cabin to Paris.....$120 | Steerage to Paris.....40

PAYABLE IN GOLD.

Passage by the Wednesday steamers: First Cabin, $90; Steerage, $35. Drafts issued in U. S. currency.

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.

Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $30 gold, or the equivalent. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

ONLY LINE OF BRITISH STEAMERS carrying passengers direct to Great Britain.

ANCHOR LINE.

Steam to Glasgow, Liverpool and the Irish Ports.

CALEDONIA.....SATURDAY, Dec. 2
HIBERNIA.....SATURDAY, Dec. 16

Cabins, $80, $90 and $100. Steerage, $30, in currency.

FRANCIS MACDONALD & CO.,
No. 6 Bowling-green.

Passengers will please come direct to the office, as this company does not employ runners.

STEAM TO LONDON.—THE SPLENDID British iron steamship CELLA, 2,500 tons, Capt. BELLINGE, will sail as above from Pier No. 3 North River, on TUESDAY, Dec. 5. For passage, at the lowest rates, apply to CHAS. A. WHITNEY, No. 26 Broadway. For freight, apply at No. 54 South-st.
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

FREIGHT THROUGH TO AUGUSTA, DARIEN, DOCTORTOWN AND THOMASVILLE, GA., BY THE EMPIRE SIDE-WHEEL LINE,
FROM PIER No. 29 NORTH RIVER,
FOOT OF WARREN-ST.

Bills of lading issued through to the above-named places.

The first-class side-wheel steamship SAN SALVADOR, of the Atlantic Mail Steamship Company's new line, will leave for Savannah direct on
SATURDAY, Dec. 2, 1865,
at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely.

Freight is now being received, and bills of lading furnished and signed on the wharf.

For further information, or for passage, having splendid accommodations, apply to
GARRISON & ALLEN, AGENTS,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

Agent at Savannah:
B. H. HARDEE.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
EMPIRE LINE FOR SAVANNAH.

The steamer SAN SALVADOR, of this line, will make her departure on SATURDAY, Dec. 2, from Pier No. 51 North River, foot of Christopher-st. And hereafter the steamers of this line will sail from Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st.

Freight received and bills of lading signed at Pier 51.

Consignees per steamer SAN SALVADOR, from Savannah, will receive their goods at Pier No. 51 North River, where the ship is now discharging.

For further information or passage, apply to
GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.
REGULAR UNITED STATES MAIL LINE OF FIRST-CLASS STEAMSHIPS.

GRANADA,
ALHAMBRA,
ANDALUSIA,
SARAGOSSA,
and the QUAKER CITY,
WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS,

will be dispatched promptly at 3 o'clock, from Pier No. 14 East River. Bills of lading signed on board.

For freight or passage apply to
ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.

The elegant and popular steamship
QUAKER CITY, WM. H. WEST, Master,
is now receiving cargo, and will be dispatched on SATURDAY, Dec. 2.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.
PEOPLE'S MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
EMILY B. SOUDER.....Capt. H. LOCKWOOD
MONEKA.....Capt. WM. MARSHMAN

The above splendid steamships will leave every THURSDAY, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 36 North River, invariably landing cargo at Charleston on Monday morning.

The MONEKA leaves THURSDAY, Dec. 7.

For freight or passage, with unsurpassed accommodation,
Apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 141 Broadway.

Consignees at Charleston, ARCHIBALD, GETTY & CO. All bills of lading signed on board the ship.

FOR NORFOLK, CITY POINT AND RICHMOND.
GOES TO THE WHARF AT RICHMOND.

From Pier No. 21, North River, foot of Fulton-st.,
The new and elegant sidewheel steamship,
NIAGARA,
GEORGE W. COUCH, Commander,
Leaves every SATURDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M.
Passenger accommodations unsurpassed.
G. HEINEKEN & PALMORE,
No. 115 Broadway

FOR RICHMOND, CITY POINT AND NORFOLK.
GOES TO THE WHARF AT RICHMOND.

The new and elegant SIDE-WHEEL steamships
HATTERAS, Capt. LEWIS PARRISH, every SATURDAY, at 12 M.,
ALBEMARLE, Capt. H. A. BOURNE, every WEDNESDAY, at 12 M.,
FROM PIER NO. 36 NORTH RIVER.

Freight for Newbern, N. C., and all points on Roanoke River, as far as Halifax, forwarded by our agent at Norfolk, free of charge.

For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations. Apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 141 Broadway.

Freight received on our covered pier, No. 36 North River, at all times during business hours.

Goods consigned to our address promptly forwarded.

All bills of lading signed on board the ship.

FOR HAVANA, VIA NASSAU, N. P.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steampacket Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, on MONDAY, Dec. 4, and MONDAY, Jan. 1.

Passage money to Nassau.....$45
Passage money to Havana.....50

Payable in gold or its equivalent.

☞ No freight received on day before sailing.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S
THROUGH LINE
TO CALIFORNIA,
TOUCHING AT MEXICAN PORTS,

AND CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAIL, leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon, on the 1st, 11th and 21st of every month, (except when those dates fall on Sunday, and then on the preceding Saturday,) for ASPINWALL, connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the company's steamships from Panama for SAN FRANCISCO, touching at ACAPULCO.

DECEMBER.

1st. HENRY CHAUNCEY, Capt. GRAY, connecting with CONSTITUTION, Capt. FARNSWORTH.
11th. ATLANTIC, Capt. MAURY, connecting with GOLDEN CITY, Capt. BRADBURY.
21st. NEW-YORK, Capt. HORNER, connecting with COLORADO, Capt. WATKINS.

Departures of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for SOUTH PACIFIC PORTS. Those of 1st touch at MANZANILLO.

THROUGH PASSAGE RATES, IN CURRENCY.

First Cabin.	Second Cabin.	Steerage.
$350	$250	$125

A discount of ONE-FOURTH from steamers' rates allowed to second cabin and steerage passengers with families.

One hundred pounds baggage allowed each adult. Baggage-masters accompany baggage through, and attend to ladies and children without male protectors. Baggage received on the dock, the day before sailing, from steamboats, railroads and passengers, who prefer to send down early.

An experienced surgeon on board. Medicines and attendance free.

A steamer will be placed on the line Jan. 1, 1866, to run from NEW-ORLEANS to ASPINWALL, via HAVANA.

For passage tickets or further information apply at the company's ticket office, on the w.harf foot of Canal-st., North River. F. W. G BELLOWS, Agent.

OPPOSITION LINE TO CALIFORNIA.
REDUCED PRICES OF PASSAGE.

First Class.	Second Class.	Third Class.
$250.	$175.	$100.

Children 6 to 12 years, half price; under 6, quarter price. 100 pounds baggage free.

The Central American Transit Company will dispatch, on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 20, at noon, from Pier No. 29 North River, the new and elegant steamship
SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Capt. J. W. SMITH.

For passage apply at No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren. D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.

FOR CALIFORNIA, VIA PANAMA.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer HENRY CHAUNCEY will sail on FRIDAY, Dec. 1, at 12 o'clock noon.

SLOW FREIGHT received at Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., from 7 A. M. to 5 P. M., closing at 3 P. M., Nov. 30.
WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
Sole Freight Agents P. M. S. S. Co.

PASSENGERS FOR CALIFORNIA.

THE NEW-YORK ACCIDENTAL INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 141 Broadway, issue policies covering all the risks of the voyage (including the railroad) to San Francisco for $2,950 per $1,000.
W. A. BAYLEY, President.
EDWARD GREENE, Secretary.

OFFICE OF WELLS, FARGO & CO., NEW-YORK AND CALIFORNIA EXPRESS AND EXCHANGE COMPANY, No. 84 Broadway, NEW-YORK.—SHIPPERS OF FREIGHT TO THE PACIFIC COAST will please take notice that having been appointed Freight Agents Pacific Mail Steamship Company, we are now prepared to receive freights for California, Oregon, Nevada, Washington Territory, Sandwich Islands, Central America and west coast of South America.

For rates apply at our office, No. 84 Broadway, or freight flice on dock foot of Canal-st.

Steamers will sail 1st, 11th, and 21st of each month; those dates falling on Sunday, on preceding Saturday.

No slow freight received on day of sailing. Freight MUST BE DELIVERED ON DOCK FOOT OF CANAL-ST. Bills of lading will be issued at 84 Broadway. Our usual package express will be sent by each steamer, and will close at 10 A. M. on sailing day. Our letter bags will close at 11½ A. M. For convenience of our up-town customers, letter bags will be kept at the Metropolitan Hotel and on the dock, foot of Canal-st.

Our FRANKED ENVELOPES will be on sale at the office of the hotel, and at our office, No. 84 Broadway, and Canal-st. dock.

All letters sent through us must be in Government envelopes.

Sight Exchange on San Francisco for sale.

Telegraphic transfers of money made to all points reached by the wires on West Coast.

California coupons bought at best rates.
WELLS, FARGO & CO.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

Consignees of freight per Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamers will receive orders for delivery at the office of Wells, Fargo & Co., No. 84 Broadway, upon surrender of their bills of lading.

Goods remaining on the wharf twenty-four hours after discharge will be stored at expense and risk of consignees.
WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
Sole Agents P. M. S. S. Co.

ATLANTIC COAST MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The new and elegant steamship
FLAMBEAU,
Capt. WM. B. EATON,
is now receiving freight for the above port, and will leave her pier, No. 36 North River, on SATURDAY, Dec. 2, at 3 o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,
No. 141 Broadway.

All bills of lading signed on board the vessel.

NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS.—The New-York Mail Steamship Company's steamships GUIDING STAR and EQUATOR will leave on SATURDAY, Dec. 2, at 3 P. M., and the MARIPOSA on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 6, at 3 P. M., from the Company's Pier, No. 46 North River. For freight or passage apply to
JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 19 Barclay-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
BLACK STAR LINE.

The first-class steamship
MONTGOMERY,
Capt. CALVIN RYDER,
will leave Pier No. 13 North River on SATURDAY, Dec. 2, 1865, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely.

For freight or passage, having handsome accommodations, apply to R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 54 Wall-st.

Bills of lading signed on the wharf.

GEORGE A. FOSDICK, Agent in New-Orleans.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS—DIRECT.

The new U. S. Mail steamship NESHANNOCK, Capt. J. H. WINCHESTER, will leave Pier No. 9, North River, on SATURDAY, Dec. 2, at 3 P. M.

Her accommodations for passengers are most luxurious and elegant. Passage $60.

For passage, or freight apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
THE COASTWISE COMPANY
Will dispatch the A 1 steamer
FLAG,
G. W. BROWN, Commander,
On TUESDAY, Dec. 5, at 2 o'clock P. M., from Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st.

Apply at Company's office, No. 177 West corner Warren-st. D. N. CARRINGTON.

ALABAMA follows Dec. 15.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.
ATLANTIC COAST MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY
Will dispatch their splendid new side-wheel steamship
HERMAN LIVINGSTON,
J. B. BAKER, Commander,
from Pier No. 36 North River, on SATURDAY, Dec. 2, at 3 o'clock P. M. For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,
No. 141 Broadway.

Bills of lading furnished and signed on board the vessel.

Agent at Savannah, JOHN R. WILDER.

FOR SAVANNAH DIRECT.
STAR LINE, SEMI-WEEKLY.
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

Connecting with railroads throughout Georgia and Florida. The first-class United States Mail steamships
AMERICA, LINDT, Commander.
WEYBOSSET, PARISH, Commander.
NEVADA, CARPENTER, Commander.
CONSTITUTION, GREENMAN, Commander.

The
AMERICA
will sail from Pier No. 13 North River (foot of Cedar-st.) SATURDAY, Dec. 2,
at 3 o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage, having splendid accommodations, apply to
WAKEMAN, GOOKIN & DICKINSON,
No. 17 Broadway.

The WEYBOSSET will follow on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 6. Messrs. BRIGHAM, BALDWIN & CO., Agents in Savannah.

Freight received on our covered Pier No. 13 N. R. at all times during the day.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.
ATLANTIC COAST MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
SEMI-WEEKLY.

connecting with railroads throughout Georgia and Florida.

The new and elegant steamships
M. LIVINGSTON, Capt. J. B. BAKER;
EUTERPE, Capt. KLDRIDGE;
VAHUNA, Capt. WHITEHURST;
NIGHTINGALE, Capt. BREAKER;

will leave Pier No. 37 North River, every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 3 P. M. These steamers are unrivaled for speed and passenger accommodations.

The new and elegant Steamship HERMAN LIVINGSTON leaves on SATURDAY, Dec. 2.

For freight or passage apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,
No. 141 Broadway.

Agent at Savannah, JNO. R. WILDER, who will forward all goods intended for the interior.

All bills of lading signed on board the ship.

FOR SAVANNAH DIRECT—PIONEER LINE.
WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS.
Connecting with all coast and interior routes.
THE STEAMSHIPS
TYBEE, Capt. CROWELL,
PERIT, Capt. DELANOY,
HUNTER, Capt. ROGERS,
CHASE, Capt. ROATH.

The new and first-class steamship PERIT, E. A. DELANOY, Commander, will leave Pier No. 4, North River, on SATURDAY, Dec. 2, at 3 P. M.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to LEWIS L. JONES,
No. 17 Broadway.

Agents in Savannah, HUNTER & GAMMELL.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.—MURRAY'S SEMI-weekly lines, connecting with railroads throughout Georgia and Florida. The first-class steamships
LEO, MERRILL, Commander.
VIRGO, BULKLEY, Commander.
ZODIAC, DEARBORN, Commander.

The elegant screw steamship LEO will sail from Pier No. 16 East River, on SATURDAY, Dec. 2, at 3 o'clock P. M. For freight or passage apply to
MURRAY & NEPHEW, No. 62 South-st.

FOR JACKSONVILLE, FLA., FERNANDINA and intermediate landings.

The new, exceedingly fast and splendid steamer
CITY POINT, Capt. TALBOT,
leaves Charleston for the above ports every WEDNESDAY. RAVENEL & CO.

Passengers by the SATURDAY'S steamers from New-York connect.

SEA-SICKNESS! HORRIBLE SENSATION
Prevented and cured. Certificates, Surgeon Pacific Mail Steamship Company, Chemists and others, principal Broadway druggists. DEMAS BARNES & CO., No. 21 Park-row, Agents.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—TO-NIGHT.
Director.....MAX MARETZEK
ITALIAN OPERA.

This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.

LAST WEEK BUT ONE OF THE SEASON.
SPECIAL NOTICE.

The free list, with the exception of the season tickets issued to the pre s, is entirely suspended, and no applications for free tickets will be attended to.

TO-NIGHT—FIRST NIGHT OF L'AFRICAINE.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Owing to the length of "L'Africaine," the performance will commence at HALF-PAST SEVEN. Doors open at a quarter before seven.

THIS (Friday) EVENING, Dec. 1, at 7½,
(Eighteenth night, second subscription,)
first night in America of Meyerbeer's last work,
L'AFRICAINE,
WITH NEW AND MAGNIFICENT SCENERY BY H. W. CALYO.
NEW AND GORGEOUS COSTUMES, BY Mr. HOLLERMAN and Mme. MACCHI.
NEW PROPERTIES, &c., by Sig. ABIATTI.
INCREASED CHORUS AND ORCHESTRA.
The mise en scene under the direction of Sig. DUBREUIL.
The principal roles by the following artists:
MME. CAROZZI-ZUCCHI,
MLLE. ORTA-LAJO,
SIGNOR MAZZOLENI,
SIGNOR BELLINI,
SIGNOR ANTONUCCI,
SIGNOR LORINI,
SIGNOR BARILI,
HERR MULLER, HERR REICHARDT,
Conductor.....CARL BERGMANN

SATURDAY EVENING, Dec. 2, EXTRA NIGHT.
Second night in America of Meyerbeer's
L'AFRICAINE.
MONDAY EVENING—L'AFRICAINE.
TUESDAY EVENING—MARTHA.
TO THE PUBLIC.

The sale of reserved seats and tickets for THE LAST THREE NIGHTS of L'AFRICAINE, viz.: MONDAY, Dec. 4; WEDNESDAY, 6th, and FRIDAY, 8th, and for TUESDAY'S MARTHA, will commence THIS MORNING at all the ticket offices.

ITALIAN OPERA—L'AFRICAINE.
Choice seats for the African, for
FRIDAY, SATURDAY and MONDAY,
Can be had at No. 63 East 14th-st., corner 4th-av.

IRVING HALL.
THEODORE THOMAS'
SECOND SYMPHONY SOIREE
will take place on
SATURDAY EVENING, Dec. 2, at 8.
SOLOISTS,
Mme. FLEURY-URBAN, Mr. S. B. MILLS.
THE GRAND ORCHESTRA OF SIXTY PERFORMERS
will perform the following works:
SYMPHONY (B Flat Major, Op. 38, No. 1).....SCHUMANN
OVERTURE (Lenora, No. 3).....BEETHOVEN
(and for the first time)
CONCERTO (For Piano, E Flat, Major).....LISZT
Mr. S. B. MILLS and ORCHESTRA.
Tickets, including a Reserved Seat, $1 50.
For sale at Steinway & Sons', Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st.; at Beer & Schirmer's, No. 741 Broadway; at Schuberth & Co.'s, No. 639 Broadway; at Irving Hall, and at Root, Anthony & Co.'s, No. 21 Nassau-st.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.
Fourteenth-st., opposite Academy of Music.
L. B. LENT.....Manager.
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
UNABATED SUCCESS
OF THE
REFINED EQUESTRIAN ENTERTAINMENTS
presented at this elegant establishment under the new management, comprising
DASHING HORSEMANSHIP
AND CLASSIC OLYMPIC GAMES,
in infinite variety, introducing
MR. JAMES ROBINSON,
THE WONDROUS BAREBACK RIDER,
together with his infant son,
LITTLE CLARENCE, THE BABY WONDER,
in conjunction with the
LARGEST AND BEST TROUPE
of equestrians and acrobats ever organized.
PERFORMANCES EVERY NIGHT AT 8.
MATINEES: MATINEES:
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY, AT 2½.

NOW OPEN,
The sixth annual exhibition of
PAINTINGS AND STATUARY
of the
ARTIST FUND SOCIETY,
23d-st., corner of 4th-av.

A CARD.—THE PROFESSORS AND PUPILS OF Mr. Henry Gebhard's Military Academy, No. 161 5th-av., corner of 23d-st., will fence next SATURDAY, Dec. 2, at 8 P. M., with several distinguished officers of the French, Russian, Danish, Prussian, Badish and Saxonian armies, lately all engaged in our army, with foils, rapiers, sabres, bayonets and lances. Tickets 50 cents. Free tickets for officers in uniform.

SHIPPING.

FOR MOBILE DIRECT.
REGULAR LINE.
The first-class steamships
GULF CITY, Capt. JAMES STEWART.
GULF STREAM, Capt. ROBERT MOUNT.
VICKSBURGH, Capt. WILLIAM F. MCCREERY.
MERCEDITA, Capt E. C. WILLIAMS.

The fast-sailing steamship
GULF STREAM
will commence receiving freight on THURSDAY, Nov. 30, and will sail on SATURDAY, Dec. 2, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 22 East River.

For freight or passage, with superior accommodations, apply to SMITH & DUNNING,
No. 65 South-st.

Extra freight will be charged on all goods for which bills of lading are not taken out before the steamer sails.

FOR WILMINGTON, N. C., DIRECT.
ATLANTIC COAST MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
WEEKLY LINE.
RALEIGH, Capt. WALKER,
ADELL, Capt. ——,
The new and elegant side-wheel steamship
RALEIGH,
Capt. WALKER,
is now receiving freight at Pier No. 36 North River, and will sail for the above port on SATURDAY, Dec. 2, at 3 P. M. Steamship ADELL follows Dec. 9.

For freight or passage, having very superior accommodations, apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,
No. 141 Broadway.

Agents at Wilmington, HARRISS & HOWELL, who will forward all goods intended for the interior.

Bills of lading signed on board the vessel.

COMMERCIAL LINE OF U. S. M. STEAMSHIPS
FOR WILMINGTON, N. C.
FAIRBANKS, Capt. ALEX. HUNTER.
WM. P. CLYDE, Capt. JAS. S. ROBBINS.
WASHINGTON, Capt. O. CHICHESTER.

The A 1 steamship WM. P. CLYDE will sail on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 6, at 4 P. M. Superior accommodations for passengers. For freight or passage apply to CHAS. H. PIERSON, No. 77 South-st., or JAMES HAND, No. 117 Wall-st.

RAILROADS.

TRAVELERS, ATTENTION.

INSURANCE TICKETS
covering accidents of every description whilst traveling or otherwise.

$5,000 FOR 25 CENTS PER DAY,
with $25 per week compensation in case of injury.

ISSUED BY THE
NEW-YORK
ACCIDENTAL INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 141 Broadway.
WM. A. BAYLEY, President.
EDWARD GREENE, Secretary.

FOR SALE AT THE TICKET OFFICES OF THE PRINCIPAL HOTELS.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.
FALL ARRANGEMENTS, 1865.
COMMENCING SUNDAY, SEPT. 18.
PASSENGER LINES FOR CAMDEN, MANCHESTER AND LONG BRANCH.

The steamer JESSE HOYT, Capt. SEELY, will leave Pier No. 3 North River, daily, (Sundays excepted,) as follows:

AT 11:45 A. M., EXPRESS LINE FOR CAMDEN DIRECT,
taking passengers for Port Monmouth, Red Bank, Long Branch, Shark River, Farmingdale, Squan, Bricksburg, Manchester, Toms River, Woodmansie, Shamong, Barnegat, Tuckerton, Otsion, Jackson, and all stations on Camden and Atlantic Railroad.

Through to Camden in five hours. Fare $2.

Excursion ticket, good for three days, $3.

At 4:15 P. M., Way Passenger Line for Manchester, Toms River, Long Branch and intermediate stations.

THROUGH FREIGHT LINE CAMDEN AND NEW-YORK.

Leave New-York at 4:15 P. M., arriving at Camden 1:30 P. M. next day.

Leave Camden at 2:30 P. M., arriving at New-York 4 A. M. next day.

Freight taken at low rates. Apply to S. C. HASTY, Local Freight Agent, Red Bank, N. J.
W. S. SNEDEN, Supt.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.

On and after MONDAY, Nov. 6, 1865, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:

7:30 A. M. via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., connecting with trains for North and West.

10 A. M. via Hudson River Railroad, connecting with Northern and Western trains.

11 A. M. via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting with trains for North and West.

3:30 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Troy with train for Montreal, with sleeping-cars attached.

4 P. M. via Harlem Railroad, connecting with Western trains. Sleeping-cars attached at Albany.

6 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad; sleeping-cars from New-York to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change. This train runs on Sundays.

11 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad; with sleeping-cars attached, connecting at Albany and Troy with morning trains for North and West.

WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

PERTH AMBOY & WOODBRIDGE R. R.
From foot of Cortlandt-st., New-York 7 and 10.
Leave New-York for Perth Amboy and Woodbridge—7 and 10 A. M., 2, 4:10 and 5:40 P. M.
Leave Amboy—7:10, 8:45 A. M., 12 M., 3:55, 6:05 P. M.
Leave Woodbridge—7:25, 8:55 A. M., 12:15, 4:10, 6:20 P. M.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., via Pavonia Ferry:

7:00 A. M.—Day Express, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West. Connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:30 A. M.—Milk and Way Train, daily, for Otisville.

10:00 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, Salamanca, and Dunkirk, connecting with Lake Shore and Atlantic and Great Western Railways.

4:00 P. M.—Way Train, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.

5:00 P. M.—Night Express for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West.

6:00 P. M.—Lightning Express, Daily, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West; connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:00 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West.

HUGH RIDDLE, General Superintendent.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent, N. York.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 9:15 A. M., 12:25, 4:25, and 6:2[illegible] P. M. The 9:15 and 4:25 run through to Monsey. On Monday only for Piermont at 9:15 A. M. THOS. W. DEMAREST, Superintendent.

AMUSEMENTS.

WINTER GARDEN.
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
TO-NIGHT,
will be presented, with new scenery, appropriate costumes, &c., the celebrated play, illustrative of
AMERICAN CHARACTER,
AMERICAN SCENES, and
SOUTHERN HOMES,
entitled
THE OCTOROON;
OR, LIFE IN LOUISIANA,
for
THE FIRST TIME,
as remodelled and compressed into four acts by its author,
DION BOUCICAULT,
with
MR. J. S. CLARKE
in his great character,
SALEM SCUDDER,
THE YANKEE OVERSEER.

MISS ROSE EYTINGE.....as ZOE, THE OCTAROON.
Mr. J. G. Hanley.....as.....Wahnotee,
(a Le Pau Indian Chief.)
Mr. John Dyott.....as.....McCloskey.
(the piece of Connecticut hardware.)
Mr. C. Walcot.....as.....Pete, the old Slave.
Mr. Andrews.....as.....Poindexter, the Auct'r.
Mr. Burroughs.....as.....George Peyton.
Mr. H. Bland.....as.....Sunnyside, the Planter.
Miss Andrews.....as.....Madame Peyton, the Southern Lady.
Mrs. C. Walcot, Jr.....as.....Dora Sunnyside, a Southern Belle.

Doors open 7½; commence at 8 o'clock.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Sole Lessee and manageress.....Mrs. JOHN WOOD
Stage Manager.....J. H. SELWYN
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
LAST NIGHT, LAST NIGHT,
OF THE
MAGNIFICENT FAIRY SPECTACLE,
in three parts, entitled,
THE SLEEPING BEAUTY IN THE WOOD,
WITH
MRS. JOHN WOOD
as the PRINCESS IS-A-BELLE.
Received nightly with great applause.

GRAND TRANSFORMATION SCENE BY HAYES,
THE BEAUTIFUL MUSIC BY THOS. BAKER.
THE GRACEFUL DANCES BY MLLE. AUGUSTA,
WONDERFUL MECHANICAL EFFECTS, GORGEOUS APPOINTMENTS,
AND POWERFUL CAST,
have all combined to render it
A GENUINE SUCCESS;
but which must positively be withdrawn this week to allow for the production on
MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 4,
(on an unequaled scale, and at immense expense,) of the great spectacular romance, entitled,
MONTE CRISTO, JR.,
in which that favorite and eminent artist,
Mr. E. L. DAVENPORT,
(who has been expressly engaged to give due effect to this play) will make his first appearance at this theatre.
Doors open at 7½; commence at 7¾.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE.
Sole proprietor.....Mr. J. W. LINGARD
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
The grand spectacular drama of
KENNETH;
OR, THE WEIRD WOMAN OF THE GLEN.
Mr. Walter Grisdale as Kenneth; Weird Woman, Mrs. Jones; Mr. Brookes as Sandy; Miss Hyatt as Evahnd; Mr. W. G. Lingard as Malcolm; Mrs. Brookes as Janet. LARBOARD FIN and LEND ME FIVE SHILLINGS. Great preparation for THANKSGIVING DAY and EVENING.

BRYANT'S.
Mechanics' Hall, No. 472 Broadway, above Grand-st.
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
MONDAY, Nov. 27, and during the week.
First appearance in America of the comic wonder,
LITTLE MAC.
Dan Bryant, the popular comedian, in his inimitable CHALLENGE DANCE and LES MISERABLES.
Carte de Visite, Black Carpet Rag, Black Brigade, Reckon I'm in Luck, Little Mac's Essence, Latest from Paris.
THE LIVE INGIN.
Hunkee Doree, the Live Ingin.....Dan Bryant
Parquet, 50 cents; Gallery, 30 cents. Commence at

STRONG DIVORCE CASE.

Written Confession in Mrs. Strong's Handwriting in Evidence.

Her Letter to Edward Announcing the Discovery.

Evidence of Mrs. Fanny Strong With Full Details of the Confession.

Testimony of Mrs. Benj. Strong and Messrs. Mariner and Robinson.

Great Public Interest Manifested in the Trial.

Before Judge Garvin and a Jury.

Yesterday, the sixth, was an interesting one in the history of the Strong Divorce Case. Judge McCUNN sat with Judge GARVIN part of the time, and many of the most noted lawyers of the city shared the pressure and fearful atmosphere of the court. The veteran Judge HOFFMAN, senior counsel for the plaintiff, sat near the witness-stand during the close examination of his daughter, Mrs. FANNY STRONG, and congratulated her at its close upon the manner in which she sustained the trial. The plaintiff's brothers, BENJAMIN and JAMES, were with him, and the Messrs. JOHN AUSTIN STEVENS were accompanied by their friends.

The direct examination of Mrs. FANNY STRONG was resumed at the opening of the court.

EVIDENCE OF MRS. STRONG.

I remember when James Strong was married; it was in June, 1863; I attended the wedding; so did Mr. Peter Strong and his daughter Mary; don't remember where they went when they left Waverley; Mary was at her mother's; they were at Mrs. Hecksher's; Peter was at home; wedding took place in New-York; Mary was not there; I have received letters from Mary, and know her handwriting; I should say this is her handwriting.

Mr. Graham—One moment; I will examine her as to the handwriting.

To Mr. Graham—I have seen her write; can't say how often, but don't know what; have no idea what; I think a note at the table some time since; I didn't look at the note; didn't notice it particularly; have never seen her write since; have received notes from her; don't know when; three or four in all; one or two from home and others when she was away; the notes were written at Waverley; they were in her handwriting and were signed by her; think I could have sworn to her handwriting; have seen her name in notes; don't know that I ever saw her write before or after; I know that these notes came from her; I swear to the handwriting of these notes.

To the Court—I have written notes to Mary and received answers in reply.

To Mr. Graham—I don't know how often we wrote; it can't have been more than five years since; was away from Waverley when I wrote; I addressed them to Mrs. Peter Strong, Newtown; if any one else had written them for her I should know it; I had seen her write; had not examined the writing particularly; have seen her handwriting; didn't read the notes.

To Mr. Cram—The books were presents to her daughter Mary; I was informed they were presents by Mary.

Mr. Graham—It's all important for us to know whether this is her handwriting, and whether it was forced from her or not. A man in a room with a woman can do a great deal with her, particularly under circumstances like these. The law don't hold a wife responsible for any thing done in the presence of the husband. In a noted case the so-called confession of a wife was excluded by Judge Crawford, on the ground that a husband could throttle anything he wants from his wife. Does this witness show sufficient familiarity with the lady's handwriting? We think not. You may be right in allowing the declarations of this lady to strangers, but not what is said or done in the presence of her husband. Also what transpires when man and wife are in private is secret, is a secret of the marriage, and it would overturn the most sacred relation if we should deny to the marriage the sanctity of absolute privacy. Did this lady write as his letter as a man delivers his purse to the highwayman who threatens his life? Did she do it of her own free will? In this other case the Judge scorned the idea of permitting the confession which was made under similar circumstances.

Judge Garvin—Some of the considerations presented are of great consequence; but the authorities agree that this must be received, and I admit it.

Mr. Graham—Please note then one objection that the wife has been checked out of this paper, and that the evidence is not proper.

Mr. McKeon—We object to this as evidence, on the ground that this is a confession of the wife to her husband. Lord Erskine and Judge Eldon are pretty good authority, and they explicitly reject such matter.

The Court—Let it be read; I will note all exceptions.

Mr. Cram then proceeded to read the

CONFESSION OF MARY.

Mr. Graham—I object to this on the ground that it does not allude to Edward Strong. We have to fight this case in every possible way, and we mean to fight it well. This in no way relates to the case in hand, and there is no charge of adultery with any one except Edward Strong.

Judge Garvin—That will be pertinent at another stage of the case. I note the exception, and permit the reading.

Mr. Cram then read the following

WRITTEN CONFESSION.

The following is freely given to an injured husband by a loving wife, to prove that if at any future time he should be driven by the power of his wretchedness to a course of reckless misery and despair, that my faithlessness has been the whole cause of it. On the evening of Jan. 4, 1864, I made, in the bitterness of my soul, a full and free confession of a course of guilt which had stained my life, and extended over a period of nearly two years.

God's merciful judgment has snapped the cord of iniquity, and His strength has enabled me to confess the crime to him I had wronged, and relieved my conscience of the heavy weight of concealment.

If my husband sinks beneath the blow, and is driven to destruction, I wish to bear the blame; I wish it to be known to all, that he may be excused and shielded from reproach.

May God avert the dreadful issue—send peace to his heart—grant to me a sincere repentance and forgive me.

MARY E. STRONG.

JAN. 6, 1862.

During the reading Mr. Strong was deeply affected.

Mr. Cram—Look at this paper and see if you recognize the handwriting. A.—I do.

Mr. Graham—Is this the handwriting of Mrs. Mary E. Strong? A.—It is.

Q.—Now see if there is the slightest resemblance between it and the other. A.—They are not exactly alike, the first seems to have been written more hastily; the style is not masculine, nor is it a strange one for a female.

Mr. Graham—If your Honor will notice the papers you will see they are in no way alike, and I object as before. The jury will remember that the witness says—that the first was written in a hurry; I think it was; the heading of the note says: "Copy of a letter written in 1862;" but there's no proof that it ever was sent.

Judge Garvin—I admit it.

Mr. Cram then read the following

LETTER FROM MARY TO EDWARD:

Edward N. Strong:

A judgment of God has arrested me in my career of sin, and thrown down the barrier of concealment. My husband knows all. Whatever may be the issue of that knowledge, my affections are again entirely his. I repent bitterly. MARY E. STRONG.

This was written Jan. 16, 1862.

Evidence Resumed—Mary was a professor of religion, member of the church and teacher in Sunday-school; Edward built the school and taught in it; they both went there at 9 on Sundays; Peter didn't go; the Miss Varicks also went, they are not the immediate family; the family went to church at 10 o'clock. Edward was an officer in the church; he was a deacon; he first left for the army in December, 1861; he returned at Christmas from furlough and returned the next day, I think; I recollect her making him a present at the time; it was a wrapper, dressing gown; she had been very busy making the gown for Edward, and excused herself for not being ready to receive me; I lined at the house and so did Edward; it was before Christmas; this was before he left for the army; I saw them talking together in the hall; I remember the baptism of Edith; it was the 5th of July, 1861; Bishop Bedell performed the ceremony; I was godmother and Edward Strong godfather; Mary asked me to stand; the place at Newtown is perfectly healthy; it is on the water; there are full 200 acres.

Cross-examination—I don't know where Edward is now; I saw him two weeks ago; I saw him at Darien, Conn.; he was fishing, riding, driving and walking; he was at a boarding-house kept by Mr. Bell; he used his own name; I met him there and knew he was there; did not go to see him; none of the family were with him; none of his relatives; I went up with my husband to spend the day at his own place; he, Edward, met us at the boarding-house; he knew we were coming; my husband had written to Mr. Adair, his farmer, that he was coming; Edward has been there six months; before that he was at Baltimore and other places; he was at Fortress Monroe; after he left the army he went to Baltimore; don't know any other place nor how long; he was at a hotel, I don't know which; I was at Darien two or three hours; Edward did not come down with us; I don't know whether he is there; we did not go to see him about this trial, nor to talk about it, nor did they have private interviews that I know of; Edward was with my husband all the time; I was with them half the time; they were not alone; Mr. Nevilles was with us; he is a connection of my husband; my husband went to see his place; he had been there many times; he went a week before; he went up almost every week; sometimes I went; none of the brothers went with us; Mrs. Bedell did not go; my brother James did go with him, but only once; that was some time ago; saw Edward three times at Darien; the second time was two or three months before the last; the first was some time before; I always went with my husband; on the previous occasions my own brother went; his name is Murray Hoffman; I met Edward not in a friendly manner; I shook hands with him; didn't ask him how he was; he had been fishing; he was not happy; he was quiet; he was as attractive as ever.

Q.—Did he look like a man whose touch would send a thrill of emotion through a woman's frame? A.—He never looked like that.

Q.—Did he look like an attractive man? A.—Yes; he was quiet; my husband was friendly with him; Edward inquired about the family; we told him how the family were; my husband had received letters from him; so had Mrs. Lynch; none others that I know of; he has not written to his mother; he writes to Benjamin and Mrs. Lynch; Benjamin and Edward were not more intimate than the others; Peter may have known he was there, but I don't know; the fact was not mentioned; Peter has never spoken against him, nor threatened his life, nor spoke of shedding his blood; nor has he spoken well of him; presents have been sent from the family to him; his mother and sister sent them; they were sent about Christmas time; they were eatables I think; the others did not send; he sent none back; when he was in the army, presents were sent; this has been the usual custom; his mother and sister sent them; he used to write occasionally; he wrote to Benjamin and his sister; they answered them.

Q.—How did they commence and end? A.—I saw one or two of them written by him to Benjamin; there was no address; not dear brother, dear Benj, or dear Ben; not your affectionate brother; only Edward; they were not letters of affection; many of them were on business; some not; I saw my husband's letters to him; they had no address; he signed B. W. Strong; my husband was cooler to him at Darien—not so affectionate; his manner before was very warm—it was not so now; he called him "Ed.;" they may have laughed; did not like to tell pleasant stories; it was not disagreeable, but not pleasant; Edward told about his fishing; he did not speak of the Darien society, nor of the success of his attractions; no illusion to his irresistibility among the ladies; Mrs. Bedell has been in New-York twice since July, 1864; it was in August or September, 1864; she came in June, 1865; she staid two weeks, and went home before the 4th of July; she came again in November; have forgotten the date; it was three weeks since; I don't know where she is now; she is not in Boston; she was there; she did not come to attend a wedding; she came with her husband to the convention, and did not come to a wedding; she was at Philadelphia on the 3d of October; she came here on the 28th of October, and staid here and at Waverley three days; this was the latter part of October; she then went to Stratford, Conn.; she saw Edward, but I don't know when; it was this month, at Darien; she went there, and he was there; don't know how long she was there, nor when she went there; she did not write to us that she was there; don't know when she went to Boston; heard from her a few days since; she is somewhere in the Eastern States, at Rhode Island; she wrote a few days since to her mother; don't know that she wrote to Peter; she wrote to Mrs. Lynch; she thinks of coming this way; it was not certain as to how long she would be absent; she expected to stay till December; I first knew this action was to be brought a year ago; that was the first I heard of it; it was talked of before that; it may have been eighteen months ago; can't give any idea; first heard of it from my husband; Mrs. Bedell was not here in June, 1864; she was not here in June, from the 8th to the 17th.

Mr. Graham—You are in error, and doubtless innocently.

Mr. Cram—This is improper.

Mr. Graham—She swears herself that she was here, and I want to call the witness' attention to it, to know whether Mrs. Bedell was not here to be prepared for her evidence.

Q.—Was not she at Waverley from the 8th to the 17th of June, 1864? A.—I can't remember; I don't remember her speaking of an examination at Gambier, nor that she passed more than a week there after; never heard any conversation about the case by her; my husband went to Baltimore in the Spring of 1864 to attend the examination of Edward.

Mr. Cram—This is irrelevant, and I object to it.

The Court—This is a proper question, and I note the exception.

Mrs. Strong resumed—It was in April.

Q.—Who went with?

Mr. Cram—I object.

The Court—Go on.

A.—No one went with him; he was gone two days; he brought no letters from Edward; no members of the family were there besides Edward and Benjamin; Mary came to the house after Edith's death; I don't remember her coming in June; when I saw her she remained there a few hours.

The court here stated that, having an appointment with the other Judges, he should adjourn, taking a recess of thirty minutes. Mrs. Strong went out, attended by Judge Hoffman, her father, by the three Strong brothers and Mr. Cram, and the vast audience slowly dispersed for lunch.

At the

AFTERNOON SESSION,

Mrs. Strong was recalled.

CONTINUATION OF MRS. STRONG'S EVIDENCE.

Mary made another visit; it might have been in August; she stayed a few hours and was seen by the family; she had dinner with the family; she was not then living at Islip; she was, on one occasion, not the first time after Edith's death; she was there—I didn't see her; when she came she did not kiss me; she did on one occasion; probably she kissed me on every occasion; she did not; compel me to receive a kiss; she kissed me; I do not remember when they went to Lennox; it was July, I think; don't know whether before or after the Fourth, nor when they returned; Ed. was at Harvard while they were away; he went to Newport for a while; he stayed there some time; don't know how long he was away; Peter was at Waverley, after his return from Lennox, two months; I don't recollect; never heard him and his wife talk about housekeeping; I visited at East Twenty-first street occasionally until they left; I do not go to Islip, nor at Mrs. Steven's house, nor elsewhere; was not intimate with her; nor any friend; she was more intimate with Mrs. Lynch; there was no other daughter-in-law; I am a daughter of Judge Hoffman; she was intimate with Mrs. Lynch; no strong attachment; they occasionally went from one room to another; her intimacy with Mrs. Lynch lasted until the latter part of 1862; I saw Mrs. Bedell with Mary; they were not very intimate; knew of no ill feeling between them; never heard Mrs. Bedell speak ill of her, nor of her being fashionable, nor "any;" there was intimacy between Mary and the ladies of the family; she received visitors; the neighbors called up to the time of her leaving there; old Mrs. Strong was accompanied by Benjamin and myself and a cousin at Jullien's Hotel; there was not the least ill feeling against Mary; no one spoke unfavorably of her as a proud, overbearing woman; never heard any attack upon her character; I have heard the family speak of her as changeable; don't know by whom or where; have forgotten who said it; don't remember there was any conversation; don't remember where it was said or when, or how long after I entered the family; I was friendly to her; never heard them suggest that she was better born, or that she came from a proud and pretending family; I first thought of Edward's intimacy in the Spring of 1861; I lived there since the Fall of 1860; I did not tell any one; don't remember how long I had been there before I spoke of it; don't know that I ever mentioned it; I may have spoken to my husband; never told him not to tell Peter; there was no secrecy about it; the first thing I saw I can't remember; I had seen them riding and driving together constantly; don't know where Peter was; they were constantly doing so; they were more intimate, I think, in this Spring; I noticed it more then, as I saw her coming from his room at that time; I saw her making signals for him to follow; there was nothing wrong if they were pure beneath; don't know when I first saw them; saw them several times; they were in the first floor hall; can't say at what time; she was going out of the door; she had a hat on; don't remember the dress, or whether there was an equipage; I think not; or what the weather was; at the first signal I thought they were too intimate; she went out of the door; I think Edward followed her; I saw him follow her; I don't know when this was, or whether the family were there, or whether they were coming out from dinner; I didn't follow them with my eye; can't swear he followed her; saw no other signals; don't know where Peter was; didn't tell him of the signals; there was no reason why I should tell him; didn't think much of it at the time; I thought they were too often together; I still thought them pure; I was first informed of this by Mary's own confession in March, 1863; I first saw her about Edward's room in 1861; don't know at what intervals; it was in the day time; others were not there; it was in the morning; I thought there was too much intimacy then; don't know whether the signals were before or after this; have seen other male members in the room of Mrs. Bedell, who was an invalid; sometimes they were in my room; Peter and Edward were there once or twice; I saw Mary open the door and come out; didn't see who was in there, nor do I know whether Edward was in or not; Edward could have come out first if the coast was clear; Peter was kind and attentive to his wife; I never noticed it particularly; he was home more than he was away; it is not so if any one has testified to it; he returned at different hours, generally about 5 o'clock; never noticed his attentions particularly; he amused himself with his children; he drove seldom; he walked with his wife and children; don't know how often he took them; never saw them get into the boat, nor in the boat; he passed a great deal of his time with his children; the governess had the children part of the day; I can't swear that I saw him every day; his disposition was occasionally disturbed; he was never grouty; don't know that he was morose; he never spent days in an unpleasant mind; he was not sour; he was occasionally ruffled and out of humor; don't know how often or how long they lasted; don't know what portion of the wardrobe of Mary came from her father; she seldom came by the cars to the city; she came up very often; don't know how often she came; she brought the children in the carriage, not in the cars; never knew her to walk to or from the depot, or to bring bundles in her arms, or that she was in delicate health and had to carry packages and take care of the children; there was a cabinet of curiosities in Mary's room; there were no firearms; there was a dagger; no different kinds of arms; have seen very few rooms furnished so well; there was a very small and handsome cabinet, but no revolvers nor weapons of war; the only thing I remember was a dagger; there was a variety of things; no shells, no images, no javelins, no mummies, no stuffed birds or animals; nothing unpleasant to look at, or unsuited to the delicacy of a female; the cabinet was small; I don't know how high or broad; there are two shelves below and two above, and glass doors; there were beautiful pictures on the wall, portraits, &c.; nothing cruel or ferocious in man or beast; they are pictures of animals—dogs I believe, landscapes, &c.; a portrait of Cenci, but I remember nothing else; I don't know the moral of the picture; never read Shelley's tale; don't know that it was based on the story of incest between father and daughter; she had the third story room before I went there; I don't know why she had it; there was no reason why Edward couldn't have gone up and she come down; don't remember about the ceiling; there is a garret over the third story; the house peaks up a little; the garret extends out; there was quite a space where they put lumber; have sat in Mary's room on a warm day; don't know how often; never heard Mary complain of the heat or cold; the children were occasionally sick; I know Dr. Trask; he visited them; he did not complain of the room; Mr. Strong bought her a horse; I don't know when; it was a fine bay horse; he bought it for her and gave it to her; it was driven to a wagon; it was not constantly driven to a wagon; I saw the coachman ride it; never saw any one else use it; it was a gay horse; don't know that it threw any one; there was another horse brought there; I don't know when; it was a long time before Mary left; didn't hear Peter say it was his wife's horse; I saw her ride the second horse, but don't know how often; the last horse did not throw her; I heard that the first horse threw her; there was no objection to the second horse; never heard of her having to get out of the wagon to save her neck; nor of her refusing to ride behind his unsafe horses; don't remember whether mother came to see her; she staid one day; one sister was there a few nights; the other two or three days; don't know whether it was before I had seen Mary at Edward's room, or whether I had seen the signals; was on good terms with her sister; I didn't tell her about the signals; don't remember that the sister came again soon, nor that the same sister was there twice; the last visit was before she went to Lenox; don't know how long; did not speak to Edward or the mother about the intimacy; don't know who told mother, or that Mrs. Bedell had spoken to Edward to restrain the intimacy; I don't remember that Edward said he had but six hours' leave, and could only stay one hour; his brief stay was necessitated by his leave; didn't know that he knew Peter was at church, or that Edward braved meeting him; Peter went before 9, Edward came after 9 and left at 10½; he came in a carriage and went away in one; I saw him but was not present when he came; he did not kiss me; I shook hands with him; have never heard Peter speak disrespectfully of religion.

Mr. Cram—Well, now, *is* this necessary or proper?

Mr. Graham—Certainly it is. They have, under religious pressure, sworn away this lady's character, and I am bound to question as closely as I can. If I didn't I ought to be lynched.

Evidence resumed—Mary went with him and the governess; don't know that Mary and Edward had a quarrel; they didn't speak on one or two occasions; they spoke afterward; I noticed this at table; I heard no remarks about it; I don't remember whether this was before or after the room or the signals, or how long after I thought they were too intimate; I may have mentioned it, but I don't know; Mary came to see me at Jullens' Hotel in the morning; I think I had not called on her; she heard that we were coming to stay there; I presume she knew of it; I did not call and invite her to come; we were not very intimate; she had called at my father's house after my marriage once or twice; I did not know she was coming at this time; I don't know where Peter was or who was there or where I had seen Peter; I may have seen him that morning; I did not talk with him about this case then or before; I did not then know what had happened, or that she was charged with improper conduct; Mrs. Strong and Mrs. Lynch went out; they had an engagement, and excused themselves; they were going out on the street; we were in a private parlor; there was no understanding between us; I don't remember whether they kissed each other or were affectionate; they talked pleasantly; Mary did not ask me to keep a seat; I did not promise not to tell what she said; there was no secresy; she started the conversation; she had never talked so with me before; she was not hysterical or desperate; she was excited and shedding tears, but not before they went out; she began to cry when she began to talk; I did not tell her that she would better not tell me; she was weeping, but not excited nor in intense grief; I thought it strange that she should tell me this; I told my husband that evening; this was before my husband went on to Baltimore.

To a Juror—I don't know that Edward was sworn at all in Baltimore.

To Mr. Graham—My husband was not in the hotel; I had seen him in the morning; I knew of no arrangement to get Mary to the hotel; she was there three-quarters of an hour; I told my husband in the evening; I told no one else; I saw Peter again that day before I saw Benjamin; I did not tell him then nor at any time; I laid no secresy on my husband; Mary said: "Fanny, I suppose you know all;" I said I did not; I only knew that something terrible had happened; she said, "Yes, indeed, it is terrible; so terrible that my husband might get a divorce if he wished to;" she said, "I do not know how I came to commit the crime or to make the confession; I am willing to submit to anything, or to make any arrangement he sees fit to make; I would like to have a conversation with your husband upon the subject; I only hope for mercy, and that I shall be allowed to see my children occasionally; I would go away—I would go to live with my aunt or anywhere, if I may only be permitted to see my children;" we were interrupted by a visitor; it was Mrs. James Strong; we went into the next room, and Mrs. Strong remained in the parlor; we retired into Peter's room; he was living there, but was not there at that time; I did not excuse myself; the visitor was sent in after we retired; she heard the conversation with the servant; we were in the bedroom four or five minutes; Mary was then sobbing; she was not then more excited, she spoke of separation from her children with extreme agony; the subject distressed her, of course; there were no lawyers; I had no motive for the conversation; I had a curiosity to know it; she said she had lived for eighteen months as Edward Strong's wife; "I have sinned; I don't ask you to speak to me, or write to me, or to visit me; I would like to have your husband come to see me to make arrangements; no one has cast the first stone at me yet, but I know not when they will;" this is as near as I remember the conversation; I remember her reason for confessing to me; I omitted it yesterday after I returned; I did not tell any one; I did intend to tell it to-day if I had an opportunity; she didn't say a word of the husband's neglect, or scanting of her means, or of her self-denial; I have stated all this as it passed; I have lived, she said, for eighteen months as Ed Strong's wife; she didn't say what eighteen months, when they commenced or when they ended; while I was at Jullien's Peter was there; he was away one or two nights; I don't know which nights; Mr. James Strong was married in 1863; I had seen Mary in April before; I went to the wedding, so did Peter and his daughter; bridal presents were not sent in the name of Peter and wife; he sent a piece of silver, a vase I think; I don't know who sent it nor what message accompanied it; a card was on it marked Mr. Peter Strong; I saw it at the time of the ceremony; the vase had his card with it; I don't know how the vase was marked; I think there was no mark; I saw the vase at the wedding; I saw it at the store, a few days before; Peter was there, and Benjamin; it was bought at Tiffany's or Ball & Black's, in June, 1863; I think the first paper was written hurriedly, because it was carelessly written; I think it was well composed; I don't think it looks as if it was copied; it looks as if she was rather excited; I think it was composed as it was written; she was intelligent enough to compose that paper and express it as well as that; there is nothing masculine in it, nor such phrases as a woman would not be likely to use; I don't understand what special pleading is; I don't think there is any special pleading about this paper.

Q.—Does the signature on that paper and the date appear to have been put there at one and the same time that the body was written? A.—Yes; the pen that wrote the one wrote it all I should say; the second paper may appear to have been written at the same time, but I can't say; according to my best judgment I can't say that these papers were written at the same time, or that they were not; I have seen them before; it was some time ago, a month or so, I saw them at home; my husband showed them; it was to see if I knew the handwriting; they all know her handwriting; Mrs. Bedell was not there when I was shown the papers; they were left with me a short time; no one was present; they were put into the wardrobe by my husband, and I examined them alone after tea in my room; I have also examined them, I think, in the daytime, but I don't remember it; I did not see them before they were presented here; I don't know that Edward has answered the note, or that it was sent to him; Edward and Peter have had no correspondence about this matter, nor have they ever met since the discovery of this matter; I don't know where those papers were written; I was alone when Mary told me about the dressing gown in her bedroom; she didn't tell me not to repeat it; there was no secrecy about it; I should have told my husband about it I suppose; I mentioned it to my husband and to Peter; I thought it was very unnecessary when it was done; I didn't think there was anything wrong in it then; I do now; my mind changed when I heard the disclosures; that was in March, 1863; I have never made presents to the gentlemen of the family, nor they to me; the family have exchanged presents; old Mrs. Strong always makes presents; when Edward dined at New-York at Christmas, in 1861, he stayed till evening; it was in the early part of December; we were all there; there was no change between Peter and Edward then; don't know whether Peter invited Edward to the house; I was there two or three hours; Edward was staying there at that time; he was there a day or two I think, perhaps longer; I saw him when he came on at Christmas; he stayed one day and night; Mrs. Mary S. was not there then; never heard Ed called Mary's lover; when Edith was christened we were all in the parlor; Bishop Bedell performed the ceremony; Edward was an officer in the church before I was married, and until he went to the war; it is the Dutch Reformed Church at Newtown; Mary went to the same; they went at nine and returned at one; they went in a wagon—his generally; Peter went to the same church every Sunday; it was two miles from the house; he would go at ten; they didn't go in the afternoon; I don't know how they passed the afternoon; in the evening we had church at home; Mary officiated sometimes, at others Mrs. Lynch; the Deacon would read a prayer; there was a sermon, singing and prayer; Edward generally read on Sunday nights; as an officer of the church he did not officiate at sacrament; I went to church once or twice; I never knew Edward to be engaged in other devotions; none of his own; there was no objection to his being godfather to Edith; Peter did not read prayers; there was no particular form; did not hear Edward ask to stand as godfather; Mrs. Mary never visited my husband when he was ill in bed; she was away when he was ill; never saw Mary in tears at the table in April, 1861, or at any other time; I communicated the fact of seeing Mary come from Edward's room to my husband; Peter went to Lake Superior in 1864 on a fishing excursion with Robert Roosevelt; I never read a book called *Superior Fishing*, have heard of it; did not know that it describes Peter as a gay fellow.

DON PEDRO TURNS UP.

Q.—Is not the name by which Peter goes Don Pedro? A.—I never heard it.

Mr. Graham—Don Pedro is a gay fellow.

Evidence resumed—I didn't know that Mary sent a present to Mrs. James Strong, as if from Mary, the daughter; I saw the gift at the same store where I saw Peter's gift; they were two small vases, accompanying the large vase sent by her father.

Q.—What was the terrible thing you mentioned? A.—I had not heard of anything terrible.

Q.—Was that a fact, then? A.—It was.

Q.—What happened? A.—I did not then know.

Q.—Why did you use those words then? A.—Because I knew that something had happened from a conversation with my husband before we left home; it was a few days before we were at the St. Jullien; he he did not tell me what it was.

Q.—What did he say? A.—He said he didn't want to tell me exactly, but that something dreadful had happened; he had had a talk with Peter and was quite excited, so that I knew something had happened; he didn't tell me what it was; I at once communicated with Mary Strong; Mary left before the visitor went off; she was not seen by her; she was crying when she ceased talking; I think she went right out—not with *red* eyes; she had been crying; I know where Benjamin got these papers; they were sent to him by the counsel; Peter had them; I don't know how long a time; Mr. Cram sent them, I believe, to my husband.

Redirect—Before Edward was at Darien my husband went there every week in Summer; I knew that my husband was appointed Edward's agent when he went to the war; Peter was the agent before the discovery; Edward's business, mentioned in the letters to my husband, were about his houses and property; Mrs. Bedell has been an invalid for years, and has been delicate for a very long time; she can't get about easily; she is very quiet, and passes most of the time on the sofa; her room was on the first floor, because she has difficulty in going up and down; she is generally assisted; she has been so ever since I have known her, and before that; Bishop Bedell's sister lives at Stratford; he is with his wife; he is there collecting money for his church at Gambier; Mary gave me the reason for the confession.

Mr. Graham—I object to this.

The Court—You are entitled to the whole conversation, and to this it explains any part of it.

Mr. Cram—I know nothing of it, and won't press it.

Q. What is this portrait of the Cenci? A.—I understand it is a copy from Guido; there's nothing but the head of a woman.

To Mr. Graham—I know that Peter was appointed Edward's agent when he went to the war, and the agency was changed after the discovery—about a month; I don't know whether he did anything under it; Edward is 38 years of age; Peter is 42; Edward's home was at Waverley up to the time of the war; he was on Gen. Foster's staff at Monroe and Hilton Head; James was on the same staff after Edward; he went very shortly; it was before Benjamin went to Baltimore in 1862; Benjamin did not see James in Baltimore; they were on the same staff during the war; no, they were separated for some time, I think a year; they did'nt return to the same staff; they were there together some time, two years or more, I dont remember; James went to the staff of Gen. Palmer.

EVIDENCE OF JAMES MARINER.

I served a *habeas corpus* on Mrs. Strong; this is it; I served it on the 4th of June, 1864.

EVIDENCE OF CHAS. F. SANFORD.

I acted for Mr. Strong in regard to this writ of *habeas corpus*.

Q.—Did Mrs. Strong obey the writ.

Mr. Graham—She did not. She obeyed a higher law, and I honer her for it.

Mr. Cram—A higher law? I'd like to have that as evidence. We obey the present law.

A.—She did not appear, nor produce the child.

To Mr. McKeon—Proceedings were taken in the case; testimony was taken in the matter; proceedings were taken against the lady; the Sheriff received the attachment; it was issued by our firm and I presume it was done by our managing clerk; I can't fix the date of delivery without referring to my books; it may be still out but I think it was produced on the day of return; the days I can't remember; the return was fixed at a distance of several days; I can't remember the circumstances; I did nothing to drive Mrs. Strong out of the jurisdiction; she had gone before the papers were issued.

Q.—Did the Sheriff find Mrs. Strong? A.—Not to my knowledge.

Q.—Did she ever appear. A.—Never.

Mr. Cram—I now offer the writ of *habeas corpus* as evidence.

Mr. Cram then read the usual form of a writ, which was served on John Austin Stevens and his daughter, Mrs. Mary Stevens Strong, which was not obeyed.

Mr. McKeon—Where is that return? There was a paper attached to that writ *torn off in the presence of the court.*

Mr. Cram—Yes, Sir; torn off in the presence of the court.

Mr. McKeon—We want the whole of that paper, Sir.

Mr. Cram—Very well; get it. If I am not to be treated as a gentleman, I shall not go out of my way to accommodate you. The records of the Sheriff's office are as accessible to you as to me.

Judge Garvin—The court stands adjourned until 11 o'clock on Friday morning.

Sale of Vessels at the Brooklyn Navy-yard.

At 12 o'clock yesterday a large sale of surplus vessels took place at the Navy-yard. The attendance was large, and among those present we noticed several ex-rebel officers. The bidding was spirited, and some of the vessels brought more than their appraised value. The *Grand Gulf* was appraised at $78,000, but was sold at $86,000. The *Wando* and *Banshee* were sold at much less than their value, while the gunboats of the *Winona* class brought considerably more than was expected. The following is the result:

Vessel.	Price.	Name of Purchaser.
Pembina	$14,100	N. Gibson.
Kennebec	13,500	Y. H. Brown.
Itasca	15,200	Y. H. Brown.
Katahdin	13,400	M. Conklin.
Winona	20,500	C. W. Copeland.
Chippewa	16,200	G. Quintard.
Pinola	17,600	C. W. Cope and.
Grand Gulf	86,000	C. Comstock & Co.
Huntsville	33,000	Russel Sturgess.
Virginia	20,000	Peirce Brothers.
Banshee	17,500	Smallwood & Co.
Ben Morgan	5,200	A Hamill.
Arletta	9,000	McCready & Co.
Wando	30,200	U. Allen.
Victoria	5,400	L. A. Eldridge.
Poppy	7,700	Mr. Farrington.
Calypso	25,600	Woodruff & Beach.
Antona	15,100	C. P. Dodge.
Gertrude	13,100	Geo. Wright.
Preston	17,200	C. W. Copeland.
Lillian	28,500	Russel Sturgess.
Adela	21,000	U. Allen.
Roman	4,600	A. Hamill.
Total	$450,400	

Markets by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Thursday, Nov. 30.

FLOUR dull. WHEAT declined 1c.@3c.; sales at $1 32@$1 32½ for No. 1, and 87c.@88c. for No. 2. CORN dull, and declined 4c.@6c.; sales at 40c. for No. 1, and 38c. for No. 2. OATS dull. HIGHWINES dull. PROVISIONS dull and unchanged. HOGS moderately active, at 7¾c.@9c. for good to choice. RECEIPTS—3,500 bbls. Flour, 35,000 bushels Wheat, 32,000 bushels Corn, 21,000 bushels Oats. SHIPMENTS—1,900 bbls. Flour, 21,000 bushels Wheat, 15,000 bushels Corn.

BUFFALO, Thursday, Nov. 30.

FLOUR dull and unchanged. WHEAT dull and lower; No. 1 Milwaukee Spring, offered at $1 58. CORN dull at 65c. Other grains nominal. WHISKY nominal at $2 31. PORK, $29@$30. LARD, 25c. IMPORTS—4,021 bbls. Flour, 46,300 bushels Wheat, 18,500 bushels Corn, 68,760 bushels Oats, 6,045 bushels Barley, 52,000 bushels Rye.

MONTREAL, Thursday, Nov. 30.

Market quiet, and tending downward. FLOUR—Super Extra, $7 60@$7 60; Extra, $7@$7 10; Pendy, $6 50@$6 60; No. 1 Canada Wheat, $5 00@$6; Western, $5@$5 90. WHEAT—Canada, $1 20@$1 25; Western, $1 20@$1 22. OATS 32c.@33c. BARLEY, 60c.@65c.

OSWEGO, Thursday, Nov. 30.

FLOUR 25c.@50c. lower; sales 1,300 bbls. WHEAT dull and market easy; sales 1,400 bushels White Canada at $2 30. CORN quiet. BARLEY quiet and lower; sales 2,300 bushels prime Canada at $1 12. RYE quiet and lower; Canada held at 96c. PEAS quiet. FREIGHTS quiet. Through shipments are about closing. Imports unimportant, owing to unfavorable winds. EXPORTS—3,300 bbls. Flour, 17,600 bushels Wheat, 5,800 bushels Peas.

TORONTO, Thursday, Nov. 30.

FLOUR—Super $5 50@$6, Extra $6 50@$7, Double Extra $7 50@$7 75. WHEAT—Fall $1 20@$1 25, Spring $1 10@$1 20. BARLEY 68c.@70c. OATS 32c.@35c. PEAS 60c.@65c. RYE 53c.@56c.

BALTIMORE, Thursday, Nov. 30.

FLOUR firm for high grades; nothing doing in common qualities. WHEAT dull and declined 2c.@3c. CORN active, but declined 1c.@2c. at the close. OATS steady. PROVISIONS dull and nominal. SUGAR dull and heavy. CLOVER SEED in fair demand, but unchanged. WHISKY firm; Western, $2 35.

[Advertisement.]

TAMPERING WITH THE TEETH

Is madness. Avoid the corrosive dentifrices; submit to no scraping; use nothing but SOZODONT. Orient herbs are its ingredients. It preserves the enamel; it removes all impurities; it strengthens the gums; it deodorizes a tainted breath; it is harmless as water and more valuable than its weight in gold.

[Advertisement.]

A SPLENDID INVENTION FOR THE LADIES.—Mme. DEMOREST's universal Patent Hair Curler comprises a tube having a fountain, which is filled with boiling water; curls the hair beautifully, without the possibility of scorching or injury to the hair. Price $1 50. Sold wholesale and retail at Mme. DEMOREST's Emporium of Fashions, No. 473 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

SUPERFLUOUS.—"To gild refined gold, to paint the lily, to cast a perfume o'er the violet," were no more "wasteful and ridiculous excess" than to speak in commendation of KNOX'S Winter Hats, sold at No. 533 Broadway, under the Prescott House. Go, see, admire, buy and be comfortable, handsome and happy.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

Passengers Sailed.

In steamship South America, for St. Thomas, Rio Janeiro, &c.—S. G. Pond, Alfonso Hall, Horatio Ramos, G. Sesselberg, Mrs. Kellogg and 3 children, M. M. Tirado, T. Tolosa and family, G. W. Smith, E. Fales, N. Uribi, A. Campa, F. S. Moore and wife, Dr. Woodworth and wife, H. Wells and family, W. H. Norris and friend, J. Hutchinson, wife and nurse, A. S. Van Blarcom and wife, A. Fitzgerald, W. H. Parsons, Anthony Woolley, Samuel Aberdasham, Mrs. Capt. Patterson and family, J. A. Roussel, F. E. Cloutier and wife, H. Danseran, P. Danseran, C. J. Harrah, Mrs. Wright and son, Miss Alexander, C. B. Greenough, H. S. Stevens, P. B. Hockaday, F. S. Macias, S. Caymari.

Passengers Arrived.

NOV. 30—*In steamship Pennsylvania, from Liverpool*—Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Petee and family, Mrs. and Miss Ballantine, Mrs. and Master Chapin, Wm. Hember, Miss Catharine Huntington, H. E. Scudder, Mrs. Sutherland, Miss Murray, Capt. Porter, Capt. Charles Turner, Mr. M. Witham.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 7 05 | Sun sets..... 4 34 | Moon sets.... 5 25
Sandy Hook.. 6 03 | Gov. Island. 6 52 | Hell G